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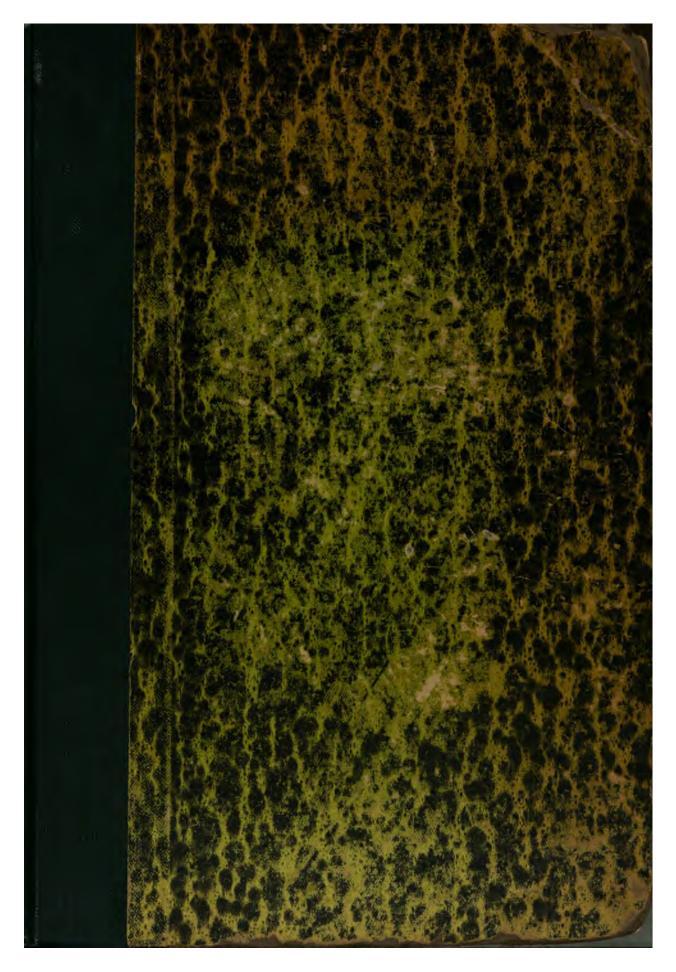
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HORUS IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

A DISSERTATION

SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF THE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF ARTS
AND LITERATURE IN CANDIDACY FOR THE DEGREE
OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

(DEPARTMENT OF SEMITICS)

BY
THOMAS GEORGE ALLEN

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MY PARENTS

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PREFACE

During my studies at the University of Chicago I have become deeply indebted to various members of the Semitic faculty: Messrs. Price, Willett, J. M. P. Smith, Luckenbill. To Professor Breasted in particular, under whom all the work in my principal subject has been done, I owe thanks not only for the stimulus imparted in his classes and for the use of his Pyramid Texts manuscript, but also for the inspiration of close personal contact and friendship.

THOMAS GEORGE ALLEN

CHICAGO 1915 elements. I then made for myself a complete version of the Pyramid

All occurrences of divine names and epithets were next listed. Differentiation of independent deities from the mass proved a rather arbitrary matter. Not only do various types of supernatural beings appear, from the great cosmic powers down to representatives of the animal and vegetable world,4 geographic incarnations,5 and even inanimate objects,6 but epithets or apparent epithets often stand in place of names. It was finally decided to consider primarily:

- 1. Terms regularly used as principal designation of well-known deities.
- 2. Terms apparently used as principal designation of less-known deities, whether traceable to epithetical origin or not.
- 3. Names of celestial bodies, animals, and serpents, appearing as supernatural agents.

The following classes were among those set aside:

- 1. Group-designations.
- 2. Names of barques and crowns (unless supernatural serpentelement be involved).
- 3. Terms whose formation or use suggests merely epithetical function, whether or not the deity to whom they apply be determinable. Two special types of this class are: (a) epithets in form of prepositional phrases; (b) epithets used as mystic names only.

An index of all occurrences in the Pyramid Texts of divine names selected on the foregoing basis forms an appendix to this dissertation.

With the excessive wealth of material which even this selected list revealed, the original plan was, however, found to be too comprehensive for the purposes of a thesis. The god Horus, then, or rather the group of Horuses, has formed the main subject of investigation for the present.7a

In arriving at the translations which lie back of the Horuscitations, it became painfully evident that, apart from their archaic character, the Pyramid Texts, though engraved for the king himself, are by no means free from the textual corruptions so common in later

⁶ E.g., serpents, $knmw \cdot t$ -bird, y^3m - and nb t-trees of Pyr. 808, etc. ⁸ E.g., $Ymn \cdot t$, "the West," in Pyr. 282 and 284.

⁶ E.g., the Northern crown under various names in Pyr. 196.

⁷ As e.g., Dhwty, Nhb-k3·w, Hnty-ymnty·w.

⁷⁴ G. Van der Leeuw's more general study of the Godsvoorstellingen in de oudaegyptische pyramidetexten (Leiden, Brill, 1916) came to my attention while my own work was in the press.

days. The signs k and nb are often confused,⁸ but fortunately cause little difficulty. Dittography⁹ or omission¹⁰ of even whole phrases appears; sometimes even one element of a pun is lost.¹¹ Again, just as the pointing has occasionally obscured the sense of a Hebrew passage, wrong determinatives have sometimes found a place in these pyramid copies of more ancient texts.¹² More serious corruptions occur, such as that of $T^3y \cdot t$ in Pyr. 2074 (cf. 1794), where the parallelism of two or more bits of text is not so readily discoverable or where no parallel exists. To such scribal errors as these are probably due many of the passages which now defy translation.

Accurate interpretation is made difficult also by the fact that personal pronouns are often used ambiguously; and, worst of all, the being to whom a pronoun refers may even be left entirely unnamed, so that the reader naturally connects the pronoun with the last suitable noun preceding, until some parallel phrase is noticed which reveals his error.

Through the grouping together of like statements in this dissertation and in contemplated future treatment of other gods besides Horus, textual criticism may, it is hoped, be somewhat assisted; but the primary effort has been to set down the tenor of the texts as they now stand.¹⁴

The solar element in Horus clearly predominates. The only Horuses named in as many as five Pyr. paragraphs are:

| | Number of Paragraph |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Harakhte | 30 |
| 2. Hr šsmty | 11? |
| 3. Eastern Horus | 10 |
| 4. Horus of Dewat | 9 |
| 5. Horus of the Gods | 7 |
| 6. Hr &pd | 5? |

⁸ E.g., Pyr. 2075.

11 E.g., Pyr. 51cW.

¹⁰ Cf. Pyr. 829 with 836.

[•] E.g., Pyr. 385P.

¹² Certainly so, for example, in one of the texts of Pyr. 1227 (F 97) and in 21b; probably so in 472 (E 112).

 $^{^{13}}$ Certainly so in Pyr. 249 (F 153), cf. 614 (F 154); probably so in parts of the offering ritual, cf. F 106 ff.

¹⁴ A detailed outline of the classification is included in the Table of Contents. The grouping of citations in the various subdivisions depends chiefly on alphabetic order of Egyptian key-words, in connection with sequence of paragraphs in Sethe's text. As the headings cannot be made mutually exclusive, cross-references to more extended statements are frequent. The king, whether representing Osiris or not, is treated independently; and, where the key-words are divine names, the king comes last.

Breasted¹⁵ has already indicated the celestial nature of Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 5. Dewat too in this age is a quasi-celestial region, ¹⁶ and *Hr spd* in the Pyramid Texts is mentioned in celestial connections exclusively. The less common epithets of Horus are likewise largely celestial, as is his habitat.

On the other hand, the genealogy of Horus is almost as wholly Osirian as his physical nature is human. It is, however, stated that Horus, son of Osiris, is also son of Hathor; Hr spd came forth from the king (=Osiris) and Isis-Sothis; and the cloud-lord Orion, once called father of Horus, is in Pyr. 819 identified with Osiris and is several times connected with him. These few cases form but a slender link between the celestial Horus and the terrestrial Osiris; it must be noted too that the Orion connection is obtained only by moving Osiris skyward.

The most detailed myth traceable is that which records how Horus was born to Isis in Khemmis, fought with Set in his young manhood, and after recovering his eye,²¹ which Set had taken and swallowed, bestowed it upon his father Osiris. The judicial proceedings which ensued at Heliopolis seem to have been a trial of Horus himself,²² or again to have concerned the eye.²³ They resulted in any case in the defeat of Set.

Hostility between Horus and the dead appears in only three incidents: The king comes to Nut, having shaken off Horus behind him;²⁴ Re does not let Horus and Osiris gain control over the king's heart;²⁵ and one Horus warns away from the king's pyramid the protégés of another Horus, a comrade of Set, Osiris, etc.²⁶ Elsewhere, Horus is rather called upon to aid the dead king, not only by such offices as the myth assigned him on behalf of Osiris, but in many purely solar connections, especially noticeable in the sections on purification,²⁷ ascent,²⁸ deification,²⁹ and rule.³⁰ Moreover, the celestial Horus

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13 Development of Religion and Thought, pp. 154 ff.
14 Breasted, op. cit., p. 144, n. 2.
17 C 10. 18 C 19. 19 C 11. 28 Pyr. 186, 882-83, 925, 959-60.
18 A solar touch in Pyr. 670 (F 42) is that Horus "circled about 'in search of' his eye."
18 G 44, 54.
19 F 72, 48, 59, 100. On the judgment see also G 57-58.
14 Pyr. 250 (C 72).
15 Pyr. 145-46 (C 59; E 178-79).
16 Pyr. 1264-74 (E 180-81).
17 E 94 ff. 29 E 108 ff. 29 E 121 ff.
18 E 142-45; note also E 150, 160, 166, 170, 173.
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is utilized in magic rites: "charms of Harakhte" must be learned;²¹ Re and Horus together are involved in a serpent-charm;³² and Horus, Isis, and Atum restrain a (celestial?) bull (from harming the king).³³

The actual god might not be present to assist the dead. But he was in many cases impersonated by the officiating priest. Parallel to the instances³⁴ in which Horus is said to bestow his eye (representing various offerings) upon the king are others in which an unnamed "I" (presumably the priest) likewise presents the eye of Horus.³⁵ The king is here regularly called Osiris. This "I" occasionally calls himself "Horus" and even "thy son Horus." So the Osirian relationship of father and son was re-enacted between the participants in the mortuary ritual.

As the priest's services for the dead symbolized those of Horus for his father Osiris, so the eye of Horus, the gift of which was involved in the myth, was first transformed into a symbol for any form of mortuary offering. Then the mortuary functions of Horus were delegated to his eye in its various capacities: the eye could avenge the deceased, help him ascend, etc., as had Horus himself. The eye of Horus was further identified with the sun, and, like Horus himself, endowed with human form. Lastly, the deceased king's own person, so often identified with Horus, became identified likewise with the magic Horus-eye.

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<sup>24</sup> Pyr. 855-56 (D 223).
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[≈] F 214-21.

²² Pyr. 673 (D 249).

^{*} Pyr. 11 and 905.

^{*} Pyr. 1302 (D 151).

²⁷ Pyr. 69.

²⁴ Summarized in E 176.

^{*} See summary after F 423.

[≈] See F 228 ff.

^{*}Pyr. 698N (F 280), either an instance of identification of Re and Horus or a further case of the eye assuming place originally belonging to Horus himself.

⁴ Pyr. 2088 and 2090 (F 318-19).

⁴ F 130.

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Arabic numbers cited alone or following the word "Pyr." refer to the paragraphs in Sethe, Die altägyptischen Pyramidentexte, corresponding also to the Zettel-numbers of the Berlin Dictionary. Small letters occasionally following these numbers indicate individual lines of Sethe's paragraphs. The capital letters W, T, P, M, and N sometimes added are conventional abbreviations for the names of the builders of the respective pyramids; they serve to distinguish parallel texts. To avoid confusion, no citations have been made by Spruchnumbers.

Arabic numbers preceded by one of the capital letters A-H refer to other portions of the thesis itself.

Titles of books and periodicals are, it is thought, cited with sufficient fulness. Where Breasted is quoted without a title following, reference is to his manuscript translation of the Pyramid Texts.

Egyptian words (in italics) are transliterated as in modern German treatises, except that the two signs i and j have both been replaced by y.

- [] indicates restoration.
- () indicates explanatory additions by the author.
- indicates construct relation or compound preposition.
- · separates formative elements of words.
- -represents each word lost, up to five words.
 - represents more than five words lost.
- ... is sometimes inserted to mark omitted portions of a phrase.

HORUS IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

OCCURRENCES OF THE NAME

See Hrw in Appendix.

FORMS



except in the following cases: .

428

in W only, in 18, 58-60, 64, 72, 73, 76-81, 83-87, 91, 94, 95, 97-100, 115, 304, 487.

经圣器

in M only, in 1686 and 1690; may not be Horus.

RA

dual, in 457W and 695TN.4

nisbe fem. pl., in 487WN, 598PN, 770PMN, 961PMN, 1735N, 1928N, 2099N.

nisbe fem. pl., in 943N.

124-

nisbe fem. pl., in 598T.

821<u>2</u>

nisbe fem. pl., in 943PM.

a Cf.

11 49

 $(Hr \cdot wy - m \dot{s})$ as n. pr. in Aeg. Inschriften aus den k. Museen zu Berlin, II, 318. $Hr \cdot wy$ occurs also on a Ptolemaic stela published by Touraleff in Rec. de Trav., XXXVI, 72; this is clearly not a writing of Atum as assumed in the review in Ancient Egypt, 1915, p. 26. That $Hr \cdot wy$ represents two separate gods is indicated in the latter case by the deceased lady's epithet $\dot{s} \cdot \dot{p}tp \cdot t \cdot n \dot{t}r \cdot wy$.

CLASSIFIED REFERENCES

* Not directly dependent on the name Horus.

A. Epithets-

- 1 3w-nmt⋅t, "long-striding." *853(D 2)
- 2 y³bty, "eastern." 450(C 73, D 28), 527 (D 46), 982(D 48), 1085(D 34), 1087(C 127), 1132(D 49), 1258(C 51), 1410(D 47), 1414(D 66), 1478 (D 11, D 124)
- 3 y³hty, "of the horizon." 4(D 42), 7(H 2), 337(D 31, D 36), 342(D 35), *346(C 35), 348(C 58), 351(D 32, D 36), *353(D 44), 358(D 32, D 36), 360(D 38), 526(D 46), 855-56(D 223), 891P(D 57), 926(D 32), 927(D 37), *928(D 44), 932(D 32), 933(D 37), *934(D 44), 1049(D 60), *1085(D 34), 1087(C 127), 1103(D 33), 1384(H 9), 1411(D 47), 1415(D 66), 1449 (E 148), 1478(D 11, D 124), 1693(C 57, B 9)
- 4 yw'-yt.f, "heir of his father." 316(D 7, G 54)
- 5 ymy Yéyr⁴⁶ X, "(dweller) in Osiris X (king's name)." 19a(F 43), 21b(F 63), 55(F 43, F 77), 831(F 43)
- 6 $ym(y) \cdot w(y) \cdot h$, "(dwellers) in the palace," epithet of Horus and Set. *141(D 113)
- 7 ymy w³d wr, "(dweller) in the great green (sea)." 1505(C 83)
- 8 ymy wsh.t, "(dweller) in the broad hall." 905(E 90)
- 9 ymy byk·w, "(dweller) among the falcons." *16721(E 164)
- 10 ymy pr.f, "(dweller) in his house."48 1294(D 194)
- 11 ymy Spd·t, "(dweller) in Sothis." 632 and 1636(B 6)
- 12 ymy Db'-hrw·t, "(dweller) in Db'-hrw·t." *734(D 108)
- 13 cnb, "living."40 1807
- 14 'nh-h'.w, "living of dawnings," Horus-name of Mernere. 7, 8
- 15 $w^3d \cdot wy$, "green," epithet of $Hr \cdot wy$, dual. 457(H 4)
- 16 w3d3d, "'bright' green (bird)," an aspect of Hr Dw3ty. 1207(D 61)
- 17 w', "sole one." *853(D 2), *854
 - "Possibly this god is meant by nb-y'b .t, "lord of the East," in 1486.
- ⁴⁸ Cf. pl. in 1155. A god called ${}^c nb m y^3b \cdot t$, "he who lives in the horizon," is mentioned in 151.
- ⁴⁸ The old readings of Osiris and Isis with prosthetic y (Erman, Glossar, p. 16) are retained for convenience, though Erman has since shown (Zeitschrift für äg. Sprache, XLVI, 92) that name of former began with w and was probably either $W \acute{e}ry$ or $W \acute{e}-yry$, while for Isis he now (Gram.³, Schrifttafel Q 1) gives $^{3}\acute{e}\cdot \acute{e}$.
- G Cf. 598(D 82). The reading '\$ for "palace" appears most clearly in Pyr. 141 and 585. It was accepted by Erman in 1912 (Die Hieroglyphen, p. 32).
 - 4 Applied to Min in 1993(C 105).
- "Cf. 'nh as son of Sothis in 458 and 1482P (MN have ny-'nh); 'nh myh,' 'him who lives in the horizon,' a god otherwise unnamed in 151; and bh' 'nh h' the living star presiding over his brothers,' with whom king is compared in 904.
- 10 Cf. $w^{3}d~pr~m~W^{3}d~t,$ "green one who came forth from (the goddess) Buto," in vocative in 1875.
- ⁸¹ Cf. w', epithet of king as k^3 n $p \cdot t$, "bull of the sky," in 293; w' pn dd r' nb, "this one who endures every day," used of some solar divinity in 1078; nb w', "the sole lord," perhaps applying to k^3 -Nbn, "the bull of Hieraconpolis," in 276; bry $w' \cdot f$, "him who is by himself," a solar divinity in 309.

- 18 wr(y)m(y) Ywnw, "great one (dwelling) in Heliopolis," epithet of $Hr \cdot wy$, dual. 695(H 5)
- wr pn, "this great one."53 *103(F 425), *583 19
- 20 wr s3-wr, "great one, son of a great one." *852(G 27)14
- 21 b3 ymy děr·f, "soul (dwelling) in his blood." *854(D 55)
- 22 byk niry, "divine falcon," an aspect of Hr Dw³ty. 1207(D 61)
 23 pr m H^cpy, "he who came forth from the Nile." *2047(C 79)
- 24 pr m šnt, "he who came forth from the šnt-serpent." 681(C 80)
- 25 pr m šnd, "he who came forth from the acacia." *436(G 50)
- 26 mryy-t3·wy, "beloved of the Two Lands," Horus-name of Pepi I. 6,55 7
- 27 mhty, "northern." 1295(D 88)
- 28 transliteration and translation uncertain; form below. 1863(C 104)

- 29 ny-św·t-ntr·w, "king of the gods." 1458(E 123)
- 30 nb-y3h·t, "lord of the horizon," epithet of Harakhte. *7b
- 31 $nb-w^3d$, "lord of the green (cosmetic?)." 457(D 24)
- 32 nb-p·t, "lord of the sky." 888(D 5)
- 33 nb-p·t, "lord of the sky," epithet of Harakhte. 7b
- 34 nb-pc-t, "lord of men." 14(E 86), 737(F 149), 1258(C 51), 1804(E 146)
- 35 $nb-p^c \cdot t \ n\underline{t}r \cdot w$, "lord of men and gods." 895(C 99)
- 36 $nb-m^3k \cdot t$, "lord of the ladder." *974, *980(D 183)
- 37 nb-t3·wy, "lord of the Two Lands." 1258(C 51)
- 38 $nb-df^3 \cdot w$, "lord of food," epithet of $Hr \cdot wy$, dual. 695(H 5)
- 39 Nhny, "of Hieraconpolis." 295-96(D 236), 1293(E 98, D 194), 2011 (E 141)
- 40 nhn hrd, "young, child." 1320(C 49)
- 41 ntr, "god." *971, *974-75(D 252), *0 *978-80(D 253), *1863(C 104)
- 42 ntr·w, "of the gods." 525(D 46), 981(D 48), 986(D 65), 999(D 39), 1086(D 34), 1408(D 47), 1412(D 66)
- 43 ntr '3, "great god." *[70](F 427)
- ⁵² Cf. ymy Ywnw, "(dweller) in Heliopolis," a magical name applied to king in 181. In 716 king is identified with &3 - Ywnw, "the bull of Heliopolis."
 - Wr pn is applied to king as Osiris in 777-78, 1796.
 - ⁵⁴ Cf. 853b and 2032. Wr = Geb in 1702.
 - * Restore

in the break; cf. Pyr. 7a and Urkunden des ag. Altertume, I, 94:16.

- ₩ Occurs independently in 277, 409, 1172.
- ⁵⁷ Cf. nb-p·t apparently equated with Osiris in 964-68.
- 58 Dependent on nir; for connection with Horus cf. 973b.
- 49 Cf. k3-Nhn, "the bull of Hieraconpolis," in 276.
- 60 Cf. 973b with 974a.

- 44 ntr '3, "great god," epithet of Harakhte. 4 *7b
- 45 ntr-bc·w, "god of dawnings," Horus-name of Pepi II. 7, 8
- 46 ntr śmśw, "first-born god," epithet of Horus son of Osiris. *466(C 89)
- 47 ntr·wy, "the two gods," epithet of Horus and Set. *1148(C 69)
- 48 ntr·wy ypw wr·w(y) '3·w(y), "these two great and powerful gods," epithet of Re and Horus." *952(C 110)
- 49 ntr·wy '3·wy, "the two great gods," epithet of Horus and Thoth.44
 *1571(E 144)
- 50 nd yt.f, "he who avenged his father." 633 and 1637(B 8), 1685(E 74)
- 51 nd yt·f Yéyr,44 "he who avenged his father Osiris." 898(C 102), 1406N (D 204)
- 52 rw, "lion." *436(G 50)
- 53 'rp'ty', "hereditary prince." 1458(E 123)
- 54 rnpy, "youthful." 25c and 767(E 17)
- 55 rh *p*.w-ntr, "intimate of the worthies of the (Sun-)god." *815PM
- 56 rśw, "southern." 1295(D 88)
- 57 hwnty, "he of the maiden (or 'pupil [of the eye]'?)." 206(D 274)
- 58 hry-yb Yrw, "(dweller) within Yrw." 723(D 93)
- 59 hry-yb Dw3.t, "(dweller) within Dewat." 1959(F 209)
- 60 hry šdšd-p·t, "upon the šdšd of the sky." 800(D 51), 1036(D 52)
- 61 hry-d3d3 m·'nh·t·f n·t m3 ··t, "master of his sustenance of truth." 815(E 114)
- 62 $hry-d^3d^3 rh(y)\cdot t\cdot f$, "master of his people." 644(C 81)
- ⁶¹ Is applied also to Osiris in 465 (G13), Geb in 1616, Re in 1471, and an otherwise unnamed solar delty in 1208 (G 32).
 - 62 Dual nir wy without epithet occurs also in 273, 903.
 - 43 Same phrase occurs once more, in 1690(D 264, cf. C 57).
- "Same phrase occurs also in 467, 1125–26, 1253, 1738, 1750, [1985]. Cf. also $n(r \cdot wy ypw \in 3 \cdot wy \text{ in } 1010$.
- ⁴⁸ Cf. rw in 422 and 426, unintelligible; pf rw and pn rw, referring possibly to Horus and Set, in 425; and phrase $rw \not b^3 rw n \ ^c nb$, "(one) lion (is) behind (another) lion for life," in 690. Horus is found wearing the lion-mask in 973(D 234).
- ** The noun $bwn \cdot t$ itself occurs literally as "maiden" in 809 and '14871 and in $bwn \cdot t \ wr \cdot t \ bry \cdot t yb \ Ywnw$, "the great maiden (dwelling) within Heliopolis," in 728 and 2002; and figuratively as "pupil (of the eye)" in 93a(F 302) and '6821. Cf. also $bwr \cdot t \ wr \cdot t \dots bry \cdot t yb \ Nbb$, "the great $bwr \cdot t \dots$ (dwelling) within El Kab," in 2204a. Möller (Über die in einem späthieratischen Papyrus des Berl. Mus. erhaltenen Pyramidentexte, p. 23) suggests that this may be error for $bwn \cdot t$; but $bwr \cdot t \ wr \cdot t$ is represented by $bwr \cdot t \ wr \cdot t$, "the great wild cow," in the parallel text in 729a. May we understand that Horus is son of the maiden of Heliopolis?
- ⁶⁷ Yrw occurs again in 864: king's waters came from Elephantine, his niry-natron from Yrw, his hamn-natron from the Oxyrynchite nome, and his incense from Nubia (t³ st); possibly also in 456a: "Sobk, '(my)' lord, 'soul of Yrw'" (or 'Sobk, lord of B³urw' f).
- *In 539a and 540a king ascends to sky upon the $\delta d\delta d$ which is in the zenith $(ymy\ wp(w)\cdot t;$ latter written in full in 854c, where Breasted so translates it).
 - •• In 1483 the offspring of Horus are said to live on truth ('nh m m? c.t).

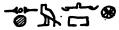
- Hm(y),70 "of Letopolis." 2078(C 26)
- bnty y3b.w, "presider over the spirits." 800(C 82), 1505(C 83), 1508(C 84), 1518(D 12)
- bnty 'nh·w, "presider over the living." 2103(C 103)
- hnty pr.w, "presider over estates." 133c(C 61, D 4)
- bnty·wy pr·w, "presiders over estates," epithet of Hr·wy, dual. 695(H 5) bnty mn·wt·f, "presider over his 'thighs'" (cf. det. in 804)." 804PMN and 1015P(C 85)
- bnty mny t.f, "presider over his '-1." 1015N and 1719M[N](C 86)
- hnty Hm, "presider over Letopolis." 810(D 1. G 55)
- hnty y hm · w &k, "presider over the imperishable ones," epithet of Horus of Dewat. 1301(D 3)
- hnty hnty shm·w, "presider presiding over the mighty." *1294(D 194)
- 73 bnty D(w)3·t, "presider over Dewat." 5b(D 72)
- 74 hébd yr · ty, "blue-eyed." 253(E 11)
- 75 H3ty, "of H3.t (a city)." 1257N(C 87)76
- 76 hrd nhn, "the young child." 1214(G 3)
- hrd nhn dbc f m r3 f, "the young child with his finger in his mouth." 663(D 292), 664(C 88)
- 78 s3 nd yt f, "the son who avenged his father." 633 and 1637(B 8)
- 79 \$33, "sated." *854
- \$\delta b\rac{1}{2} wp\delta p \cdot t, "the star that illumines the sky," applied to Horus (of Dewat). *362(D 45)
 - " Value &m is now assigned to



by Erman (Gram.*, Schrifttafel O 74). It is indicated by such spellings as



(Pyr. 1670aN) and



(Piankhi 11:6 = Urkunden des ag. Altertume, III, 46). The Piankhi passage makes Horus the "lord (nb)" of Letopolis.

- 71 Occurs in throne-name of Amenhotep III on a granite column in British Museum, No. 64 (Budge, Book of Kings, I, 139). Cf. the y'b w-pr w, "house-spirits," in 842 whose purity comes in connection with Horus's purification of the king in 841(D 54). In 1881 nb-pr, "lord of the house," is an epithet of the king.
- 72 Same epithet represents a god otherwise unnamed in 285T and 655TMN. In 1549P it is given to Osiris, while in 1552P it seems to belong with Šemw.
 - 78 Same epithet represents an otherwise unnamed divinity in 285W.
 - 74 Same epithet appears independently in 419, 908, 1175, 1723.
- 75 Same epithet represents an unnamed god with whom king is identified in 715. Cf. also a $nb^{-1}mr^{1} \cdot w D(w) + w$, "lord of the Dewat-lakes," in 1530.
 - ⁷⁶ P has the older ambiguous writing \tilde{S}^3ty .
- 77 Same epithet represents a divinity with whom king is identified in the similar text 1455. In 1038 king ascends to sky as bb^3 3 bry-yb $y^3b \cdot t$, "the great star (dwelling) within the East"; in 904 king is compared with \$63 'nb bnty \$n \cdot w \cdot f, "the living star presiding over his brothers"; in 1048 king is adorned as bb^3 $w^c ty$ bry-yb $Nw \cdot t$, "the single star (dwelling) within Nut."

- 81 \$b\\ d\\ w\\ d\ wr, "the star that ferried over the great green (sea)," epithet of
- ## $hnty y^3h \cdot w$. 1508(C 84) 82 **spd, "the ready." 330W and 331T (latter **spd \cdot t!) (C 112, D 73), 632 and 1636(C 40), *r18631(C 104)78
- 83 śmśw, "the first-born." 301(D 263)
- $\delta hm \ m \ y^3h \cdot t$, "mighty over the horizon." *853(D 2)
- 85 'shm m' Nbty, "'mighty over' him of Ombos," so used after name of Horus as a royal title, the whole written as below. 6-8, 786



- shm m ntr.w, "mighty over the gods."
- Skén, "1-1."81 1734(C 93)
- $\check{S}^3t(y)$, "of $\check{S}^3 \cdot t$ (a city)." 450W(C 73, D 28), 1257P(C 87)
- $\delta n \, m \, s^3 yr \cdot t \cdot f$, "he who went about in the protection of his eye." 195(C 92),
- 90 šemty, "'-1." *342(D 35), 450(C 73, D 28), *14561(D 155), 528(D 46), 983(D 48), 987(D 65), 1085(D 34), 1136(D 49), 1409(D 47), 1413(D 66), 2062(D 63)
- 91 tp(y) $yhm \cdot wt$, "upon (or 'at the head of'?) the $yhm \cdot wt$." 1951
- tp(y) $ndm \cdot w \, \delta t(y)$, "at the head of the sweet-smelling ones," epithet of Hrhnty $y^3h \cdot w$. 1518
- 93 $y \cdot tm \ whm \ k^3 \cdot t \cdot f$, "not repeating his work." 1622(C 76)
- tmsty, "the gleaming one." 702(C 113)
- Dw3-ntr, "Morning-star," an aspect of Horus of Dewat. *1207(D 61)
- 96 D(w)3ty, "of Dewat." 148(D 180), *362(D 45), *802(E 108), 877(C 114), 1134(D 49), 1207(D 61), 1258(C 51), 1301(D 3), 1734(C 93)
- *d\u00e4r yr \cdot ty*, "red-eyed." 253(€ 11)
- der t tpy t Rc, "the red crown that is on the head of Re," epithet of Hr tmsty. 702(C 113)
- 99 Db^c - $hrw \cdot t$, "of Db^c - $hrw \cdot t$ (a city)." 1993(C 105)
 - 78 Hr spd as a unit is everywhere in Pyr. written without the determinative



regularly found (as in 1863) with the independent divine name $\acute{S}pd$.

- "Cf. 309 and 313: the king, in 308 and 312 equated with Osiris, is in 309 identified with bry $w^c \cdot f$, "him who is by himself." The parallel text in 313 has instead bry $rd \cdot f$, "him who is upon his foot." In both cases the god is called $imiw-niv \cdot w$, "first-born of the gods," and is a solar divinity. Again in 306 the king, who seems to have become a solar Horus (cf. 304), is called $imiw \cdot r \cdot w$, "more first-born than the eldest."
 - 80 I.e., Set; cf. 204a.
 - ²¹ Skin occurs as an independent divine name in [498], 1440, [2186].
 - 82 N has the more exact Hity.
 - ** Fem. šemty · t is epithet of Sekhmet; cf. 262b and [2206].
- **This root occurs also in 911, 1147, 1349, 1460. In 911 imi·t dir·t with Northern crown on basket as det. is "the bright red crown" (so Breasted). In 1147 king is iid pu n imi·wi, "this band of "bright" (colors)." In 1349 the divinity Biby is called dirmidir imi-r·t, "with red ear and 'glistening jaw'." (On 'r·t as "jaw" cf. determinatives in Pyr. 30 and Budge, Book of Opening the Mouth, II, 162.) In 1460 king is nu n imii·t, "this 'brightness'" which came forth from 'Nun'.
 - 55 Cf. ymy D(w)?·t, "dweller in Dewat," in 330T and 331W(D 73).

B. Magical or Mystic Names-

- 1 yh ymy dadrw, "spirit (dwelling) in the dadrw-barque," used of Hr spd. 633, 1637
- 2 ym(y) hnw, "(dweller) in the hnw-barque (Sokar's)." 138
- 3 $nwr \cdot w^{80} \cdot n \cdot f t^3 \cdot sd^3 \cdot w \cdot n \cdot f \cdot p \cdot t$, "he before whom earth quakes and the sky trembles." 143
- 4 R^c , "Re," used of $\not Hr \, \check S t(y)$, $\not Hr \, \check s m t(y)$, and Eastern Horus treated as one god. 452
- 5 hnw, "hnw-barque (Sokar's)." 620
- 6 Hr ymy Spd·t, "Horus (dwelling) in Sothis," used of Hr spd. 632, 1636
- 7 Hr by-t-rp-t, "Horus, -1 of the rp-t-chapel."87 767
- 8 Hr s³ nd yt·f, "Horus, the son who avenged his father," used of Hr spd. 633. 1637
- 9 hr yr ntr·w, "distant from the gods," used of Harakhte. 1693
- 10 $h\bar{k}^{3}$ - $(\hbar n\underline{t}r)$, "ruler of incense"," ⁸⁸ used of $Hr\ \tilde{S}^{3}t(y)$, $Hr\ \tilde{s}smt(y)$, and Eastern Horus treated as one god. 452
- 11 šp §33w, "blind in attack"," used of the Horus hostile to the dead. 1268
- 12 Km wr (or ht t-Km wr?), "great black ('-1)."90 1658(D 18)

C. Relationships-

I. GENEALOGICAL

- 1 Yb·t wr·t (Yb·t-wt·t resp.) bore king as Horus who went about in protection of his eye (šn m s³-yr·t·f). 198
- 2 Horus is son of Isis. 1214(G 3), 1640(G 4)
- 3 Horus is son of Osiris. 22(G 10), 146(E 179), 179(G 8), 465(G 13), 466(C 89), 795(G 39), 898(C 102), 969(E 122, E 140), 1129(E 5), 1331 (C 90)
- 4 Horus was born to Osiris, Set was conceived for Geb. 144
- ** Or $wr \cdot w$? The n-wave might be genitive; and wr alone probably does mean "quake" in 516a. Besides, nwr, which is found also in 581, 789, 956, 1183, 1270, 1357, 1855, and 2109, shows an initial nw-jar or -adze everywhere else except in 1855aN. But in our same text (W) $rn \cdot f$ ym(y) bnw, without genitive n, occurs in 138c, only four lines back.
- ** $B^3y \cdot t rp \cdot t$ is a mystic name of king as Osiris in 580; $rp \cdot t$ alone (with fuller writing $rpw \cdot t$ in 1349 and 207) is a chapel (shown by word-sign in 580 and 767, used as det. in 823 and 1349), located in Heliopolis (823) or in Dendera (207).
 - 38 Budge's translation of

7029

(Liturgy of Funerary Offerings, p. 46) as "Sovereign of the divine Sa (Sa being 'fluid of life')," for which he credits Maspero, results from a misreading of the third sign as



and failure to distinguish between & and s, as was still done in the Pyramid Age.

- ** Used as mystic name of the hostile $b^3iy \cdot w$ and $ymy \cdot w y^3w$ in 1274(E 181). Our b^3iw (spelled b^3w in 1274) is found as verb b^3w also in 651PM, where T shows the more exact radicals b^3w used again in 588 and listed in Erman (*Glossar*, 99) with the meanings "etwas in etwas anreiben, einmischen."
- 10 Km wr is a mystic name of king in 628 and 1630, is a god in 1390, and is an enemy of the king in 1350. The name is used elsewhere (outside of Pyr.) for the Bitter Lakes.

- 5 Osiris is father of Horus. 13(E 86), 146(E 179), 176(G 11), 472(E 112), 493(E 4), 573(C 101), 740(G 16), 758(G 14), 898(C 102), 1215(G 3), 1330(G 9), 1406(D 204), 1658, 1682(G 23), 1730(G 19), 1799(D 261), 1860(G 20), 1980(G 25), 2115(E 163)
- 6 Horus is son of Atum. 874(H 6), 881(D 56)
- 7 Horus is a great one, son of a great one (wr s?-wr). 8524
- 8 Horus of Dewat and the king are children (ms·w) of Nut. 1213(D 181)
- 9 Re calls himself brother 'of (Horus-)Soped'.78 1863(C 104)
- 10 Horus the son of Osiris is also son of Hathor. 466(C 89)
- 11 The cloud-lord (nb kry) Orion is father of Horus. 261(E 21)
- 12 Set is brother of Horus. 1742(F 226)
- 13 Horus is son of Geb. 973(C 91)
- 14 Horus the son of Osiris is seed $(mtw \cdot t)$ of Geb. 466(C 89)
- 15 Geb is father of Horus. 973(D 234), 977(F 59)
- 16 Horus is son of the king. 11(C 122), [44](C 64), 69(F 427), 192(E 40), 257(E 20), 578(E 72, F 50), 644(C 122), 1007(E 75), 1010(E 115), 1683(E 27), 1702(E 165), 1813(E 25), [1976](E 76), 1979(E 173, E 60), 1994(E 143)
- 17 King as Osiris is father of Horus. 101(E 35), 103, 258(D 138), 580(E 18), 589(E 18), 640(C 63), 650, 767(E 18), 1334(D 15), 1335(E 59), 1550(G 21)
- 18 King begets Horus. 143
- 19 Hr spd came forth from king and Isis-Sothis. 632, 1636
- 20 King begot (ms) (or 'is child of'?) Horus (dwelling) in Db'-hrw·t. 734 (D 108)
- 21 Horus was born to, and Set was conceived for, the king. 142
- 22 King was born to Horus, was conceived for Set, and received his purification in the Heliopolis-nome from his father Atum. 211
- 23 Horus had children (mś, mś·w). 22 (E 137), 619(E 101), 637(E 102, E 10), 26 643(E 2), 766(E 137), 1338(E 10), 1548(E 5, D 136), [1823] (E 10, C 97), 1828(E 138)
- 24 King has joined himself with $(sm^3 \cdot n \cdot k \ hn^c)$ the (issue) of body of Horus $(n \cdot w \ h \cdot t \cdot f)$. 647
- 25 Horus had offspring. 647 (msyy·t T, msw·t PN, ms·t M) (G 31), 1333 (msyy·t P) (E 3), 1339 (ms·t P) (E 11)
- 26 Horus of Letopolis had offspring. 2078 (mśw·t N) (A 3, E 14)
- 27 Horus the son of Osiris had an eldest daughter (dwelling) in Kdm (s³·t·f wr·t ymy·t Kdm).⁴ 1008(E 75)
- II. Position Occupied by Horus in Relation to Other Divinities
- 28 Belongs to Isis. 741(G 2)
- 29 Heir of his father. 316(D 7, G 54)
- 30 'Mighty over' him of Ombos. 6-8 and 786(A 85)
- $^{\rm s}{\rm l}$ Children of Nut are mentioned again in 823, where probably Horus and Set are meant.
 - 22 For complete references to the four Horus-sons, see Supplement.
 - * Italics here and following refer to the Supplement.
- **But in 1977d (E 76) same phrase has pronoun k referring to king as Osiris. A related $Kdm \cdot w$ (pl.) occurs in a broken and unintelligible passage, 1970b.

- 31 For relation to Nhb-k3· w, see 346(C 35)
- 32 Hemnw, Eastern Horus, Eastern Soul, and Harakhte, treated as one god, is one who oversees (m³ hr-d³d³) the gods (ntr·w) without any god overseeing him. 1479
- 33 For relations to the gods, see also 301(D 263), 454(F 89), 466(C 89), 853(D 2), 895(C 99), 1458(E 123), 1693(B 9)
- 34 Re-Harakhte a compound divinity.95 1049(D 60)
- 35 King, like (y\$) Har(akhte), is summoned by Re and receives offering from Nhb-k3•w. 346
- 36 For relations to Re, see also 452(B 4), 702(C 113), 2046(D 40)
- 37 For relation to 'the maiden' (hwn·t), see 206(D 23)
- 38 For relations to Sokar, see 138(B 2), 620(B 5), 1823(C 97)
- 39 Hr hnty mn wt f (mny t f resp.) seems to be identified with Situty nb-Sbw t. 804 and 1015(C 85)
- 40 Hr spd is in Sothis. 632 and 1636(B 6)
- 41 Horus-Skén a compound divinity.⁸¹ 1734(C 93).
- 42 Knows the worthies of the (Sun-)god (špć·w-ntr). 815PM(A 55)
- 43 Heir of Geb. 1489(D 25)
- 44 For relation to Morning-star (Dw3-ntr), see 1207(D 61)
- 45 Is in Osiris the king. 19(F 43), 21(F 63), 55(F 43, F 77), 583, 831(F 43)
- 46 Is in embrace of Osiris the king ... and escapes not from $(by^3w r)$ him. 636
- 47 Has not escaped from king. 1633
- 48 Is near (héf m) king. 1234
- 49 Horus, youthful, child (nhn hrd), is told of ascent of king to sky. 1320

III. RELATIONS TO HORUS ON PART OF OTHER DIVINITIES

- a) Actions of Other Divinities toward Horus
- 50 Actions of 3kr. See 555(D 169)
- 51 Isis and Nephthys prevent that Eastern Horus, Horus lord of men, Horus of Dewat, and Horus lord of the Two Lands decay. 1258
- 52 After avenging king, Isis and Nephthys have given him to Horus. 584
- 53 Actions of Isis. See also 1140(C 96)
- 54 Osiris speaks to Horus when latter has plucked out evil [from king]. 1978
- 55 Actions of children of Horus ([ms w]-Hr). See 1823(C 97)
- 56 Nut has taken Horus and Set and their sorceresses (wr·t-hk3·w, = crowns⁹⁶) to be her two eyes. 823
- 57 These two great and powerful gods (ntrwy ypw wrwy c3wy) who preside over the Field of Rushes (1690) cause that king live (again) and ntr the seasons (y·tr·w) of Harakhte. 1693
- 58 "These four gods who stand (leaning) upon the dm-staves of the sky" announce king to Re and Harakhte." 348

[%] Cf. 1087-88(E 169, D 266).

[∞] Cf. later examples, as at Medinet Habu, transl. in Breasted, Ancient Records, IV, § 66.

[&]quot;Parallel text of 339 defines these gods more closely as "these four first-born spirits presiding over the curly-haired ones $(yib \cdot w \ imi \cdot w \ bnity \cdot w \ bnity \cdot w)$, who stand in the east side of the sky leaning (dir) upon their $d^c m$ staves"; in 340 they announce the king to Re and $Nbb \cdot k^1 \cdot w$.

- 59 Re-Atum gives not king to Osiris nor to Horus. 145
- 60 Actions of Re. See also 351 etc. (D 32), 362(D 45), 1103(D 33)
- 61 Hnty ymnty w brings food and offerings for Hr hnty pr w. 133
- 62 Geb brings Horus to Osiris the king to aid latter. 590, 612, 634
- 63 Geb has caused that Horus see his father Osiris the king. 640
- 64 [Osiris the king] is bidden to put [his son] Horus within him. 44
- 65 King spreads out his arms behind Horus (i.e., embraces him as his ka, cf. D 192). 585, 636
- 66 King is bidden to loose Horus from his (cumbersome) regalia (št̄⁶⁸), that latter may punish followers of Set. 1285
- 67 King as Osiris is bidden to awake for (rê n) Horus and arise against ('h 'r) Set. 793, 1259
- 68 King is bidden to awake for $(r \neq n)$ Horus and arise for $(h \neq n)$ Set. 1710
- 69 King satisfies the two gods Horus and Set with a food-offering, so that they are satisfied and špt. 1148
- 70 Osiris the king is bidden to ascend to Horus. 586, 645
- 71 King has come to Horus. 1407, 1489, 1558(E 24)
- 72 King comes to Nut, having thrown his father to earth and shaken off (fb) Horus behind him. 250
- 73 King has come to $Hr \check{S}^{3}t(y)$, $Hr \check{s}smt(y)$, and Eastern Horus treated as one god. 450
- 74 Actions of king. See also 142(D 168), 337 etc. (D 36), 342(D 35), 360(D 38), 927 etc. (D 37), 999(D 39), 2056(D 165)
 - b) Position Occupied by Other Divinities in Relation to Horus

1. By others than the king:

- 75 By \cancel{H}^3py , $Dw^3-mw \cdot t \cdot f$, $Ym + t \cdot f$, and $\cancel{K}b + f \cdot w \cdot f$. See 601(C4), 2101(D208)
- 76 Geb has mystic name "Horus not repeating his work ($Hr y \cdot tm \cdot whm \cdot k^3 \cdot t \cdot f$)."
 1622
- 77 Hostile serpent is asked: "Art thou Horus? ... Art thou Set?" Apparently negative answer is expected. 685

2. By the king:

IDENTIFICATIONS

- 78 King is Horus, following context lost. 2147
- 79 King is Horus who came forth from the Nile $(pr \ m \ H^c py)$, the bull that came forth from the walled town $(ng(^3w) \ pr \ m \ ynb \cdot t)$, the $d \cdot t$ -serpent that came forth from Re, the $y^c r \cdot t$ -serpent (uraeus) that came forth from Set, say the gods. 2047
- 80 King is Horus who came forth from the šnt-serpent. 681
- 81 King has mystic name "Horus master of his people (Ḥr ḥry-ḍ3ḍ3 rhy·t·f)." 644
- 82 King is called "Horus presiding over the spirits ($Hr \ bnty \ y^3h \cdot w$)." 800 (by Re)
- ** Breasted here suggests "bonds"; but in all the other Pyr. occurrences of it (1089, 1373, 1507[D 285-87] and '1555') it seems to be used for "adorn" or "adornment."

- 83 "Horus (dwelling) in the sea, Horus presiding over the spirits (Hr ymy w³d wr, Hr bnty y³b·w)" are mystic names of Osiris or of king.⁹⁰ 1505
- 84 "Horus presiding over the spirits, star which ferried over the sea (*Hr hnty* $y^3 b \cdot w$, $b^3 d^3 w^3 d wr$)" are mystic names of Re or of king. 1508
- 85 King is called "Horus presiding over his 'thighs' (Hr hnty mn · wt · f), S\(\frac{1}{2}\text{wty}\), lord of \(\frac{S}{Dw} \cdot t.\)" 804(by Re), 1015P(by Anubis)
- 86 King is called "Horus presiding over his mny t." 1015N(by Anubis), 1719(by Re)
- 87 King has mystic name "Horus of Š3·t." 1257Pa
- 88 King is Horus, the young child with his finger in his mouth $(hrd nhn db^c \cdot f m r^3 \cdot f)$. 664
- 89 King is Horus the son of Osiris; is the first-born god, son of Hathor; is seed of Geb. 466
- 90 King is Horus, is 'the son whom he loves (s³ mr·f)' of his father Osiris.
 1331
- 91 King is Horus, son of Geb. 973
- 92 King is Horus who went about in the protection of his eye ($\delta n m s^3 yr \cdot t \cdot f$). 195, 198
- 93 King has mystic names "Horus of Dewat, Horus-Skén, Horus (following lost)." 1734
- 94 King is Horus who adorned his eye (Egypt or some part thereof) with both his arms (db³ yr t f m c wy fy tm wy). 1596
- 95 For king as Horus, see also 148(D 180), 316(D 7), 436(G 50), 493(E 4), 503(D 69), 723(D 93), 800(D 51), 852(D 132), 853(D 2), 1086(D 34), 1294(D 194), 1301(D 3), 2036(D 29, C 111), 2037(D 62)

COMPARISONS

- 96 Isis the Great dries (king) as if he were Horus (Hr ys). 1140, [1733]
- 97 [Children of] Horus [are to carry] king [like (my) Horus in (Sokar's) hnw-barque.] 1823
- 98 King båd's his waters etc. like (y\$) Horus, and 'distinguishes' (wp) them like Wepwawet. 2032
- 99 King sits before divine ennead like (y\$) Geb, like Osiris, like Horus lord of men and gods (nb-p^c·t nt·w). 895
- 100 King is like (y\$) Horus -----.100 1915
- 101 King comes to 'Anubis 100 like (y\$) Horus when he had avenged his father Osiris (nd ·n ·f yt ·f Y\$yr). 573
- 102 Isis and Nephthys grieve for king as if he were (y\$) Horus who avenged his father Osiris (nd yt f Y\$yr).102 898
- 103 King dawns like (ys) Horus presiding over the living (hnty 'nh w), like Geb, and like Osiris. 2103

[&]quot; Suffix t is error for either k or f.

¹⁰⁰ The n following Horus may be initial of nd $yt\cdot f$, "avenger of his father," as written in 898aN, or possibly of nbn, "young," as in 1320P.

¹⁰¹ Cf. 574a.

¹⁸² Ys seems to be an error, for context clearly treats king not as Horus but as Osiris.

104 King hears Re's speech as if he were the god, as if he were Horus

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(when Re says): "I am thy brother, even '(of)' Soped." 1863(cf. C9)

105 King commands the hnmm t-people like (ys) Min (dwelling) in his house and like Horus of Dbc-hrw t. 1993

106 For other comparisons of king with Horus, see 4(D 42), 5(D 72), 206(D 274), 346(C 35), 353 etc. (D 44), 362(D 45), 659(D 50), 684(D 14), 768(D 8), 795(G 39), 798 etc. (D 9), 810(D 1), 874(H 6), 881(D 56), 891(D 57), 953(D 232), 1013(G 28), 1089(D 285), 1113(D 19), 1294(D 194), 1373 (D 286), 1507(D 287), 1539(G 18)

MISCELLANEOUS RELATIONS OF THE KING TO HORUS

- 107 King as Osiris has ascended before $(m \ b^{3}h)$ Horus. 576
- 108 King's right side is in Horus and his left side is in Set. 601(C4)
- 109 King as Osiris has shone (or 'become a spirit') in (or 'through') Horus $(y^3b \cdot n \cdot k \ ym \cdot f)$. 633, 1637
- 110 King as Wng, son of Re, is announced to "these two great and mighty gods" (Re and Horus; cf. 951). 952
- 111 King has come from (or 'as'?) Horus $(ym \cdot f)$. 2036
- 112 King knows (rb) the god (ntr), Re, Thoth, Hr spd, ymy Dw³·t, and the bull of the sky (k³-p·t); and each of these is bidden to fail not to recognize (m hm) him. 327-32
- 113 King is greater than (^{c3} r) Hr tmsty, ⁸⁴ the red crown on head of Re (dsr·t tpy·t R^c). 702
- 114 King is that single star ascending in east of sky, who has not given his body to Horus of Dewat. 877
- 115 On miscellaneous relations of the king to Horus, see also 27 etc. (D 267), 133(D 4), 301(D 263), 467(D 224), 535(D 198), 582 etc. (D 192), 856 (D 223), 888(D 5), 1218(D 6), 1254(D 196), 1355(D 269), 1406(D 204), 1690(D 264), 1824(D 104), 1827(D 97), 1988(D 26)

c) Attitude of Other Divinities toward Horus

- 116 Horus is beloved son of Osiris. 179(G 8), 1331(C 90)
- 117 The watchers (wrš w) purify themselves for Horus. 1945
- 118 Sky $(p \cdot t)$ purifies itself for Re, earth (t^3) purifies itself for Horus. 951
- 119 The gods fear before (nr n) Horus. 1794
- 120 On attitude of 'Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte, as one god', toward Horus, see 1088(D 266)
- 121 Rnn-wt t loves Horus. 454
- 122 Horus is beloved son of king as Osiris. 11, 644
- 123 [King loves] Horus. 45
- 124 King as Osiris is to show himself gracious to Horus. 103, 611
- 125 King as Osiris is entreated to accept and be satisfied with the speech of Horus. 611, 646
- 126 Heart of king is satisfied with Horus. 897
- 127 King has praised Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte. 1087
- 128 King is to be satisfied with eyes of Horus. 103(F 425), 583(F 426)

I. ATTRIBUTES AND POWERS

a) Physical

- 1 King lives as lives Horus presiding over Letopolis. 810
- 2 King as "the sole one" (next called Horus, long-striding, mighty over the horizon, mighty over the gods) shall endure always. 853
- 3 King ascends as (m) Horus of Dewat, presider over the Imperishable Stars, and sits upon his marvelous throne at head of his celestial lake (hndw·k by³ tp mr·k kbhw), living as the scarab-beetle lives, enduring as the dd-column, for ever and ever. 1301
- 4 King lives on that whereon Horus presiding over estates lives, eats and drinks of latter's provisions; bnd and 635r·t are his food. 133
- 5 King lives on that whereon Horus, lord of the sky, lives, by command of the latter. 888
- 6 King is to eat and drink of the provisions of Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. 1218(E 91)
- 7 King is Horus, the heir of his father; he is the goer and comer, the fourth of these four gods who fetch water, set down the offering ('b'b't), and 'do with' (yrr w hyy m) the thighs of their fathers. 316
- 8 The going (šm) and goings (šm·wt) of king are those of Horus. 768
- 9 King goes (as) Horus goes (šm); he speaks (as) Set speaks. 798, 1715
- 10 The sleepers (\$\delta dr \cdot w\$), the watchers (\warmath{w} r\delta \cdot w\$), and Horus are all bidden to wake. 1011
- 11 Hsmnw, Eastern Horus, Eastern Soul, and Harakhte, treated as one god, wakes in peace. 1478
- 12 Horus presiding over the spirits, Re, and Mdy (=Re?) wake in peace. 1518
- 13 Horus 'collapses' (sbn). 503
- 14 King stretches bow-string as (pd rwd m) Horus, draws 'slip-noose' as (62 wn t m) Osiris. 684
- 15 Horus is able (4hm) himself (alone) to avenge his father Osiris the king. 1334
- 16 Horus 'is not wnk'. 611, 646
- 17 Horus and Set are each sound 'of body' (wd³ n d·t·f; or 'sound because o himself,' i.e., each causing his own soundness). 683
- 18 Horus is black and great (or 'very black') in his name of Km wr. 1658
- 19 King's sweat $(fd \cdot t)$ and odor (\underline{sty}) are those of Horus. 1113
- 20 On physical nature of Horus, see also 7-8(A 14), 25 etc. (E 17), 103 etc. (A 19), 143(B 3), 206(D 23), 253(E 11), 436(G 50), 457(H 4), 663-64(A 77), 695(H 5), 852(G 27), 854(A 17, A 79), 1207(D 61), 1214(G 3), 1268(B 11), 1320(C 49), 1622(C 76), 1807(A 13), 2032(C 98)

b) Spiritual

- 21 See references to Horus as a god (ntr) under A 41-49
- 22 Horus has become more a soul and more mighty than his father Osiris, and Set than Geb $(b^3 \cdot n \cdot k \ yr \cdot f)$ $b \cdot h \cdot k \ yr \cdot f$. 144
- 23 King as Set suffers not destruction nor ['cessation'] $(n fh \cdot ty n \cdot k \quad n y^3b \cdot ty \quad n \cdot k)$, but is more a soul and more mighty than the Southern gods and their spirits; king as $Hr hwnty^{66}$ has same qualities in relation to the Northern gods. 204-6

- 24 Horus, lord of the green (cosmetic?), has become a soul and a prepared one (b3·n·k *pd·n·k). 457
- 25 To Horus, heir of Geb, '(so-)called of Atum, belongs everyone whom the two enneads mention and everyone whom he (himself) mentions¹ (n·k tm dd·w pśd·ty n·k tm dd·(w)·k; or possibly 'all which the ... enneads say and all which thou sayest'). 1489
- 26 Righteousness $(m^{3c} \cdot t)$ of Horus is that of the king. 1988
- 27 Horus purifies himself in Pe and comes purified [to] avenge [his father]. 2190-91

c) Celestial

- 28 Shn wr^{100} is filled with splendor (y^3b) of $Hr \check{S}^3t(y)$, $Hr \check{s}smt(y)$, and Eastern Horus, all considered as one god, as latter ascends in splendor from horizon. 455
- 29 Re causes king to shine $(s \cdot (w)bn)$ as Horus. 2036
- 30 On celestial nature of Horus, see also 362(D 45), 585(E 155), 612 etc. (E 157), 633 etc. (C 109), 636(E 156), 702(C 113), 1508(C 84)

II. HABITAT

a) Horizon

- 31 Harakhte ferries over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to Re. 337
- 32 Re and Harakhte ferry over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to each other's presence. 351, 358, 926, 932
- 33 Horus ferries over on the two floats of the sky to Re, and Re ferries over in same way to Harakhte. 1103
- 34 Horus, the Horizon-god (y^3bty) , Hr is smty, Eastern Horus, and the king as Horus of the Gods each ferry over on the two floats of the sky to Re to horizon. There king receives his throne $(ns \cdot t)$ in Field of Rushes and descends to southern region of Field of Offering. 1084-87
- 35 Hr (šemty) and king ferry over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to Harakhte. 342
- 36 King ferries over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to Harakhte and Re. 337, 351, 358
- 37 King ascends (pr) upon the two floats of the sky to horizon to Re and Harakhte. 927, 933
- 38 King is ferried 'across Lily Lake' to horizon to Harakhte. 359-60
- 39 King is ferried over to Re and Horus of the Gods to horizon, his station being on east side of sky. 999-1000
- 40 Horus¹⁰⁴ sails with king to horizon in barque of Re, and together they judge the gods in horizon. 2046
- 41 King ascends and is hailed by Horus in horizon. 2019
- 42 King controls (shm m) horizons like (ys) Harakhte. 4
- 43 Note additional occurrences of Harakhte (Horizon-Horus) under A 3; for other connections with horizon, see also 7b(A 30), 372(E 94), 455 (D 28), 741(G 2), 853(D 2)
 - 108 Equated with Re in 200-201 and 209.
 - 104 Equated with Re? Cf. 2045.

b) Sky

- 44 King is born in east of sky like (yé) Har(akhte). 353, 928, 934
- 45 Re has [taken] king to east side of sky like (y\$) Horus of Dewat, the star that illumines (wp\$) the sky. 362
- 46 The double doors of sky and of firmament (kbhw) are opened at dawn for Horus of the Gods, Harakhte, Eastern Horus, Hr ismty, and the king, that each may ascend in Field of Rushes and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 525-29
- 47 The double doors of sky and of firmament are opened for Horus of the Gods, Hr šsmty, Eastern Horus, Harakhte, and the king, that each may ascend and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 1408-11
- 48 The double doors of sky and of firmament are opened for Horus of the Gods, Eastern Horus, *Hr šemty*, Osiris, and the king, that each may ascend at dawn and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 981-85
- 49 The double doors of sky and of firmament are opened at dawn for Eastern Horus, Horus of Dewat, Hr šsmty, and the king, that each may descend (sic) and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 1132-37
- 50 The double doors of sky are opened for king to go forth from them like (y\$) Horus, like the jackal upon his side. 108 659
- 51 King ascends to sky as (m) Horus who is upon the šdšd of the sky. 800
- 52 Horus upon &d&d of sky is entreated to give his arm to king when latter ascends to sky. 1036
- 53 The ways of the Bows (w³·wt-pd·wt), which cause (one) to ascend to (i.e., lead up to) Horus, are kept clear for king when he escapes to sky.
 801
- 54 Horus purifies king in the firmament (kbhw). 841
- 55 Horus (here called b³ ymy dĕr·f, 'Soul dwelling in his blood') received his seat in zenith (wpw·t) of sky, in the place wherewith his heart was satisfied, that he might course sky and wander over Delta and Upper Egypt (§³\$y 'ydh·w¹ šm²). 854
- 56 King takes wrr t-crown in sky like (my) Horus, son of Atum. 881
- 57 King has coursed sky as (m) Harakhte. 891P106
- 58 House of Horus $(ht \cdot t Hr)$ is in sky. 1025-27
- 59 House of Horus is in the firmament (kbhw). 1327
- 60 King traverses (hns) firmament in wake of Re-Harakhte. 1049
- 61 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat, divine falcon, 'bright green' (w³d³d, a bird), same divinity in four aspects, ¹⁰⁷ is called child of the sky; and his four contented faces see that which is in Kns t and drive away the 'dew' (88n) from the offering-tables. 1207
- 62 King as Horus ascends to Re, 'seizing' Nut (the sky) by the forelock.¹⁰⁸ 2037

¹⁰⁴ Anubis; cf. 2001.

¹⁰⁶ MN have snam, "a grasshopper."

¹⁸⁷ Text reads $y \cdot nd$ $br \cdot k$ $m \cdot fd \cdot w \cdot k$ ypw $br \cdot w$ $btp \cdot w$, "hail to thee with these thy four contented faces."

¹⁸⁸ This passage reads literally: "N. ascends unto him (Re), Horus 'seizes' (wrm) Nut by the forelock ($wp \cdot t$ with hair det.)." The verb wrm clearly occurs in 524c. Breasted translates $wp \cdot t$ as "forelock" in 401a (Development of Religion and Thought, 127).

- 63 King puts himself on way (w³·t) of Hr šamty, wherein latter leads the gods to the beautiful ways (w³·wt) of the sky and of the Field of Offering. 2062
- 64 On Horus in sky, see also 7b(A 33), 70(F 427), 304(D 210), 502(E 113), 534(D 135), 802(E 108), 815(E 114), 888(D 5), 999-1000(D 39), 1010 (E 115), 1301(D 3), 1465(E 118), 1979(E 173), 2090(F 199), 2091 (F 119)

c) Field of Rushes $(\pm h \cdot t - y^3 r \cdot w)$

- 65 Horus of the Gods, Hr šamty, Osiris, and the king each ascend at dawn after purifying themselves in Field of Rushes. 986–89
- 66 If Horus of the Gods, Hr šemty, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte make an ascent to purify themselves in Field of Rushes, king shall do likewise. 1412-15
- 67 Re, Horus, and king have purified themselves in Field of Rushes. 100 1430
- 68 For connections with Field of Rushes, see also 525-29(D 46), 874(H 6), 981-85(D 48), 1084-87(D 34), 1132-37(D 49), 1408-11(D 47)

d) Way $(w^3 \cdot t)$ of Horus¹¹⁰

- 69 King passes along a way made by the gods, for he is Horus. 503
- 70 Way of Horus is bidden to extend its hand (yr hn·t)^{110a} and its two arms (c·wy) to king. 607
- 71 On way of *Hr samty*, see 2062(D 63)

e) Dewat

- 72 King presides in Dewat like (ys) Horus, presider over Dewat. 5
- 73 Hr spd and ymy Dw3 t in vocative have interchanged places in W and T texts of 330 and 331. Are they identified?
- 74 See also the references to Horus of Dewat under A 96; still other connections appear in 372(E 94), 390(E 111), 1959(F 209)

f) Y3-t-regions

- 75 King circles (dbn) the Horite regions and the Setite regions. 135, 1735
- 76 [King circles his] Horite [regions] and his Setite regions like Min. 1928
- 77 King circles the Horite regions; he invades (dndn) the Setite regions. 2099
- 78 King is bidden to go to give command to the regions of Horus, of Set, and of Osiris. 218, 222
- 79 The region 'of Geb', that of Horus, that of Set, and the Field of Rushes praise king. 480
- 80 The regions of Horus, those of Set, and the Field of Rushes praise king. 994
- 81 Horus is greeted in the Horite regions, Set in the Setite, and Y3rw in the Fields (so W; N has 'Field') of Rushes. 487
- 82 King belongs to that distant palace of the lords of kas where Re is at morn $(dw^3 \cdot w)$; or 'is praised'), in the Horite regions, in the Setite regions. 598

¹⁰⁹ Cf. also connection of Horus with Lake of Rushes in 519 and 1247 (E 95–96).

¹¹⁰ Cf. "ways of Kheprer" in 305, and "ways of the Bows" in 801(D 53).

¹¹⁰a See Lacau, Rec. de Trav., XXXV, 220.

- 83 King is to inhabit his Horite regions and wander over (wnwn) his Setite regions. 770
- 84 The Fields of Rushes, the Horite regions, and the regions of Set are all for king. 943
- 85 The gods who have gone to their kas $(s(y) \cdot w \cdot n \cdot k^3 \cdot w \cdot sn)$ live in the Horite and the Setite regions. 948
- 86 Sky, earth, Field of Rushes, Horite regions and Setite regions, cities and nomes are given to king by Atum. 961
- 87 Regions of Geb, those of Horus, those of Set, and the Field of Rushes are given to king by Atum. 1475
- 88 Anubis has commanded that king descend as Morning-star and invade (dndn) region of southern Horus and region of northern Horus. 1295

g) Earthly Localities

- 89 'The remedies of Horus have been applied' $(p\underline{h}r \ p\underline{h}r \cdot wt Hr)^{111}$ in Abydos (3bdw), '(even) the $wy \cdot t$ -bread of 'Osiris. 1122
- 90 Horus comes forth from Khemmis (3b-by·t), and Pe (P) arises for him. 2190
- 91 Double Horus (*Hr·wy*), presider over estates, is called also Great One (dwelling) in Heliopolis (*Ywnw*). 695(H 5)
- 92 For Heliopolis, see also 1614(F 72)
- 93 King's soul stands among the gods as (m) Horus (dwelling) within Yrw.
 723
- 94 Delta ('Ydḥ·w'). 854(D 55)
- 95 The Horus hostile to dead is bidden to begone to 'np t and to Ntr(w). 1268
- 96 Pe (P). 2190(D 90, D 27)
- 97 King [as Osiris] is mighty [over Delta ('Mh') as (over) this Horus.] 1827
- 98 Hieraconpolis (Nhn). See references in A 39
- 99 Ntrw. 1268(D 95)
- 100 Letopolis (Hm). See references and notes under A 63 and A 70
- 101 $\underline{H}^3 \cdot t$. Proper reading of $\check{S}^3 \cdot t$ (D 103), q.v.
- 102 King has trodden upon 'the Horite city of Sbn'. 112 244
- 103 Š3·t. 450 ff. (C 73, D 28), 1257(C 87)
- 104 King as Osiris [is mighty] over Upper Egypt $(\check{S}m^c)$ as (over) this Horus. 1824
- 105 Upper Egypt. See also 854(D 55)
- 106 Kns·t. 920-21(D 229), 1207(D 61)
- 107 The Two Lands $(t^3 \cdot wy)$. 6-7(A 26), 1258(C 51)
- 108 King begot (or 'is child of') Horus (dwelling) in Dbc-hrw t, like (ys) Set (dwelling) in 'Hnhn t. 734
- 109 Db'-brw t. See also 1668(D 190), 1993(C 105)

 $^{^{111}}$ Breasted renders: "'the offering of Horus is offered';" but pbr, "food-offering," is masc. in 818a, the only certain Pyr. occurrence of this root with such meaning.

¹¹² Breasted: "'fthe ab of the city of Horus'."

h) Miscellaneous

- 110 Eastern (y3bty). See references under A 2, also 159(E 121)
- 111 Yhm·wt. '1951'(A 91)
- 112 The two regions (ydb·wy) shall be withheld from Horus, 113 if Sun-god prevents king from coming to place where Sun-god is. 1436
- 113 King sees those who are in the palace ('h), 47 namely Horus and Set. 141
- 114 Sea $(w^3d wr)$. 1505(C 83), 1508(C 84)
- 115 The broad hall $(w \cdot h \cdot t)$. 905(E 90)
- 116 Among the falcons $(byk \cdot w)$. '1672'(E 164)
- 117 House or estate (pr). 1294(D 194)
- 118 Morning-barque $(m^c nd \cdot t)$. 1479(D 124)
- 119 As Horus does not pass the night behind the lake (n Hr & dr & 3 mr), 114 nor is Thoth left boatless, 115 so king too is not left boatless. 1429
- 120 Jackal-lake ('mr\-s3b). 372(E 94)
- 121 Celestial lake (mr kbhw). 1301(D 3)
- 122 "They" (obscure) row Horus at his ascent from (m; or 'in'?) $Mh \cdot t \text{ } wr \cdot t$.
 1131
- 123 Northern (mhty). 1295(D 88)
- 124 *Hsmnw*, Eastern Horus, Eastern Soul, and Harakhte, treated as one god, passes the night in evening-barque $(m\hat{s}kt\cdot t)$ and wakes in morning-barque $(m^cnd\cdot t)$. 1479
- 125 Rp·t-chapel. 767(B7)
- 126 Southern (rśw). 1295(D 88)
- 127 *Hnw*-barque. 138(B 2), 620(B 5), [1823](C 97), [1824](E 105), '1826' (E 106)
- 128 The Great House ($ht \cdot t \stackrel{c_3}{\cdot} t$, probably in sky). 373(E 110)
- 129 The double doors of the \$3.t-region¹¹⁶ are opened for Horus, and those of the meadows (\$3b.wt) for Set. 518
- 130 The star Sothis $(Spd \cdot t)$. 632 and 1636(B 6)
- 131 Great field (sh t wr t) of Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. 1217(E 91)
- The caverns of the lookouts (tph·wt-ptr·w) are opened for king as Horus; the footsteps of radiance are loosed (snfhfh nmt·wt-y³hw) for him. 852
- 133 *Dndrw*-barque. 633 and 1637(B 1)
- 134 The king. 19 etc. (C 45), 44(C 64), 636(C 46), 1633(C 47)

III. ATTITUDE OF HORUS TOWARD OTHER DIVINITIES

- 135 Nbyw t (a goddess?) in sky is beloved of Horus. 534
- 136 H^3py , Ymsty, Dw^3 - $mw \cdot t \cdot f$, and Kbh- $sn \cdot w \cdot f$ are beloved children of Horus.

 1548
- 137 Horus followed and loved Geb. 1625(G 51)
- $^{113}\,\mathrm{Breasted}$ interprets that Horus shall be prevented from inheriting Egypt as successor of the Sun-god.
 - 114 I.e., as Breasted notes, he does not have to remain without crossing it.
 - 115 These phrases picture Horus as sun and Thoth as moon crossing the sky.
- 118 The nisbe form $iity\cdot w$ occurs in 1369 and 2017. Cf. also the vocative iity in a serpent charm in 421 and 668.

- 138 Horus is satisfied with his father (the king); Atum is satisfied with his years. 258
- 139 Horus is to be satisfied with Osiris the king. 584
- 140 Horus loves his messenger the king. 535(D 198)
- 141 Horus has loved Osiris the king. 609
- 142 Horus has loved his father the king. 1633
- 143 Horus is not distant from Osiris the king. 610
- 144 Horus comes rejoicing at approach of king and of his eye which is upon latter. 2076
- 145 As to attitudes of Horus, see also 592 and 650(D 147), 1088(D 266), 1148(C 69)

IV. PARTS OF BODY

- 146 Incense is in limbs $({}^{t}yw^{c} \cdot w^{1})$ of Horus. 116
- 147 Heart (yb) of Horus rejoices in presence of Osiris the king. 592, 650
- 148 Heart (yb). See also 71(F 428), 585(D 176), 854(D 55), 1640(G 4)
- 149 White teeth (ybh·w hd·w) of Horus (onions?) are offered to Osiris the king. 35, 79
- 150 Eye $(yr \cdot t)$ and eyes $(yr \cdot ty)$. See section F as a whole.
- 151 A hostile bull's head is in hand ($^{\circ}$) of Horus, his tail in hand of Isis, and Atum's fingers are on his horns $(wp \cdot t)$. 1302
- 152 Arm (') of Horus is behind king, and arm of Thoth —. 1570
- 153 Horus has caused that his arm 'revert to' $(phr \cdot f n)$ [king]. 2213
- 154 Arm and arms. See also 741(G 2), 1036(D 52), 1243(E 109), 1588 etc. (F 91)
- Nose (fnd) of (Hr) semt(y) (or of Sobk?) breathes perfumes. 456
- 156 Pk-bread and p^3d -bread came forth from loins $(m^3 \cdot t)$ of Horus. 378
- 157 Thighs (mn·wt). '804 etc.'(A 68)
- 158 Tip of breast (tp n mnd) of Horus, of his body, is offered to king. 32
- 159 Breast of Horus is offered to Osiris the king. 91
- 160 Horus and Set respectively were purified and healed from the wounds they had given each other by the spittle (yšš) which came forth from the mouth (r³) of Horus and by the spit (yśd) which came forth from the mouth of Set. 850
- 161 Mouth. See also 663-64(A 77)
- 162 Arm ('rmn') of Horus fights in behalf of $\delta hd \cdot w$ of sky, whom Re causes to live (again) every day. 449
- 163 King descends ... on shoulders (rmn·wy) of Horus. 138
- 164 Horus has set king (upon) his shoulders. 1471
- 165 King sits at shoulder of Horus and spits on his temple (\$m³).117 2056
- 166 Ointment which was in forehead $(k^3 \cdot t)$ of Horus is put in forehead of king.
- 167 Forehead. See also 83(F 246), 139(F 121), 453(F 38), 742(F 39, F 158, F 217)

¹¹⁷ King does same for Osiris in 2055.

- 168 King spits on face (hr) of Horus to expel the 'wickedness' which is upon him ($nkn\ yr \cdot f$), and y'h's testicle of Set to expel his l
- 169 3kr and Horus each bare the other's face. 555
- 170 Face. See also 973(D 234), 1207(D 61)
- 171 A serpent is called $h^3 nf \cdot t$ of Horus (with flesh det. in W). 245
- 172 Neck (bb). 1213(D 181)
- 173 Body (<u>h</u>·t). 647(C 24)
- 174 Temple of the head $(\pm m^3)$. 2056(D 165)
- 175 "Talons" (\$\' \text{fm}^c\' \text{wy}; \text{ or props of some sort ?) of Horus and wings of Thoth are bidden to ferry over the king. 1176
- 176 Bones $(kr \cdot w)$ of Horus nw^3w^{3118} and his heart (yb) beats. 585
- 177 Foot (tbw). 681(G 42)
- 178 Blood (dšr). 854(D 55)
- 179 Body $(d \cdot t)$. 32(D 158)
- 180 King's head (d³d³) is that of Horus of Dewat, his forehead (m·lnt) is that of Hnty-'yr·ty¹, his two ears and again his two eyes are the two daughters of Atum, his nose (fnd) is that of the jackal, his teeth are Soped, his arm(s) are H³py and Dw³-mw·t·f, his legs are Yméty and Kbh-én·w·f, and his members (c·wt) are the two daughters of Atum. 148-49
- 181 The two children of Nut (namely Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. and the king) embark on the sea, each wearing on head $({}^{1}d^{3}d^{3})$ and neck (bb) garlands $(w^{3}h \cdot w)$ of the yb-tree. 1213
- 182 Head. See also 1239(F 197)
- 183 King has turned ($\underline{\delta tp}$) to sky at the two fingers ($\underline{d}b^c \cdot wy$) of the god, the lord of the ladder (Horus, cf. 973-74). 980
- 184 King's mouth is opened by Horus with his little finger (dbc nds). 1330(G 9)
- 185 Finger and fingers. See also 372(E 94), 663-64(A 77), 1208(G 32)

V. ELEMENTS OR PHASES OF PERSONALITY

- 186 Spirit or spirithood (y^3b) . 633 etc. (B 1), 795(G 39)
- 187 Soul of Horus is not repelled (n háf $b^3 \cdot f$). 253
- 188 Horus becomes a soul. 580, 767
- 189 Soul. See also 144(D 22), 206(D 23), 457(D 24), 854(D 55), 1209(G 32)
- 190 Name (rn) of Horus endures in Db^c - $hrw \cdot t$. 1668
- 191 Horus, Set, Thoth, Sp3, Osiris, Hnty-'yr ty', and the king go (sy), each with his ka (hn' k3 f). 17
- 192 King as Osiris is ka of Horus. 582(E 22), 610, 647(E 22), 1609, [1832]
- 193 Eye of Horus was 'before' (hry · t · · wy) his great kas and upon (tpy · t) his many kas. 2087

VI. SUBORDINATES

194 Horus of Hieraconpolis has given to king as to $Hr \ ymy \ pr \cdot f$, as to the presider presiding over the mighty, his spirits the jackals $(y^2b \cdot w \cdot f \ s^2b \cdot w)$.
1294

118 Breasted: "dance."

- 195 Spirits. See also 800 etc. (A 64), 969N(E 140)
- 196 King comes as messenger (yp(w)t(y)) of Horus. 1254
- 197 'Priest' 110 has come to Osiris the king as messenger of 'Horus' (yp(w)t(y)-Hrw). 1686
- 198 King is beloved messenger (ynw) of Horus, Set, and Thoth, for he brought (so T; N has 'brings') to them their eye, testicles, and arm (last in N only) respectively. 535
- 199 Messengers of Horus go, his couriers run (sy yn w f bi syn (w) f) to announce coming of king to Re. 253-54
- 200 Messengers of Horus go, his couriers run, his heralds hasten $(nt^3 y \cdot hw(w) t(y) \cdot w \cdot f)^{121}$ to announce coming of king to Re. 1861-62
- 201 Doorkeeper of Horus, [ga]te-['keeper'] of Osiris $(yr(y)^{-c} ? n Hr ['yry^{-c}rr]w \cdot t n \cdot t Y \cdot yr)$ is bidden to announce king to Horus. 520
- 202 Yhm·wt. '1951'(A 91)
- 203 Isis. 584(E 62)
- 204 King judges (wd^c mdw n) the gods like (yé) a king, like the deputy (yéty; or 'successor') of Horus, that he may avenge Horus's father Osiris (N has: 'who avenged his father Osiris'). 1406
- 205 Horus stands before the living (hnty 'nh · w). 1232
- 206 The living. See also 2103(C 103)
- 207 Wr-k3·f ('Great is his ka'), the butler (wdpw) of Horus, mighty in counsel (\$\delta h m s \delta\$) of Re, eldest of the palace (\$\delta m \delta w y s \cdot t\)) of Ptah, is bidden to give to king a joint of meat (wr). 560, 566
- 208 Horus comes to king, equipped with [his] souls $(b^3 \cdot w)$, namely H^3py , $Dw^3-mw \cdot t \cdot f$, $Ym\acute{s}ty$, and $Kbh-\acute{s}n \cdot w \cdot f$, who bring to king his name of 'Imperishable.' 2101-2
- 209 People $(p^c \cdot t)$. 14 etc. (A 34), 895(C 99)
- 210 There is conflict in the sky ... and the divine ennead of Horus $(p \cdot d \cdot t Hr)$ is in splendor $(m \cdot y^3 b \cdot w)$... as king sits in every seat of Atum and takes the sky. 304-5
- 211 Divine ennead. See also 895(C 99)
- 212 Children of Horus. 24 etc. (E 137), 619(E 101), 637 etc. (E 102), 1828 (E 138)
- 213 Nephthys. 584(E 62)
- 214 Cattle of Horus, whom he treads $(nr \cdot w Hr \ hnd \cdot (w) \cdot f)$, may apply to $d \cdot t$ -serpent and sp3-worm mentioned just previously. 244
- 215 Gods (ntr·w). 24 etc. (E 125-36), 577 etc. (E 38, E 161), 578(E 61), 895(C 99), 1458(E 123)
- 216 The sweet-smelling ones $(ndm \cdot w st(y))$. 1518(A 92)
- 217 People (rby t). 644(C 81)
- 218 Heralds (hwwty w). 769(D 221), 1861(D 200)
- 219 People (hnmm·t). 1993(C 105)
- 220 The Imperishable Stars $(y \cdot hm \cdot w \cdot k)$. 1301(D 3)
 - 118 Horus himself speaks in 1683-85, but throughout 1686 Hrw is in 3rd person.
 - 120 Here unnamed, but cf. 1861-62(D 200) and 2174-75.
- 12 Same grouping, but with different verbs, is used of king's envoys in 1539 (following G 18).

- 221 Couriers of Horus run, his heralds hasten (bt syn·w·f nt³ hwwty·w·f) to announce him to him who leans (upon his staff) in the East (Re). 769
- 222 Couriers (syn w). See also 253(D 199), 1861(D 200)
- 223 He who knows chapter of Re and recites charms of Harakhte (conditions met by king) shall be intimate (rh) of Re and companion (\$\delta m r\) of Harakhte. 855-56
- 224 Osiris has commanded that king dawn as deputy (or 'successor') of Horus (\$n \cdot nv-Hr). 467
- 225 The $\delta h^3 \cdot t$ -Hr (cow) suckled king. 1375
- 226 The mighty (shm·w). 1294(D 194)
- 227 King has been presented with hsmn-natron along with the Followers of Horus (šmś·w-Hr). 26
- 228 King satisfies the followers of Horus. 897
- 229 King descends to Field of *Kns. t*, that the Followers of Horus may purify him. They cleanse and dry the king, and recite for him the 'chapter of the just' and the 'chapter of them that have ascended' (P adds: 'to life and satisfaction'). 920-21
- 230 King is purified by the Followers of Horus, who also recite for him the 'chapter of them that have ascended' and 'them that lift themselves' $(\delta w \cdot yw \text{ in P}; \text{ but MN have } r^3 \text{ } n \text{ } bp \cdot yw, \text{ 'the chapter of them that go'}).$ 1245
- 231 (The inhabitants of) the Two Lands (t3·wy). 1258(C 51)
- 232 They of Dewat $(D(w)^3ty\cdot w)$ are bidden to support king like (my) Re, follow him like Horus, exalt him like Wepwawet, and love him like Min. 953
- 233 Thoth. 575(E 56), 651(E 57), 1336(E 59), 1979(E 60)

VII. EQUIPMENT

This covers in one alphabetic series:

Objects worn or carried Food, cosmetics, natron, incense Palaces, thrones, estates, temples Barques

Miscellaneous, including:

phr·wt

m³k·t, 'ladder'
h³·t, 'tomb'
hk³·w, 'charms'
htm, 'be equipped,' in general statement
hssw·t
św·t
śm·c·wy

234 Horus comes with his lion-mask upon his head (3 t f tp f); his face approaches his father Geb. 973

- 235 Db·t-nhh·wt has [come] to king 'after latter carried off' (shs·n·f) one of the two 3mé-scepters of Horus¹²² which were in her charge. 522
- 236 Horizon offers incense (ydy) to Horus of Hieraconpolis. 295, 296
- 237 Palace ('h). 141(D 113)
- 238 Garlands $(w^3h \cdot w)$. 1213(D 181)
- 239 Green cosmetic (w^3d) . 457(D 24)
- 240 Sorceress (wr t-hk? w, a crown). 823(C 56)
- 241 Southern crown (wrr·t). 14(E 86), 455(E 1), 737(F 149), 881(D 56)
- 242 The broad hall $(w \pm h \cdot t)$. 905(E 90)
- 243 Bread (p^3d) . 378(D 156)
- 244 'Pellets of incense' $(p^3d \cdot wy;$ or loaves?). 905(E 90)
- 245 House or estate (pr). 1294(A 10).
- 246 Estates $(pr \cdot w)$. 133(A 66), 695(H 5)
- 247 'Remedy' (phr t) and 'remedies'. 1088(E 169), 1122(D 89)
- 248 Bread (pk). 378(D 156)
- 249 Re dawns against, and Horus draws his nine bows (pd wt) against, this spirit which came forth from the earth, ... Ddy, son of Srk t-'htw'. 673
- 250 Staff $(m^3w \cdot t)$. 1212(D 255)
- 251 Ladder $(m^3k\cdot t)$ of Set and of Horus was made for Osiris, that he might ascend thereon to sky and join court of Re $(stp \cdot f s^3 yr R^5)$. 971
- 252 Geb gave to Horus (or Osiris? Cf. 973b vs. 971e) the ladder of the god (Horus, cf. 973) and of Set, that he might ascend thereon to sky and join court of Re, and is now entreated to do same for king. 974-75
- 253 All spirits and gods who shall oppose king when he ascends to sky upon ladder of the god (Horus, as before) are cursed, and those who shall aid him are blessed. 978–80
- 254 The god (Horus) is called lord of the ladder. 974 etc. (A 36)
- 255 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. receives his favorite m^cb^3 -harpoon, his staff $(m^3w \cdot t)$ which bm^c 's the canals, whose twin barbs $(bwn \cdot wy)$ are the rays of the sun, whose twin bone(-point)s $(krs \cdot wy)$ are the claws of $M^3fd \cdot t$. With this his companion the king is to cut off the heads of the 'adversaries' $(d^3yty \cdot w)$ who are in the Field of Offering. 1212
- 256 Sustenance of truth $(m \cdot {}^{c}nh \cdot t \ m \cdot t \ m^{3c} \cdot t)$. 815(A 61)
- 257 Morning-barque (m^cnd·t) 1479(D 124)
- 258 Horus has ointment $(mrh \cdot t \ n \ Hr)$, Set has ointment. 2071
- 259 Ointment $(mrh \cdot t)$. See also 52(D 166)
- 260 Evening-barque $(m \pm kt \cdot t)$. 1479(D 124)
- 261 Horus comes filled with ointment $(m[\underline{d} \cdot t])$; he has embraced his father Osiris. 1799
- 262 Horus has filled himself with ointment $(md \cdot t)$. 2072
- 263 King has inherited Geb and Atum; he is upon throne (ns t) of Horus the first-born (smsw) (of the gods). 301

¹²² The $3m\delta$ -scepter is frequently mentioned. In 43–45, 47, and 731 also the Horusbird appears, but seems in those cases a part of the phonetic writing of $3m\delta$. Erman, however $(Gram^3, \frac{5}{2}186)$, reads there $\delta r \cdot \delta$ as a compound noun formed with the feminine pronominal ending, parallel to $\delta m^{\epsilon} \cdot \delta$ and $mh \cdot \delta$, old names for crowns of South and North respectively.

- 264 These two great and powerful gods who preside over the Field of Rushes have placed king upon throne of 'Horus' (Hrw). 1690
- 265 Throne (ns·t). See also 1086(D 34)
- 266 'Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte, treated as one god,' is to be gracious to king as he is to Horus upon his throne (n!) and vice versa. 1088
- 267 King's $n\underline{t}ry$ -natron is that of Horus, of Set, of Thoth, and of Sp^3 . 27, 28
- 268 Rp·t-chapel. 767(B 7)
- 269 The four goings of king, raised by Geb (1353), are before the tomb (\(\hat{h}^3 \cdot t\)) of Horus, whereby one goes to the god when the sun goes down. 1355
- 270 Prime oil $(h^3t(y) \cdot t)$. 742(F 39)
- 271 *Hnw*-barque. 138 etc. (D 127)
- 272 Charms $(hk^3 \cdot w)$ of Harakhte. 855-56(D 223)
- 273 House (ht·t). 1025-27(D 58), 1327(D 59)
- 274 King is equipped (htm) as Set and as Hr hunty. 205-6
- 275 '(Hr) šsmty' (or Sobk?) causes ka of king to ascend to latter's side as former's bnsw t ascends to him. 456
- 276 Horus sits upon this his marvellous throne (hnd f pw by). 2091
- 277 Marvellous throne. See also 1301(D 3)
- 278 Smyn-natron. 26(E 88)
- 279 Arbor (sh). 2100(E 175)
- 280 Horus is equipped with his &w t-'plant'. 2072
- 281 "Props" (\$m^c \cdot wy). 1176(D 175)
- 282 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is a soul dawning in the bow (hnt) of this his ship (hnt) of 770 cubits (in length), which the gods of Pe bound (hnt) for him and the Eastern gods bent (hnt) for him. He is asked to take king with him in its cabin or hold (hnt). 1209
- 283 Incense (*éntr*). 116(D 146), '452'(B 10)
- 284 Horus, Set, Thoth, Sp^3 , and the king, each one has adorned himself with that (so M; N: 'his') $šsm \cdot t$ which traversed $(nmt \cdot t)$ the face of his land. 1612-14
- 285 King has gone forth from Pe unto the souls of Pe, adorned (**) with the adornment of Horus, clothed (*,b*) in the raiment of Thoth. 1089
- 286 King has gone forth from Pe adorned as $(\delta \underline{t} m)$ Horus, bedecked as $(\underline{d}b^{3} m)$ the two divine enneads. 1373
- 287 King as a Heliopolitan goes forth from his house (pr) adorned as Horus, bedecked as Thoth. 1507
- 288 Regalia (št. same word as preceding). See also 1285(C 66)
- 289 King hungers not, having eaten the kmhw-bread¹²³ of Horus, made for latter by his eldest woman(-'attendant', s·t·f wr·t) that he might be sated thereby and take this land (Egypt. So T; but MN have sp·f, 'his 'virtue') thereby. 551
- 290 Linen $(t^3yt(y) \cdot t)$. 2094(E 174)
- 291 Sandal $(tb \cdot t)$ of Horus, in a serpent-charm with obscure context. 444

123 On affinity of kmk to Semitic The see Bondi (Lehnwörter, p. 77) and Burchardt (Altkan. Fremdworte, No. 984, and I, §123).

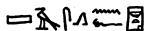
- 292 Sandal (tbw·t) of Horus trampled (hnd) the nhy-serpent, the nhy-serpent of Horus the young child with his finger in his mouth. 663
- 293 Horus the son of Isis journeyed over the land in his two white sandals $(\underline{tbw} \cdot \underline{ty})$, going to see his father Osiris. 1215(G 3)
- 294 Food $(df^3 \cdot w)$. 695(H 5)
- 295 *Dndrw*-barque. 633 and 1637(B 1)

E. Activities of Horus-

I. INVOLVING DIVINITIES OTHER THAN KING

- 1 Hr гt(y), Hr šsmt(y), and Eastern Horus, treated as one god, is bidden to take wrr·t-crown from the great and powerful —'s (3°c·w wr·w °3·w) who preside over Libya. 455
- 2 3kr. 555(D 169)
- 3 The king and Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. cause to flourish $(\delta \cdot {}^{3}b^{3}b)$ the $n \cdot t$ -crowns of the Field of Offering for Isis the Great. 1214
- 4 King is Horus, has come behind (yy m ht) his father Osiris. 493
- 5 King as the son Horus seeks to see $(dbh m^3 \cdot f)$ Osiris. 1129
- 6 On activities of Horus involving Osiris, see also 1643(F 56), and cf. references to king in E 16 ff.
- 7 'Horus' traverses 'Nephthys' (836 $f Nb \cdot f(t) ht \cdot t$, 124 in a serpent charm). 444
- 8 The Two Lands beam when Horus bares the face(s) of the gods (y·wn·j hr-ntr·w).125 373
- 9 The gods. See also 24 etc. (E 125-36), 51(F 28), 502(E 113), 969 etc. (E 122-23), 1406(D 204), 2046(D 40)
- 10 Re. 337 etc. (D 31-34), 449(D 162)

134 Possibly compare



said in 1278 of him who shall favor king's pyramid. On the other hand, text of 444 reads more fully



..., which suggests also



in 189a (the animal in latter group is a variant of



in 547a). Name of Nephthys is not written in exactly this way elsewhere in Pyr.

¹³⁵ Sense seems to be "when he appears to the gods," sun rising in presence of the gods and shining upon Egypt; but in Coptic such cases require a dative n. Cf., e.g., Zoega, Catalogus, p. 305:

ερώδη-ογαγγέλος ογωμάς μακ εβολ.

- Blue-eyed Horus comes up to (yy r) and red-eyed Horus protects (e³) two wild bulls (\$m³·wy), when he of the lion-mask¹³⁶ is sick (mr ¾(y)). 253
- 12 Set. 65(F 90), 95(F 83), 591(F 51)
- 13 Geb. 1643(F 48)
- 14 Horus has cast headlong (gbgb) the serpent Ddy, so that he lives not; Set has ynyn'ed him, so that he stands not. 678
- 15 Ddy. See also 673(D 249)

II. INVOLVING KING

a) Favorable

RECOGNITION

- 16 Horus recognizes (yp) Osiris the king. 587, 612
- 17 Youthful Horus (Hr rnpy) recognizes Osiris the king. 25, 767
- 18 Horus recognizes his father in Osiris the king. 580, 589, 767
- 19 Hr spd knows king. 330-31(C 112)

RECITATION

- 20 Recitation which Horus made for his father the king. 257
- 21 Horus commanded to make (a recitation) for his father, the cloud-lord Orion (wd·n·f yr·t n yt·f ...; might also possibly be 'he assigned the eye to his father ...,' Orion here representing the king). 261
- 22 Horus has made (a recitation) for his ka, even Osiris the king, that latter may be satisfied. 582, 647
- 23 Recitation by Horus. 583(Osirian), 1264(non-Osirian)
- 24 King has come to Horus that latter may recite for him the powerful and good saying (mdw ³ nfr) which he gave to Osiris, that king may thereby become powerful and great (³ wr). 1558
- 25 The son Horus has come to speak in behalf of Osiris the king. 1813

RESURRECTION OR RESUSCITATION

- 26 Horus has caused Osiris the king to stand. 617, 640
- 27 The son Horus bids Osiris the king to stand. 1683
- 28 Horus and Thoth raise (ts) Osiris (the king) (from) upon his side and cause him to stand among (m in PM; but N has m bnt, 'before') the two divine enneads. 956
- 29 King is bidden to give his hand (c) to Horus, that latter may cause him to stand. 1627, cf. 1796
- 30 Horus bids Osiris the king come forth (from tomb?) and awake. 127 1753
- 31 Horus comes to king, parts his bandages, and casts off his bonds (wd^c·f s³r·w·k h³c·f md·wt·k). 2202

RESTORATION OF BODY

- 32 Libation is poured by Horus for Osiris the king. 128 24, 765
- 33 Libations. See also 22(G 10)
 - 126 Geb; cf. 1032c.

127 Unnatural order of events.

128 Both incense and libation were intended to restore to the dead body its lost moisture. See A. M. Blackman in Zeitschrift für äg. Sprache, L, 69.

- 34 Horus has given to Osiris the king the latter's waters (mw). 106
- 35 Horus has come to unite (y^cb) his father Osiris the king. 101
- 36 Horus has united Osiris the king. 584
- 37 Horus has united Osiris the king's limbs (c.wt). 617, 635
- 38 Horus has caused that the gods put Osiris the king together (dmd).¹²⁹ 577, 645
- 39 Horus has put Osiris the king together, so that there is no disorder (hnnty) in him. 617, 635
- 40 The son Horus relieves intestinal pain which king suffers from having eaten an eye, so that king may live thereby. 192
- 41 Horus forms (kd) king and causes him to live (again) every day (as does Re the shd w of the sky in 449). 450
- 42 Horus has caused Osiris the king to live. 614, 646
- 43 Horus has opened (wp) eye of Osiris the king, that latter may see therewith. 610, 643, 1806
- 44 Horus established $(\delta nt(y))$ for Osiris the king latter's two eyes. 644
- 45 Horus has not permitted that Osiris the king perish (snw). 617, 637
- 46 Horus does not permit that Osiris the king perish. 1753
- 47 Horus has not permitted that Osiris the king's face nbrbr. 644
- 48 On bodily restoration, cf. also 905(E 90), 1684(E 99)

PUNISHMENT OF ENEMIES

- 49 (When) Horus has spoken, Set bows himself (yéd) and bears (wts) king. 261
- 50 Horus has seized Set and put him beneath Osiris the king to bear $(w\underline{t}s)$ latter and tremble beneath him as earth trembles. 581
- 51 Horus has put Osiris the king's enemy (hfty) beneath king's feet. 637
- 52 Horus has put Osiris the king's enemy beneath him to bear him. 642
- 53 Horus has caused Osiris the king's enemy to bear him. 649
- 54 Horus has put Osiris the king upon back of his enemy, that latter may not attack (\underline{h}^3yw) king. 651
- 55 Horus brings Set to king, has given Set to him, bowed down (ksy) beneath him. 1632
- 56 Horus has caused that Thoth drive back (6·bt) for Osiris the king Set's followers, and has brought them to king united (ywn·w), after repulsing (6·hm) for him the heart of Set. 575-76
- 57 Horus has caused that Thoth bring to Osiris the king latter's enemy. 651
- 58 Horus comes to reclaim Osiris the king from the gods $(yp \cdot f \underline{t}w \ m^c n\underline{t}r \cdot w)$.
 609
- 59 Horus has come to reclaim his father Osiris the king, and has proclaimed a royal decree (from) upon the seats of Anubis, bidding Thoth spare not those who wronged the king. 1335–36
- 60 The son Horus has given to king the gods, his enemies; Thoth brings them to king. 1979
- 61 Horus has caused that the gods avenge (nd) Osiris the king. 578
- 62 Horus has caused that Isis and Nephthys avenge Osiris the king. 584
- 129 Dmd is used of putting together members ($^c \cdot wt$) in, e.g., 318, 828, 835. In the last two cases dmd is parallel to y^cb .

- 63 Horus avenges king. 897
- 64 Horus avenges Osiris the king. 633, 634, 636, 1753
- 65 Horus has avenged king. 898
- 66 Horus has avenged Osiris the king. 582, 649, 1609, 1832
- 67 Horus has avenged Osiris the king without delay. 591, 618, cf. 1797
- 68 Horus has avenged his father the king. 1633, 1637
- 69 Horus has avenged his father (the king). 1728
- 70 Horus avenges what Set did against Osiris the king. 592
- 71 Horus has avenged king on his enemies. 758
- 72 The son Horus has smitten enemy of Osiris the king. 578
- 73 Horus has smitten and repelled for Osiris the king his enemy Set. 587
- 74 Horus, avenger of his father, has smitten him who smote Osiris the king, has avenged king on him who did evil against him. 1685
- 75 The son Horus smites him who smote Osiris the king, binds him who bound him, and puts enemy under his (Horus's)¹⁵⁰ eldest daughter, (dwelling) in Kdm. 1007–8PM
- 76 The son Horus has smitten him who smote Osiris the king, has slain him who slew him, has bound him who bound him, and has put enemy under king's eldest daughter, (dwelling) in Kdm. 1976-77
- 77 Horus has caused that Osiris the king seize his enemies so that none of them escape $(p \pm dw)$ him. 579
- 78 Horus has caused that Osiris the king recognize (yp) Set ... and seize him with his hand $(dr \cdot t)$ so that he escape not $(m \cdot nhp \cdot f)$ from him. 582
- 79 Horus has rescued (nhm) Osiris the king from his enemy. 649
- 80 Horus has stretched out (pd) Osiris the king's enemy beneath king. 650
- 81 Horus has hacked off thighs of Osiris the king's enemies (stp·n Hr hpě·w-hfty·w·k) and brings them to king cut up, after removing their ka(s) from them. 653
- 82 Horus has repelled king's enemy; the 3kr·w seize him not. 2202
- 83 On punishment of king's enemies through Horus, see also 1212(D 255), 1264-65(E 180), 1285(C 66), 1334(D 15)

MOUTH

- 84 Horus has pressed (mdr) Osiris the king's mouth. 11, 644
- 85 Horus has opened (wp) Osiris the king's mouth. 11, 589, 644
- 86 Horus opens (wn and [wp]) king's mouth with that wherewith he opened (wp) mouth of his father Osiris, with the metal (by3) which came forth from Set, the adze [of metal which opened the mouth(s) of the gods, that king may go and speak in person (d·t·f) before the divine ennead in Prince-house in] Heliopolis and take the wrr·t-crown from (br) Horus, lord of men (nb-pc·t). 13-14
- 87 King's mouth is opened (wp) by Horus with his little finger. 1330(G 9)
- 88 Horus, Set, and the two tt wy-yb spew out smyn-natron which opens (wp) king's mouth. 26
- 89 Horus has balanced Osiris the king's mouth against his bones. [1]2, [13], 644
 - 180 But N, as in 1977(E 76), has "thy," referring to king.

FOOD

- 90 'Son of dead king' as Horus' is gives to king a royal offering of bread and beer and the two 'pellets of incense' $(p^3d \cdot wy)$; or loaves of bread?) which came forth from Horus dwelling in the broad hall $(ymy \ wsb \cdot t)$, that he might satisfy $(s \cdot htp)$ king's heart therewith. 905N
- 91 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is asked to take king with him to this his great field $(\delta h \cdot t \cdot k \ tw \ wr \cdot t)$, which he made to fall 'because of' the gods $(m \ dr \ ntr \cdot w)$, '12 of the evening and morning (meals) of which he eats, which is filled with 'Food' (Hw), that king may eat and drink of the god's provisions. 1217–18
- 92 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is to place king's satiety above that of $Yw \cdot t$, the presider over her sisters. 1218
- 93 On furnishing of food by Horus, see also 695-96(H 5), 888(D 5)

PURIFICATION

- 94 Horus receives king to his two fingers, purifies $(s \cdot (w)^c b)$ him in the jackal-lake $(mr^1 s^3 b)$, cleanses $(s \cdot f b w)$ his ka in the Dewat-lake, and purifies (s k) the flesh of his bodily ka with this which is upon Re's shoulders in the horizon. 372
- 95 (After) king and Re have purified themselves in Lake of Rushes, Horus wipes king's flesh and Thoth his legs. 519
- 96 (After) king has purified himself in Lake of Rushes, where Re did the same, Horus is to wipe his back, and Thoth his legs. 1247
- 97 Horus has expelled the evil which was upon king in latter's four-day period; Set has known not what he did against king in latter's eight-day period. 746
- 98 Horus of Hieraconpolis has given to king the four nms·t-jars and the four c3b·t-jars ... wherewith king is purified. 1293
- 99 Horus has come to purify and cleanse (w^cb & (w)^cb) Osiris the king, to revivify (& chb) him, to collect (ynk) for him his bones, to bring together (\$\delta \delta k\right)\$ for him his nb·t. 1884
- 100 On purification, see also 841(D 54), 1978(C 54)

CARRYING AND BEARING

- 101 Horus has given to Osiris the king his children to bear (wts) king. 619
- 102 Horus has given to Osiris the king his children to carry (f3) king. 637, 1829
- 103 Horus has carried Osiris the king and bears him. 620
- 104 Horus carries king, Set lifts (\$\delta \cdot t s\) him. 1148
- 105 [Horus has carried Osiris the king in hnw-bar]que; he bears him [as] he bore his father. 1824
- 106 [Horus] has carried [Osiris] the king; [he bears him in] hnw-barque. 1826



132 Breasted suggests "since (the time of) the gods."

133 Det. is a man swimming.

ASCENT¹³⁴

- 107 Horus asks Osiris the king to give him his hand (c) ----. 68
- 108 (After) king has traversed Lily Lake in north of Nut (the sky), (Horus) of Dewat takes his hand and leads him $(\delta k T D(w))^{2}(y) d \cdot t \cdot k$) to place where Orion is. 802
- 109 Horus is asked to give his arm (') to king and to take (m) to himself his eye, which seems to be in king's head, that eye and king may both ascend to him. 1243
- 110 Horus brings king's bodily ka to the Great House $(ht \cdot t \stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow} t)$. 373
- 111 Horus and Set help king ascend to Dewat upon a ladder made for him by Re. 390
- 112 Re and Horus stand on either side of the ladder and 'lift' it before (hft)

 Horus's father Osiris (here the king) at his going to his spirit. 472
- 113 [Horus] is asked to open for king the double doors of sky with the flame that is under the "kettle" of the gods (hr blibw hr ykn t-ntr w). 502
- 114 Horus, master of his sustenance of truth, is bidden to seal the double doors of sky and keep back the approachers of its doors as soon as he has taken king's ka to sky. 815
- 115 The son Horus leads Osiris the king in ways of sky. 1010
- 116 Horus is asked to take king with him, not to leave him boatless. 1030
- 117 Horus is asked to take king with him, and Thoth to ferry king over on tip of his wing. 1429
- 118 Horus opens (wn), Set protects (bw; or '(tries to) prevent'?) that king may shine in east side of sky like Re. 1465
- 119 King as son of Re is caused to come to him by Horus, Set, Geb, and the souls of Heliopolis and of Pe. 1492-95
- 120 For other connections of Horus with king's ascent, see 69–70(F 427), 456(D 275), 980(D 183), 1036(D 52), 1176(D 175), 1208–9(G 32, D 282), 1213(D 181), 1471(D 164), 1570(D 152), 2019(D 41), 2046(D 40), 2106(E 150)

DEIFICATION

- 121 Set and Nephthys, Osiris and Isis, Thoth, and Horus are bidden to go and announce to the southern, northern, western, and eastern gods (except last group, called 'souls') respectively and their spirits the coming of the king as an imperishable spirit. 153-59
- 122 Horus, son of Osiris, puts king among the gods. 969P
- 123 King associates with the gods of the Underworld $(n!r \cdot w \cdot nty \cdot w)$, the Imperishable (Stars), leaning with them upon a w3 ϵ -scepter and a $d^{\epsilon}m$ -scepter, by command of Horus, the hereditary prince, the king of the gods. 1458
- 124 On deification, see also 633 etc. (C 109), 956(E 28)

134 Cf. descent in 138(D 163).

is properly "bind"; but context suggests that det.

RULE

- 125 Horus has caused that the gods hm^{c136} to Osiris the king, wherever latter goes. 24, 766
- 126 Horus assigns to $(yp \ n)$ Osiris the king the hearts of the gods. 590
- 127 Horus has assigned to Osiris the king the gods, so that they have not escaped from $(by^3 r)$ king, wherever latter has taken possession. 615
- 128 Horus has assigned to Osiris the king all the gods united $(sm^3 \cdot w)$. 1831
- Horus has brought (yny) to Osiris the king all the gods at once, without one of them escaping from $(by^3 m^c)$ him. 590, 647
- 130 Horus (or Geb?) has brought to Osiris the king the hearts of the gods. 634
- 131 Horus has caused that the gods follow Osiris the king. 611
- 132 Horus has given to Osiris the king all the gods, that they may follow king and that latter may control them (\$\delta m \cdot k \cdot ym \cdot sn)\$. 620
- 133 Horus has caused the gods to ascend to Osiris the king, has given them to king to illumine his face. 613, 641, 1659
- 134 Horus has put Osiris the king in heart $(h^3t(y))$ of the gods and has caused that he take every crown $(twy \cdot t)$. 613, 648
- 135 Horus has grasped for Osiris the king the gods, so that they have not escaped from (by^3r) king, wherever latter has gone. 615
- 136 Horus has caused king to enfold all the gods in his embrace (hnw-c·wy)
 1632
- Horus has caused that his children count for (yp n)¹³⁷ Osiris the king, wherever latter takes possession. 24, 766
- 138 [Horus has given to Osiris the king his four child]ren to control. 1828
- Horus has caused that king become a spirit before the spirits, that he gain control before the living (y³h·k hnt(y) y³h·w \$hm·k hnt(y) 'nh·w). 903
- 140 Horus, son of Osiris, has put king over his (H's) spirits. 969N
- 141 Horus of Hieraconpolis has given to king latter's¹³⁸ spirits, the jackals. 2011
- 142 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is to place king as prince among the spirits, the Imperishable (Stars) who are in the north of the sky. 1220
- 143 [The son] Horus gives to king latter's mdw-staff before the spirits and his nhb·t-scepter before the Imperishable Stars. 1994
- 144 The two great gods (Horus and Thoth) have supported (tw^3) king and establish his seat $(yr \cdot \delta ny \ y \delta \cdot t \cdot k)$ which is in ———. 1571
- 145 'Horus' (Hrw) has put 39 Osiris the king on throne (ns t) of Re-Atum. 1686
- 146 King is bidden to take the wrr·t-crown belonging to the Followers of Osiris, that he may thereby become more a spirit than the spirits, by command of Horus, lord of men (nb-p^c·t). 1804
- 147 On rule, see also 634(F 140), 956(E 28), 1294(D 194), 1979(E 60)

¹³⁶ Breasted: "bow down."

¹⁸⁷ I.e., 'be credited to'.

¹³⁸ The pronoun here is in 2d per.; but 1294(D 194) has 3d per., referring to Horus.

¹³⁹ As Breasted notes, comparing 1692b, $wdn \cdot n \cdot f$ here is a scribal error for $wd \cdot n \cdot f$.

2. Activities of Borns-

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- 140 Hannaine course and to bear institute in the and instrume found out of months of the two storms consents. 1446
- 146 Breue greene i pi in father the long.
- 130 Horse rate and stand, when he gisether has not disputcher has a normal to step. 2.39.

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- 151 Herm mention I just inter 1987
- 1位 (A attabation, ast ans \$2 ct. 王空. 器(子類), 编6王朝

MECHANICAN

- 153 Horse has some as embracer of Onicis the king on afta & ... 11
- 154. Horne has some to embence Oricis the king him for . 5.5
- 135 Horse has shone in Osiris the king's passence yis a Hir br k, and in latter's embrace in housing by big. . 355
- 156 Horus has shone again in Onicis the king's presence (pl) a f in look). 636
- 197 Horus has found Onicis the king, and has shone or "become a spirit") in for "through", him 'y'-, 'n f ym k .* 612, 648
- 188 Horus has bound kinnelf to Osiris the king, and has not parted from him in up n f yr k_f. 613, 646
- 150 [Horus unites with for 'protects'?, Ouris the king 'bom f tor 1824
- 160 When Ouiris the king ascends to sky to Re, Horus¹⁶⁰ fraternizes with him-1016P
- 161 Horus has caused that the gods fraternize with Oniris the king. 577, 645
- 102 Horus does for king that which he did for Osiris. 970
- 163 Horus comes to king to do for him that which he did for his father Osiris, [that he may be more alive than the sky-dwellers and exist] more truly than do those on earth. 2115
- 164 He who is among the falcons (Horus, named just previously) is to hasten (hyn') to king's ka. 1672
- 165 King's son Horus comes to meet him. 1702
- 166 Horus bids king stand, Set bids him sit, while his arm is taken by Re (so N; W has: "'take his arm,' says Re"). 473
- 167 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is to cause king to sit because of his righteousness (m^{3c}·t) and to stand because of his reverence (ym³b). 1219

148 But it is Re who glorifles the king in 795(G 39), and Geb who glorifled Osiris as a god in 1013(G 28).

19 (%, same phrase with pronouns interchanged in 633 and 1637(C 109). Breasted renders 612: "(that) there is profit for him in thee," and 648: "he has pleasure in thee." Kness (!)pferions, p. 208, n. 23) declares that "shine" is not in early texts written with the ylb-hird which appears in these and the preceding passages.

14" Unites with" is favored by parallel phrase "thou art equipped with 'him' $(him \cdot h \ ym \cdot f)$ " in 1827; and hnm+dir. obj.="unite with" in $Urkunden\ des\ ag.\ Altertums$, IV, h4 (Righteenth Dynasty). But the similar phrase in Sinuhe R 7 uses the preposition m_i and hnm+dir. obj.="protect" several times in Pyr., e.g., in 638 and its parallels.

145 MN have "Set."

168 Given to king is



by Horus. 1048

- 169 'Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte, treated as one god,' is to msms $m p_h r \cdot t$ (for king). 1088
- 170 Re is to purify himself for king, and Horus is to adorn (škr, for hkr) himself for him. 1244
- 171 Horus has not permitted king to bhn. 1633
- 172 Horus is bidden to betake himself to king's pyramid and to be not distant from it. 1657
- 173 [(When) king has ascended from lake of life, having purified himself in lake of] the firmament and having become Wepwawet, his son Horus leads him. 1979
- 174 Horus decks king with the linen $(t^3yt(y) \cdot t)$ which came forth from him.
- 175 Horus has set up (\$\delta h t;\) or 'plaited') his arbor (\$\delta \) over king's head (\$\delta r\) d\(\delta \frac{1}{3} \delta \cdot k;\) or possibly 'in king's behalf'); Set has parted (\$\rho \tilde{k}\$) king's 'ribs' (\$wrm \cdot w t).\(\delta r\) 2100
- 176 Horus provides king with the eye. 19 etc. (F 54), 21 etc. (F 45), 54(F 32), 65(F 55), 104 etc. (F 53), 609(F 64), 742(F 39), 1795(F 40)
- 177 Other unclassified services of Horus appear in 1684(E 99), 2101–2(D 208), 2213(D 153)

b) Unfavorable

- 178 Osiris and Horus count not king's heart $(n \ yp \cdot f \ yb \cdot k)$ and gain no control over his heart $(n \ \delta hm \cdot f \ m \ h^3 l(y) \cdot k)$. 145
- 179 Father Osiris and son Horus have gained no control over king. 146
- 180 (One) Horus warns away from king's pyramid him whom (another) Horus guards (twr)¹⁴⁵ and Set protects (mk), Osiris guards and <u>Hrty</u> protects, Isis guards and Nephthys protects, <u>Minty-'yr-ty'</u> guards and Thoth protects, and the <u>H³ty·w</u> guard and the <u>Ymy·w-y³w</u> protect. 1264-65
- 181 If Osiris, Horus, Set, $Hnty^{-1}y^{-1}ty^{1}$, Thoth, Isis, Nephthys, or the $H^{3}ty \cdot w$ and $Ymy \cdot w y^{3}w$ come with their evil coming, king's pyramid-temple is told not to open its arms to them but to bid them begone. 1267-74

F. Eye of Horus-

I. EPITHETS OF THE EYE

- 1 $y^3b \cdot t$, "left." 451(F 135, F 82), 1231(F 143)
- 2 '\$3.t-wn.w, "numerous of beings." 901
- 3 $w^3d \cdot t$, "green." 96(F 166), 107, 108(F 166)

144 Breasted so renders last phrase without question, and interprets that the "ribs" were spread out as supports.

148 Sethe (Verbum, I, p. 144) gives for twr "reinigen, schittzen." Its parallelism here with mk is suggested by Pyr. 350a, where again Hrty and Osiris are both hostile to king. Gardiner in $Rec.\ de\ Trav.$, XXXII, 16 (note on Sinuhe B 11), gives "stand in awe of" as its root meaning.

- 4 wr·t, "large." 451(F 135, F 82)
- 5 $wr \cdot t b^3 \cdot w$, "great of honor." 901
- 6 wêr t, "powerful." 1234(F 152)
- 7 wd3 t, "sound." 21, 54(F 198), 55(F 78), 900, 1642(F 150)
- 8 bnr·t, "sweet." 100, 111, 591
- 9 $ndm \cdot t \dot{s}t(y)$, "sweet of odor." 1643
- 10 $nds \cdot (t)$, "small." 61 and 88(F 110)
- 11 rwd·t, "flourishing." 113(F 206), 614
- 12 hd·t, "white." 33(F 424), 48(F 115), 96 and 108(F 166)
- 13 *twy t*, uncertain. 600
- 14 $k^{33} \cdot t$, uncertain. 2087(F 122)
- 15 km·t, "black." 33(F 424)
- 16 ts.t, "bound." 1227(F 97)
- 17 děr·t, "red."146 901

II. MAGICAL OR MYSTIC NAMES OF THE EYE

- 18 wht-ntr, "offering147 of the god." 614
- 19 w³g, a feast.¹⁴⁸ 2185
- 20 $wr \cdot t hk^3 \cdot w$, "sorceress (a crown)." 1795
- 21 n·t, "city." 1595
- 22 $h^3t(y) \cdot t$, "prime oil." 453
- 23 hknw, an ointment. 454
- 24 grg·wt, "settlements." 1595
- 25 <u>tr</u>·t, "willow-tree." 453
- 26 $thn \cdot t$, t = thnw, "olive oil" 1.149 454

III. RELATIONS OF HORUS TO THE EYE

- 27 $Hr \check{S}^{3}t(y)$, $Hr \check{s}emt(y)$, and Eastern Horus, as one god, is bidden to ascend to $(y^{3}k^{2}r)$, and does ascend to $(y^{c}n)$, his large left eye. 452
- 28 Horus brought (yny); or 'carried off'? N adds: 'and supported (tw^3) ') the gods by means of the eye. 51
- 29 Horus performed purification (yry bw) for his eye. 1233
- 30 Alas for (yhy n) Horus because of (n) his eye; alas for Set because of his testicles. 594
- 31 "He" (Horus or better Set?) yth'ed the eye. 60 etc. (F 106)
- 32 Horus has taken his eye (and put it) into Osiris the king's forehead $(y\underline{t}\cdot t\cdot n\cdot f + h^3\cdot t\cdot k)$. 54
- 33 Horus took $(y\underline{t}y)$ the eye. 107
- 34 Horus has taken his eye and given (rdy) it to king. 1240

¹⁴⁶ Det. shows eye here is the Red Crown.

¹⁴⁷ Wib.t has loaf and jar determinatives in 101c.

¹² Text has omitted pronominal suffix after rn, so this "name" may possibly apply directly to Horus.

¹⁴⁰ Cf. 54(F 368).

- 35 Horus took his eye, rescued (nhm) it from his enemies, (so that) Set is not profited 1160 thereby. 2071
- 36 "He" (Horus or better Set?) 'h'ed the eye. 105(F 109)
- 37 Horus 'rejoiced over' (w^3g) his eye. 2185
- 38 $Hr \check{S}^{3}t(y)$, $Hr \check{s}emt(y)$, and Eastern Horus, as one god, is bidden to put ((w)d(y)) his large left eye in his forehead, that he may *trwrw* thereby. 453
- 39 Horus put that which was in his forehead (eye here representing prime oil) on crown of head $(wp \cdot t)$ of his father Osiris. 742
- 40 Horus has put his eye in Osiris the king's forehead. 1795
- 41 Horus 'assigned (wd) the eye to his father ... Orion (here the king). 261(E 21)
- 42 Horus circles about (phr) behind (m &; or 'in search of'?) the eye. 670
- 43 Horus (dwelling) in Osiris the king is bidden to take (m) the eye. 19, 21, 55. 831
- 44 Horus is bidden to take his eye. 1243(E 109), 1614
- 45 Horus has completely filled (mh) Osiris the king with his eye. 21, 114, 614, 18[58]
- 46 Horus filled his empty eye with his full eye (cosmetic). 1682
- 47 "He" (Horus?) ms?'ed the eye. 85
- 48 Horus spoke (mdw) concerning the eye in presence of Geb (hr·é hr Gbb). 1643
- 49 Horus nn'ed ('went striding off' or 'did obeisance'?) after the eye. 1595(F 85)
- 50 The son Horus has rescued (nhm) his eye from Osiris the king's enemy and given it to king. 578
- 51 Horus has rescued his eye from Set and given it to Osiris the king. 591
- 52 Horus rescued his eye. See also 1595(F 85), 2071(F 35)
- 53 Horus has given (rdy) (his eye) to king. 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 1240(F 34)
- 54 Horus has given his eye to Osiris the king. 19, 578(F 50), 591(F 51), 614, 634, 641, 1805
- 55 Horus has given his eye into hand (c) of Osiris the king. 65
- 56 Horus gave his eye to Osiris. 1643
- 57 Horus has not permitted (rdy) his eye (Egypt or some part thereof) to hearken to Westerners, Easterners, Southerners, Northerners, nor those in the midst of (hry·w-yb) the land. 1588
- 58 Horus picked up (h^3m) the eye. 93
- 59 Horus rejoiced (h'y) at approach (hfw) of his eye (when) it was given (back) to him before his father Geb. 977
- 60 Horus is praised (hkn) thereby. 454(F 89)
- 61 Horus is satisfied with (htp hr) his eye. '58', 2072
- 62 Horus was satisfied with his eye. 59

180 Sethe (quoted by Breasted) thinks

4514

a denominative verb from yš.t.

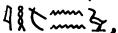
- 63 Horus (dwelling) in Osiris the king is bidden to equip (htm) himself with the eye. 21
- 64 Horus has equipped Osiris the king with his eye, has united (\$\delta\cdot dmy\) his eye to king. 609
- 65 "He" (Horus or better Set?) hnf'ed the eye. 76 etc. (F 113)
- 66 Horus falls (br) because of (n) his eye; the bull (so W; T has 'Set') collapses (sbn) because of his testicles. 418
- 67 Horus falls because of (hr) his eye; Set suffers (p3s)151 because of his testicles.
 679
- 68 "He" (Horus?) 'hhr'ed the eye. 108
- 69 "He" (Horus) took possession of (hnm; or 'protected') the eye. 51
- 70 Horus goes to the eye $(sy r \cdot s)$. 31
- 71 "He" (Horus or better Set?) she'ed the eye. 109(F 114)
- 72 Horus recognized (4y3) his eye in the Prince-house that is in Heliopolis (ht·t-fr ymy·t Ywnw). 1614
- 73 "He" (Horus?) handed over the eye $(y \cdot \hat{s} \cdot (y)p \cdot t \cdot n \cdot f)$. 109
- 74 "He" (Horus?) '—ed upon' his eye $(y \cdot \$fkk \cdot t \cdot n \cdot f \nmid r \cdot \$)$. 51
- 75 "He" (Horus?) & sum'ed the water by means of (m; or 'from' or 'in' or 'into'?) the eye. 88
- 76 "He" (Horus or better Set?) ś-šd'ed the eye. 108(F 116)
- 77 Horus (dwelling) in Osiris the king is bidden to unite $(s \cdot dm(y))$ the sound eye to his face. 55
- 78 Horus united his sound eye. 55
- 79 Horus has united his eye to Osiris the king. 609(F 64)
- 80 Horus goes to the eye $(\delta m \, yr \cdot \delta)$. 83
- 81 Horus went about (in) in the protection of his eye. 195 etc. (C 92)
- 82 $Hr \ \tilde{S}^{3}t(y)$, $Hr \ \tilde{s}emt(y)$, and Eastern Horus, as one god, is asked to receive ($\tilde{s}sp$) his large left eye from king in sound condition, with its waters (mw), its colors ($tr \cdot w$), and its 'throats' ($th(y) \cdot w(t)$ ') in it. 451
- 83 Horus took (šd) the eye from Set. 95
- 84 Horus built (kd) the eye. 1589(F 92)
- 85 Horus settled (grg) the eye (Egypt or some part thereof), 'went striding off' (nn(yw) f; Breasted takes as nyny, 'did obeisance') after it, and rescued (nhm) it from every green thing which Set did against it. 1595
- 86 Horus settled the eye. See also 1589(F 92)
- 87 Horus supported (tw^3) the gods by means of the eye. 51(F28)
- 88 Horus is to trwrw thereby. 453(F 38)
- 89 $Hr \ \tilde{S}^{3}t(y)$, $Hr \ \tilde{s}smt(y)$, and Eastern Horus, as one god, sparkles (thnhn) thereby among the gods, and is praised (hkn) thereby. 454
- 90 Horus besought his eye from $(dbh m^c)$ Set. 65
- 91 Horus adorned (db^3) his eye (Egypt or some part thereof) with both his arms ($^c \cdot wy$). 1588, 1596(C 94)
- 92 Horus adorned the eye (as above), built (kd) it, settled (grg) it. 1589
- 93 Others provide Horus with his eye. See 451(F 135), 535(D 198), 946(F 98), 1235 etc. (F 203), 1239(F 197), 1643(F 173)

¹⁸¹ So Sethe, Verbum, I, p. 158.

94 Other connections of Horus with his eye. 19 etc. (F 309), 61 etc. (F 227), 72(F 243), '74'(F 181), '86'(F 182), 737(F 149), 901(F 263), 1407(F 259), 1589-92(F 279), 1593-94(F 291), 1756(F 316), 2072(F 286, F 308, F 289), 2088(F 318), 2090(F 196), 2091(F 120)

IV. RELATIONS OF OTHERS TO THE EYE

- 95 The spirits $(y^3b \cdot w)$. 57(F 235), 579(F 159)
- 96 Osiris. Besides references to king (F 130 ff.), see 742(F 39), 1643(F 56)
- 97 M³-h³·f, the ferryman, called also Hr·f-h³·f, is bidden to bring (yny) for king the bound (ts·t) eye of Horus which is in Field of 'Rowers' (\$h·t-hnn·w), 122 namely (the barque) "Eye of Khnum." 1227
- 98 The ferryman (mhnty) is bidden to bring to Horus his eye and to Set his testicles. 946
- 99 The gods (ntr w) 'crushed' (p³) eye of Horus, that they might eat (wšb) there(of). 117
- 100 The gods who ferry over on wing of Thoth to yonder side of Lily Lake to east side of sky to speak with (md t hft) Set about (hr) eye of Horus are entreated to ferry king over with them to same place for same purpose.
 595–96
- 101 The gods fear before (nr n) eye of Horus. 1755
- 102 The gods. See also 51(F 28), 634(F 140), 737(F 149), 1147(F 236), 1231(F 143), 2075(F 160)
- 103 Re. 2090(F 319)
- 104 'The hoers', "they who wear the skin" (former written



to which

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is parallel), have swallowed ('m) the eye. 118

- 105 Khnum. 1227(F 97)
- 106 "He" (Set?) 'confined' (yth for rth) the eye. 60, 73, 77, 78, 86
- 107 Set took (yty) the eye. 1233, [2213]
- 108 "He" (Set?) is not to swallow (m) the eye. 92(F 179)
- 109 "He" (Set?) withheld (h) the eye.153 105
- 110 Set ate of (wnm m) the small eye of Horus. 61, 88
- 111 The eye was wrested (hp) from Set. 36, 39
- 112 Set swallowed (hnp) the eye. 1839(F 218)
- 113 "He" (Set?) 'swallowed' (h3nf and hnf resp.) the eye. 76, 95
- 114 "He" (Set?) 'carried it off' (shs).154 109
- 115 [Finger of Set causes] the white eye of Horus [to see $(s \cdot m^{33})$]. 48

153 Or perhaps "Field of Conflict"; for, while det. of bnnw is a ship in P, in M it is a (mutilated) man with weapon. Cf. "that place where they fought" in 1242(F 204).

155 Cf. 99(F 180).

154 Cf. 97(F 183).

- 116 "He" (Set?) 'took' $(\delta \cdot \delta d)^{155}$ the white and the green eye of Horus. 108
- 117 Set 'tramples' $(ty)^{150}$ the eye. 73
- 118 Set. See also 20(F 288), 48(F 276), 65(F 90), 84(F 246), 95(F 83), 591 (F 51), 594(F 278), 595–96(F 100), 1242(F 204), 1407(F 259), 1593– 94(F 291), 1595(F 85), 1742(F 226), 2071(F 35)
- 119 Shu is bidden to bear (wis) eye of Horus to sky, to the shdw of the sky. 2091
- 120 Shu is bidden to go (sy) as t^{167} one who shall row (t^{168} w·t(y)·f(y)) Horus for account of t^{1} (hr) his eye. 2091
- 121 Geb gives (rdy) to king that which (was) in forehead of Horus. 139
- 122 Geb has lifted up $(\hat{s} \cdot \underline{t}s)$ the $k^{33} \cdot t$ eye. 2087
- 123 Geb. See also 977(F 59), 1643(F 48)
- 124 Thoth is to bring (yny) king bearing (hr) the eye. 58
- 125 Thoth is bidden to set on ((w)d(y)) for king the eye of Horus (king's head). 830
- 126 Thoth is bidden to ascend (pr) to king bearing the eye. 58
- 127 Thoth avenged (nd) the eye. 2213
- 128 Thoth is bidden to give (rdy) the eye to king. 58
- 129 Thoth. See also 43(F 294), 594(F 278), 976(F 258)
- 130 King is the eye of Horus. 698(F 280), 976(F 300), 1147, 1460(F 409)
- 131 Osiris the king is bidden to unite (y^cb) the eye to his mouth. 60, 72
- 132 King is not left boatless (ywy), (for) he possesses (hr) the eye. 1429
- 133 King ywg's after the eye. 1067(F 229)
- 134 King is bidden to assign (yp) the eye to himself. 100, 111, 591
- 135 King brings (yny) to $Hr \tilde{S}^{3}(y)$, $Hr \tilde{s}smt(y)$, and Eastern Horus, considered as one god, latter's large left eye. 451
- 136 King brings to Horus his eye. 535(D 228)
- 137 Osiris the king is to betake himself to $(ys^3 r)$ the eye. 82
- 138 Osiris the king is to take (yty) the eye. 67, 1838
- 139 Osiris the king takes the eye (wine) to his mouth. 36
- 140 Osiris the king is to take wrr·t-crown before the gods by means of the eye.
 634
- 141 King is to take wrr·t-crown by means of the eye. See also 737(F 149), 2075(F 160)
- 142 King has not swallowed (${}^{c}m$) eye of Horus nor a member (${}^{c} \cdot t$) of Osiris, that he should die because of either. 1450
- ¹⁵⁵ This verb in both 96(F 184) and 108(F 116) may have nothing to do with δd , "take," for writing and subject alike differ, e.g., in 95(F 83).
- ¹⁵⁶ Cf. the reduplicated form tyty in Erman's Glossar. Comparison of 73(F 117) and 60(F 185) shows that Set is the offender in both cases.
 - 157 The writing



in 2091(F 120) seems to be a scribal error, for sense requires action favorable to Horus. In 2090(F 196) m does in fact stand alone.

188 Cf. 639 and 10b.

- 143 King stands at ('h' r) that left eye of Horus, where in (m; or 'by' or 'concerning which') 150 the word of the gods is heard. 1231
- 144 King has purified himself (w^cb) with the eye of Horus; his injury (śdb) has been removed by the two falconesses of Osiris (dr·ty-Yŝyr, Isis and Nephthys). 308, 312
- 145 Osiris the king opens (wp) his mouth with the eye of Horus (wine). 36
- 146 King is to open his mouth with the eye. 39, 63, 92, 93, 106
- 147 Osiris the king is to open his mouth with that which lays hold of him $(mh \cdot t \ ym \cdot k)$, the eye, here wine). 36
- 148 King becomes (wn) Presider over the Westerners by means of the eye. 139(F 161)
- 149 King is bidden to clothe himself in $(wnh\ m)$ the eye of Horus which is in $T^3y \cdot t$, that it may be king's $ky \cdot t$ in presence of the gods and the means of his recognition $(m \cdot sy^3 \cdot t)$ by them, that he may take $(yty) \ wrr \ t$ -crown by means of it from the gods and from Horus, lord of men $(nb-p^c \cdot t)$. 737
- 150 King is bidden to put on (wnb) the sound eye of Horus which is in $T^3y \cdot t$.
- 151 King is bidden to put on eye of Horus, to receive (&p) it upon himself, that it may unite (dmy) with his flesh and that he may ascend (pr) thereby and the gods see him decked (adb^3) therewith. 844-45
- 152 King puts on $(w\underline{t}s)$ the White Crown $(h\underline{d}\cdot t)$ the powerful $(w\$r\cdot t)$ eye of Horus there. 1234
- 153 Osiris the king is bidden to put ((w)d(y)) the eye within himself $(mm \cdot k)$, that "he" (king's enemy) may fear before him $(nr \cdot f n \cdot k)$. 249
- 154 Osiris the king is bidden to put the eye within himself, that his every enemy may fear before him. 614
- 155 Osiris the king is to put the eye unto himself $(hr \cdot k)$. 1798, [18]08
- 156 King is to put the eye ('butter or cheese') in his mouth. 31
- 157 Osiris the king has put the eye in his mouth. 77
- 158 King puts on crown of his head $(wp \cdot t)$ that which was in forehead of Horus (eye here representing prime oil). 742T
- 159 Osiris the king is to become a soul (b3) and gain control (\$\delta m\$) before the spirits by means of the eye. 579
- 160 King becomes a soul, gains control, receives obeisance $(w^{3\delta})$, and takes (yty) wrr t-crown among the gods, by means of the eye. 2075
- 161 King becomes a soul, gains control, and becomes (wn) Presider over the Westerners, by means of that which (was) in forehead of Horus. 139
- 162 Osiris the king 'crushes' (p^3) eye of Horus (cakes) in order to eat. 35, 78
- 163 King is to ascend (pr) thereby. 845(F 151)
- 164 Osiris the king is to carry (f^3) the eye to his face. 61
- 165 King is bidden to take (*m*) the eye of Horus. 19, 31, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, [43], [48], 51, 59, 60, 61, 64, 72–74, 76–78, 80, 82–89, 92–95, 97–100, 105–10, 117, 1756, 1807, 1839, 1840, 2033
- Osiris the king is bidden to take both the white and the green eye of Horus. 96, 108

¹⁵⁰ Cf. 595-96(F 100).

- 167 Osiris the king is to see $(m^3 \cdot k)$ by means of the eye of Horus. 641, 1805, 1807, 1808
- 168 King speaks with $(mdw \cdot f \, hft)$ Set about eye of Horus. 596(F 100)
- 169 The eye was rescued (nhm) for king. 39, 40
- King is to *nbb* the eye unto himself. 21, 115, 1068, 1881 King is to *nbb* (the eye) unto himself. 100, 112, 216, 591
- Osiris the king 'fed upon' (nšbšb hr) the eye. 64 172
- 173 'King' has given (rdy) the eye (back) to Horus to equip (htm) his face therewith. 1643
- 174 The eye is presented (hnk) to king. 1881
- King sought (hh) the eye in Pe, found (gm) it in Heliopolis. 1242 175
- King is to be satisfied with (htp hr) the eye. '58', 59
- King is to equip (htm) himself with the eye. 40, 901
- 178 King is to equip his face with the eye (incense). 19, 20, 29
- 179 Osiris the king is to prevent (bw) that "he" (Set?) swallow (m) the eye.
- Osiris the king is to prevent that "he" (Set?) withhold (h) the eye. 99 180
- Osiris the king is to prevent that "he" (Horus?) suffer (p3s)161 because of (hr) the eye. 74
- Osiris the king is to prevent that "he" (Horus?) suffer from the eye 182 $(mn \cdot f \circ (y))$. 86
- Osiris the king is to prevent that "he" (Set?) 'carry off' (shs) the eye. 97
- Osiris the king is to prevent that "he" (Set?) 'take' (\$\delta \delta d)\) the white and the green eye of Horus. 96
- 185 Osiris the king is to prevent that "he" (Set) 'trample' (ty) the eye. 156 60
- King advances (hnt) possessing (hr) the eye of Horus, and sits upon seat of the gods. 1241
- Osiris the king embraces (shn) the eye. 80 187
- 188 King is in embrace of eye of Horus. 600, 1242
- 189 King punished (ss) his enemies by means of the eye. 1240(F 429)
- 190 Osiris the king is to assign $(y \cdot \hat{s} \cdot (y)p)$ the eye to himself. 87
- [Osiris the king is not to let] go of $([s \cdot f]hh)$ the eye. 43
- Osiris the king is not to $\delta \cdot hbnbn$ the eye. 76
- 193 Osiris the king is to drive it back $(s \cdot hm)$ from himself. 59
- 194 King is to gain control (shm) by means of the eye. 139(F 161), 579(F159), 2075(F 160)
- King is to 'assume' $(s \cdot bt)$ the eye to himself. 46, 100, 111, 591
- King is to go (sy) as 167 one who shall row $(m \pm 8 \times w \cdot t(y) \cdot f(y))$ Horus on account of (hr) his eye. 2090
- 197 King fastens on $(s \cdot ts)$ for Horus that which came forth from latter's head. 1239
- 198 King is to unite $(s \cdot dm(y))$ to his face the sound eye of Horus (cosmetic). 54

¹⁶⁰ In 610 and 1806(E 43), after Horus has bestowed his eye on the king, he opens "thy (the king's, title having been transferred by the previous act) eye, that thou mayest see thereby.'

¹⁶¹ Used of Set in 679(F 67).

- 199 King is to follow (šmś) eye of Horus to sky, to the shdw of the sky. 2090
- 200 King is to receive (¿sp) his bread, even the eye of Horus. 63
- 201 King is to receive the eye upon himself. 844(F 151)
- 202 King is to take (&d) the eye. 1354
- 203 King ascending to sky takes eye of Horus to latter. 1235, 1237, 1239
- 204 King took the eye of Horus from head of Set in that place where they fought. 1242
- 205 King's heart is to be refreshed by possession of the eye ($kb \, \underline{h}r \cdot \hat{s}$, libation).
- 206 Osiris the king is to ${}^{r}k^{3}p^{100}$ the flourishing eye within himself $(ym \cdot k \ ym \cdot k)$, that his enemy may fear before him $(nr \ n \cdot k)$. 113
- 207 King found (qm) the eye. 1242(F 175), 2089, 2090
- 208 Osiris the king is to 'satisfy' (d^3p) himself with the eye. 110
- 209 King is the $^{\prime}$ 1 falcon (byk ngg) encircling (dbn) the eye of Horus of Dewat $(Hr hry-yb D(w)^{3} \cdot (t))$. 1959
- 210 King tastes (dp) the eye (a loaf). 38
- 211 The gods are to see king decked (db^3) with the eye. 845(F 151)
- 212 Others than Horus¹⁶⁸ provide king with the eye. 18 etc. (F 220), 20 etc. (F 215), 22(F 216), 58(F 124, 126, 128), 139(F 121), 216(F 214), 742MN (F 217), 830(F 125), 1068(F 219), 1227(F 97), 1755(F 221)
- 213 Other connections of king with the eye. 12(F 305), 18(F 312), 19(F 314), 20(F 274, 288), 20 etc. (F 310), 38(F 273), 40(F 241), [43] etc. (F 296), 57(F 269, 235), 64 etc. (F 306), 67(F 262), 72(F 295), 79 (F 304), 87 (F 281), 93(F 302), 94(F 275), 104(F 299), 116(F 283), 758(F 228, 339), 846(F 270), 901(F 263), 976(F 282), 1067(F 229), 1241(F 311), 1407 (F 259), 1754(F 313), 1800-1801(F 298), 2033(F 256), 2076(F 285)
- 214 'Priest' (1st per. throughout the following group) has assigned (yp) the eye to king. 216
- 215 'Priest' brings (yny) the eye to king. 20, 22, 31, 54, 846, 1794, 2074
- 216 'Priest' brings the eye (libation) under king's soles (kb·wy). 22
- 217 'Priest' puts ((w)d(y)) on crown of king's head $(wp \cdot t)$ that which was in forehead of Horus (eye here representing prime oil). 742MN
- 218 'Priest' rescued (nhm) the eye from Set (after) latter had swallowed (hnp) it. 1839
- 219 'Priest' gives (rdy) the eye to king. 1068
- 220 'Priest' has given the eye to Osiris the king. 18, 29, 66, 216, 1808
- 221 'Priest' has decked (db^3) Osiris the king with the eye (linen). 1755
- 222 "They" (obscure) come by means of (or 'in' or 'from'?) the eye of Horus (yw in



ym·ś). 89

162 Probably scribal error,



for d; cf. 249 and 614(F 153-54).

162 See latter summarized under E 176.

- 223 "They" spewed out (bš) the eye. 92
- 224 "They" 'eat' $(y \cdot n \cdot b \cdot t \cdot s \cdot n)$ the eye. 104
- 225 "They" 'ate' $(y \cdot n \cdot \delta b \cdot t \cdot n \cdot \delta n)$ the eye. 98
- 226 "Put ye" (read

as $rdy \cdot y$, impv. pl.) the eye of Horus upon wing of his brother Set. 1742 227 "They" blm'ed eye of Horus against him. 61, 89

V. ACTIONS, CIRCUMSTANCES, AND QUALITIES OF THE EYE

- 228 The eye comes (yy) to king and addresses (mdw) him. 758
- 229 The eye comes (yw) to king at first of the ten(-day period), while he ywg's after it. 1067
- 230 The eye is conceived $(ywr \cdot t)$. 698(F 280)
- 231 The eye is 'greater than' ('3 r) king. 116(F 283)
- 232 The eye lives ('nh). 2050(F 240)
- 233 The eye is distant from king $(w^{33} \cdot \delta hr \cdot k)$. 1881
- 234 The eye (king's pyramid and mortuary temple) is pure (w^c) . 1277
- 235 The eye opens (wp) king's way before (hnt) the spirits. 57
- 236 The eye is mighty against men $(w\acute{s}r \cdot t \ yr \ r(m)\underline{t}\cdot (t))$, victorious $(n\underline{h}t)$ against gods.¹⁴⁴ 1147
- 237 The eye spits not (nor) spews (n wg·ś bšš·ś). 1460P(l. 661)
- 238 The eye spat and spews $(wgy \cdot t \ bš \cdot t)$. 1460P(ll. 774-75)M
- 239 The eye is sound (wd^3) . 21, 451(F 82)
- 240 The eye of Horus which is in Heliopolis is sound and lives. 2050
- 241 The eye has not escaped from $(by^3 r)$ king. 40
- 242 The eye spews (bšš) or spews not. 1460(F 237-38)
- 243 The eye 'purged' (bd) mouth of Horus. 72
- 244 In (m) Heliopolis. 1242(F 175), 2050(F 240)
- 245 In Pe. 1242(F 175)
- 246 In forehead $(h^3 \cdot t)$ of Horus and that of Set respectively. 83-84
- 247 In Houses of Red Crown ($ht \cdot wt n \cdot t$). 56(F 264)
- 248 In Field of 'Rowers' (\$\(b \cdot t hnn \cdot w \)). 1227(F 97)
- 249 In (city of) $T^3y \cdot t$. 737(F 149), 1642(F 150), 1794, 2074¹⁶⁵
- 250 In Dp. 56(F 264)
- 251 The eye is to see (m^3) Horus. 2088(F 318)
- 252 The eye is that which lays hold of king $(mh \cdot t \ ym \cdot k)$. 36(F 147)
- 253 Born $(m \cdot t)$ every day. 698(F 280)
- 254 Is king's means of recognition $(m \cdot \delta y^3 \cdot t)$. 737(F 149)
- 255 Addresses (mdw) king. 758(F 228)
- 256 Belongs to Osiris the king $(n(y)-\underline{l}w \ \delta(y))$, in literal instead of the usual inverted sense). 2033
- 257 The eye nb^3b^3 's. 98, 104

¹⁶⁴ Or "more ... than ..." in both cases, as Breasted renders.

¹⁶⁶ Emend according to 1794.

- 258 The eye nbdbd's upon wing of Thoth in east (left) side of ladder of the god. 976
- 259 The eye has nhh'ed unto 'king and Horus'; has not been given to the attacker (dnd), Set. 1407
- 260 'Victorious against' (nht r) gods. 1147(F 236)
- 261 The eye trickles (ndfdf) on the dnw-bush. 133, 695
- 262 Avenges (nd) Osiris the king. 67
- 263 The eye is to avenge king as it avenges Horus. 901
- 264 Eye of Horus which (is) in Dp, eye of Horus which (is) in Houses of Red Crown ($ht \cdot wt n \cdot t$), 166 wakes (rs) in peace, having received the $yr \cdot wt$ that adorned the wr-c-chapel. 56
- 265 Causes that the Two Lands bow (rdy t kéy) to king as they bowed to Horus, that they fear before (nr n) king as they feared before Set. 57
- 266 Serves to inspire fear in king's enemy. See 113(F 206), 249(F 153), 614(F 154)
- 267 Fear (snd) arose because of (hpr hr) the eye. 1040
- 268 The eye hbnbn's. 94, 107
- 269 Sits before (hms · t hft) king as his god. 57
- 270 Not distant from (hr r) king for ever and ever. 846
- 271 Protects (hw) king from ... Set. 20(F 288)
- 272 Falls (br) in east side of sky. 947(F 277)
- 273 Is king's shnty. 38
- 274 The eye (incense) is to purify $(s \cdot (w)^c b)$ king. 20
- 275 The eye śnw's not against king. 94
- 276 [Illumines (s·hd) tip of fin]ger of Set. 48
- 277 The eye, and king with it, turns (stp) and falls (br) in east side of sky. 947
- When it has seen Thoth, the eye turns and falls upon Thoth's wing in yonder side of Lily Lake, to protect itself $(y \cdot nd \cdot s \cdot d \cdot t \cdot s)$ from Set. 594
- Eye of Horus (Egypt or some part thereof) hearkens to $(sdm\ n)$ Horus only, doing for him everything which he says to it wherever he goes, carrying (f^3) to him the swamp-waters, all the wood, the food, the drink-offerings, everything, which is or shall be in it. 1589-92
- 280 King is this eye of Horus¹⁶⁸ which sleeps (\$\delta r t\$), is conceived (ywr t), and is born (m\delta t) every day. 698N
- 281 The eye cuts not (§c) against Osiris the king. 87
- 282 King goes (šm), going as the eye of Horus (goes). 976
- 283 Eye of Horus, as incense, is higher and greater than $(k^3 \cdot t^{-c_3} \cdot t^{-c_3})$ king.
- 284 The eye is king's $ky \cdot t$. 737(F 149)
- 285 Is upon king $(tpy \cdot t \cdot k)$. 2076(D 144)
- 286 Unites with (dmy m) Horus. 2072
- 287 Is to unite with (dmy r) king, with his flesh. 844(F 151)
 - 106 These "eyes" stand parallel to $T^{2}y \cdot t$ and $T^{2}yt(y) \cdot t$.
- 167 Parallel passage 1599–1602 has Nut (mentioned in 1596) hearkening to and serving the king.
 - 168 TP have "Re."
 - 189 Or "is high and great upon." Breasted suggests both.

- 288 Eye of Horus (incense) removes (dr) the (odor of) king's moisture (rdw) and protects him from the flood of the 'region' of Set $(hw \cdot h tw m^c) gh n^c n$ Sth). 20
- 289 Attack (dnd) of eye of Horus falls (hr) against his enemies. 2072
- 290 See also 2087(D 193) and the epithets in F 1-17

VI. PARTS AND ACCESSORIES OF THE EYE

- 291 The doors (c3·w) which are upon the eye of Horus (Egypt or some part thereof) stand like Ywn-mw·t·f, and open not (wn) to Westerners, Easterners, Northerners, Southerners, nor those in the midst of the land, but (only) to Horus; for Horus made and erected them and rescued (nhm) them from every ill which Set did against them. 1593-94
- 292 Beings $(wn \cdot w)$. 901(F 2)
- 293 Falcon (byk) came forth from (or 'as'?) eye of Horus. 1843
- 294 [Thoth saw the waters (mw)] which (were) in the eye of Horus. 43
- 295 Osiris the king is to unite (y^cb) to himself the waters which (are) in the eye.
- 296 Osiris the king is to take (m) the waters which (are) in the eye. [43], [47]
- 297 Waters. See also 451(F 82)
- 298 King is to fill himself with the ointment $(m\underline{d} \cdot t)$ which came forth from the eye, that it may fasten $(\underline{t}s)$ his bones, unite $(\underline{d}m\underline{d})$ his members, bring together $(\underline{s}^3\underline{k})$ his flesh, and loose $(\underline{s}f\underline{b})$ his evil sweat to earth. 1800–1801
- 299 King is to take (m) 'adornment' ('nhb · t') of the eye. 104
- 300 Foot (rd) of the eye of Horus (eye here is the king) is limited (dr) wherever it is.¹⁷⁰ 976
- 301 Forehead $(h^3 \cdot t)$. 2090(F 319)
- 302 Osiris the king is to take (m) pupil $(\hbar w n \cdot t)^{171}$ which is in the eye of Horus.

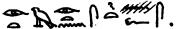
 93
- 303 'Throats' (' $ht(y) \cdot w(t)$ '). 451(F 82)
- 304 Osiris the king is to take hph of the eye of Horus. 79
- 305 Osiris the king's mouth is opened (wp) by hph of the eye. 12
- 306 Osiris the king is to take the swt t of the eye of Horus. 64, 81
- 307 A band of green and of dark red linen (\$\delta d \text{ pw ny } w^3 d \cdot t n(y) \text{ ydmy}) was spun (δt^3) from the eye. 1202
- 308 The odor $(\delta \underline{t}(y))$ of his eye is upon (r) Horus. 2072
- 309 Horus pd'ed with (m; or 'in'?) odor of his eye. 19, 1754
- 310 Odor of the eye of Horus is upon (r) king. 20, 1803, 2074, 2075
- 311 Odor of the eye of Horus is upon king's flesh. 1241
- 312 Odor of the eye of Horus (incense) pdpd's172 to king. 18
- 313 Osiris the king is to take upon himself the odor of the eye. 1754
- 314 Osiris the king is to equip (htm) himself with odor of the eye (incense). 19
- 315 Odor. See also 1643(F 9)
- $^{170}\,\mathrm{Similar}$ passages in 622 and 625 refer to king directly, and declare that his foot is not limited. $^{\cdot}$
 - 171 Cf. 206(A 57).
 - 172 Breasted: "fadheres"."

- 316 Its 'tnf' was made for the eye of Horus. 178 1756
- 317 Colors $(\underline{tr} \cdot w)$. 451(F 82)
- Head $({}^{\dagger}d^3d^{31})$ of eye of Horus was given, that it might see (m^3) Horus. 2088
- 319 A head was given to the eye of Horus, and a forehead $(h^3 \cdot t)$ was made for it out of crown of Re's head $(wp \cdot t)$. 2090

VII. SYMBOLISM OF THE EYE OF HORUS. IT REPRESENTS

- 320 3mé-scepter.122 43
- 321 (Wine of) Nebesheh (Ym·t).174 93WN
- 322 Wine (yrp). 36, 39
- 323 Wine of Nebesheh (yrp-Ym·t). 93T
- 324 Wine of the Delta $(yrp^{-1}ydh \cdot w^{-1})$. 92, 106
- 325 Wine of '-1 (yrp-'b\). 92T
- 326 Wine of $(-1)(yrp \ n \ h^3mw)$. 93T
- 327 Wine of Pelusium (yrp-Syn).175 94T
- 328 Every sweet 'thing' (' $yh \cdot t^1 nb \cdot (t) bnr \cdot t$). 100, 111
- 329 Yšd-fruit. 95
- 330 Barley (yt). 97
- 331 'Incense' $(yd \cdot t)$. 77
- 332 (Wine of) 'bš. 92WN
- 333 Seed-grain $({}^{c}g \cdot t)$. 176 109
- 334 Green cosmetic (w^3dw) . 54
- 335 Wch-grain.177 99, 105
- 336 Rolls of linen $(wnh \cdot w)$. 57
- 337 $Wr \cdot t$ -reakes. 103
- 338 Wrr t-crown. 845
- 339 King's soul (b^3) and control (shm). 758
- 340 B3b3·t-'grain'. 98, 104
- 341 The olive-tree that is in Heliopolis (b3k t ymy t Ywnw). 118
- 342 Bd-natron. 178 72

178 Text reads



Breasted renders: "... which 'Set' made ...'

- 174 On Ym.t as Nebesheh see Petrie, Nebesheh and Defenneh, p. 6 and Pls. X, XI.
- ¹⁷⁵ On Syn as Pelusium see Spiegelberg in Zeitschrift für äg. Sprache, XLIX, 81. These and many following items of the offering-ritual are discussed by Bollacher in von Bissing, Mastaba des Gem-ni-kai, II, 37-40, as well as in Budge's books based on Maspero and Dümichen (cf. notes passim).
- 178 See references in Gemnikai, II, 39. Bollacher there reads $^{c_3}g \cdot t$; but Erman (Gram.*) gives under Schrifttafel S 47 the value c , not c_3 .
- ¹⁷⁷ W'b-grain is made into $^{\circ}b \cdot t$; see Newberry, Rekhmara, Pl. XII and p. 35. Other references also are in Gemnikai, II, 39.
- 178 Budge (Liturgy of Funerary Offerings, 111) calls bd "incense," though the vignette which he reproduces shows

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as determinative.

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F. Eye of Horus-
343 P3·t-cakes, 78
344 P^3 \cdot t - wd^3 \cdot t-cake. 35N
345 An offering-cake (p^3 \cdot t \ n \cdot t \ wdn). 35W
346 A mortuary offering (pr \cdot (t r) brw). 58
347 A royal mortuary offering. 59
348 Pan-loaves. 74
349 'Liver' (m(y)s \cdot t). 82, 88
350 Water (mw). 10
351 Mnw-jars. 33
352 Dove (mnw \cdot t). 86
353 Raiment of the god (mnh \cdot t \vdash ntr). 42
354 King's pyramid (mr) and mortuary temple (ht \cdot t-ntr). 1277(F 234)
355 Black cosmetic (m \cdot sdm \cdot t). 54
356 Mdw-staff. '43'
357
     Nbś-fruit. 98, 104
358 Np3·t-fruit or grain. 87, 109
359
     Spleen (nnšm). 83
360 Nhb t-scepter. 431
361 Nhnm-oil. 51
362 Natron (ntry). 23
363 Every fruit (rnp \cdot t \ nb \cdot (t)). 100, 111
364 Rnn-wt·t-linen. 1755, 1794
365 (-1)^{1}(h^{3}tr \text{ or } tr). 66
366 A breast of meat (h^3 \cdot (t) - y(w)f). 84
367 (Wine of) ħ³mw. 93WN
368 Prime olive oil (h3ty·t-thnw).179 54
369 A limb (hc). 83
370 Hbnn·t-'fruit'. 76, 94, 107
371 A (drink)-offering or libation (hnk \cdot t). 100, 112
372 Beer (hk t). 39, 40, 61
373 The offering of the broad hall (htp-wsh·t). 59, 103
374 A royal offering (htp-(ny)-\&w\cdot t). 58, 59
375 Temple-income (htp-ntr, with food 'determinatives'). 115
376
     The White Crown (hd \cdot t). 1234(F 152)
377
     An altar (h^3(w) \cdot t). 58
378 A joint of meat (bpš). 12, 79
379 Hnfw-'fruit'. 76, 95
380 Hnmé-beer. 180 61, 89
381 'Hrhnf'-'fruit'.181 108
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¹⁷⁰ On thun as "olive," see Newberry in Ancient Egypt, 1915, pp. 97-98. This is one of seven oils prominent in the Old Kingdom. The Metropolitan Museum (New York) possesses in its Old Kingdom collection a rectangular alabaster tablet with the seven oilcups each properly inscribed. There are three similar tablets in the British Museum; see Budge, Book of Opening the Mouth, I, xiil-xiv.

100 Pyr. writing would indicate hném; but the true reading is proved by variants listed by Ditmichen in *Grabpalast des Patuamenap*, I. Abt., Pl. XXIV, No. 92. Cf. also the word 3mé, with é written before m in Pyr. 274 and 1166.

181 Probably intended for hn/w (F 379); note relation of hbnn·t-series (F 370).

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F. Eye of Horus-
382 A s·t-goose. 85
383 A libation (8^3t). 1840
384 Wheat (swt). 97
385 'Butter or cheese' (srw).182 31
386 A joint of meat (shnw).188 38, 80
387 A 63 t-garment. 41
388 A joint of meat (\pm w \cdot t). 64, 81
389 Sft-oil. 51
390 (Wine of) Pelusium (Śyn).175 94WN
391 Incense (éntr). 18, 19 (cf. 1644a), 20-21a (cf. 1644b), 29, 116, 1643
392 A sh·t-staff. 46
393 $\'\sigma\'\text{t-'fruit'.}\'\text{184} 96, 108
394 Š<sup>c</sup>·t-loaves. 185 87
395 The terror (\xi^c \cdot t) inspired by king. 900
396 Šné-bread. 64
397 Libation (kbh). 22-23
398 Kmh-loaves. 123 77
399 Bread (t3). 61, '64W'
400 The king's bread. 63(F 200), 217
401 Baked bread (t3 38r).186 78
402 '-1 bread (t^3 yth). 60, 73
403 'Frèsh' bread (t^3 w^3 d). 107
404 Nbś-bread (t3-nbś).187 99
405 '-1 bread (t^3 syf). 86
406
     Tw^3w \cdot t-oil. 51
407
     The choicest of the (food)-offering (tp(y \cdot t)-w^3h \cdot t).<sup>147</sup> 114
408 Ttw-bread. 60, 73
409 This 'bright red' (\underline{t}m\&\&\cdot t) (crown?), equated with king, who is then equated
        with the eye. 1460
410 -1 (\underline{t}r or h^3\underline{t}r). 66
411 Figs (d(3)b). 110
412 A dp·t-loaf. 38
413 The Red Crown (dšr·t). 901(F 17)
414 Red jars (d \check{s} r \cdot wt). 249
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 122 Cf. Budge ($Liturgy,\,67,\,158,\,211),$ following Maspero and Dümichen. The former prefers "butter" (Coptic

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- in Gen. 18:8), the latter "cheese." See Dümichen's discussion (Patuamenap, I, 19-20),
 - 188 Budge (Liturgy, 82-84, etc.) renders "breast."
 - ¹⁸⁴ But Bollacher takes $\delta\delta \cdot t$ (later $\delta h \cdot t$) for grain, and Maspero thinks it nuts.
- 188 Distinction between two words $\dot{s}^c \cdot t$, one standing for cakes and the other for loaves, is remarked by Erman, Zur dg. Wortforschung (I), p. 15.
- 186 On reading the t of this and the following references in its original value of t?, "bread," cf. the variants of t? syf and t!—nb6 given by Dümichen in Patuamenap, I, Pl. XXIV, No. 86, and Pl. XXVI, No. 112.
 - 187 Cf. Kamal in Ann. du Serv., XII, 240.

- 415 Adornment (db3), 1 bsy3w1-kilt.188 41
- 416 Milk (dér·t).189 61, 88
- 417 'Theban milk' (' $\frac{d^2r \cdot t W^2}{6 \cdot t'}$). 89
- 418 Food: bread and beer() . 60, 72
- 419 A barque. 1227(F 97)
- 420 Egypt or some part thereof. 1588-96(F 91, 57, 92, 279, 291, 85; C 94)
- 421 The king's head. 830(F 125)
- 422 The king himself. 698 etc. (F 130)
- 423 Cf. also the mystic names in F 18-26.

The eye of Horus is distinctly equated with the items of the preceding list, which therefore omits many objects mentioned in the funerary ritual.¹⁹⁰ The list may be summarized as follows:

Food: Breads, cakes, grains, meats, fowl, 'butter or cheese', fruits.

Drink: Wines, beers, water, 'milk'.

Unguents.

Cosmetics.

Clothing.

Insignia: Crowns, scepters, staves.

Incense.

Libations.

Natron.

General terms for offerings.

Attributes or possessions of the king:

His head.

His soulhood and control.

His terror (that inspired by him).

His pyramid and mortuary temple.

The king himself.

Miscellaneous:

Olive-tree in Heliopolis.

Willow-tree.

Altar.

 W^3g -feast.

Barque.

Whole or part of Egypt itself.

 $H^3\underline{t}r$ or $\underline{t}r$.

VIII. Two Eyes of Horus

- 424 King is to take (m) the two eyes of Horus, the black and the white, to illumine his face. 33
- 425 Osiris the king is to take the two eyes of this great one and be satisfied with them (htp hr in). 103
- 188 Cf. label of such an object on coffin of Mentuhotep (Steindorff, Grabfunde des Mittleren Reichs, Pl. III).
 - 189 Sethe's rendering, quoted by Breasted.
- 100 E.g., those identified with "the bnb which came forth from Osiris" (Pyr. 37, 39, 90, etc.).

- 426 Geb has caused that Horus give his two eyes to Osiris the king, that latter may be satisfied with them. 583
- 427 'King's son' as Horus has come bringing (yny) the two bodily eyes of Horus to king to lead latter [to firmament unto Horus, to sky unto the] great [god, and to avenge] him on all his enemies. 69-70
- 428 ['King's son' as Horus brings to king the two eyes of] Horus, which rejoice latter's heart $(p\underline{d}\cdot t(y)\ yb\cdot f)$. 71
- 429 King, after punishing his enemies with one of the eyes of Horus, returns it and causes that Horus see with both his eyes. 1240
- 430 Cf. also 96(F 166, 184), 108(F 166, 116), 253(E 11)

IX. Unrestored Fragments alluding to the Eye

431 Eye mentioned in broken passages. 1923, 2166

G. Other Mythological References to Horus-

- 1 King has looked to Horus, Set, Y3rw, and the two tt ty-yb as Horus looked to (m33 n) Isis, as Nhb-k3 w looked to Selket, as Sobk looked to Neit, as Set looked to the two tt ty-yb.191 487-89
- 2 Isis found her Horus and conducted his arm to Re to horizon. 741
- 3 Isis the Great bound on the girdle (ts t mdh, scil. upon her son) in Khemmis, bringing her 'censer' (d³y\$) and burning incense (ydy) before her son Horus the young child (hrd nhn), that he might journey over the land in his two white sandals, going to see his father Osiris. 1214-15
- 4 Horus and his mother Isis each brought (yny) the other's heart (yb). 1640
- 5 Isis. See also 1199(G 17)
- 6 The cow that crosses the lake (nm·t '§3') leads king to great seat born of the gods, born of Horus, begotten of Thoth (ys·t wr·t yr·t-ntr·w yr·t-Ḥr wtt·t-Dhwty). 1153
- 7 Horus opened mouth of Osiris with the adze of metal ... 13-14(E 86)
- 8 Mouth of Osiris was opened (wp) by his beloved son Horus. 179
- 9 King's mouth is opened by Horus with his little finger (dbc nds) wherewith [he] open[ed] the mouth of his father Osiris. 1330
- 10 Libations $(kbk \cdot w)$ of Osiris (here the king) came forth (pr) from his son Horus. 22
- Osiris was caused to \$\delta db\$ and to live by his various relatives: Atum, Shu, Tefnut, Geb, Nut, Isis, Nephthys, and Horus, as well as by the great and the little divine enneads as a whole; but as for his brothers Set and Thoth, he was caused to \$\delta db\$ and to live and to punish (\$\sigma s\$) them. 167-78
- 12 These (the text preceding) are the two charms (ts·wy) of Elephantine which were in mouth of Osiris, which Horus uttered (ts) concerning the vertebra (bkśw). 234
- 13 Osiris ferried over to the firmament on a pair of reed floats (shn w), with his son Horus beside him (yr dbc wy fy, lit. 'at his two fingers') on another pair to sustain (snh) him and cause him to dawn (rdy bc f) as great god in the firmament. 464-65

¹⁹¹ In the cases of Horus, $Nbb-k3\cdot w$, and Sobk at least, the looking is to the mother, apparently for sustenance and help.

G. Other Mythological References to Horus-

- 14 Horus avenged (nd) his father Osiris. 573(C 101), 758, 898(C 102), 1406(D 204)
- 15 Horus avenged his father. 633 and 1637(B 8), 1685(E 74), 21[91](D 27)
- 16 Horus made (yry) a wd3 t-garment for his father Osiris. 740
- 17 Osiris commended (wd) Horus to Isis on that day when he made her pregnant (6·ywr). 1199
- 18 Going forth $(pr \cdot t)$ of Osiris the king from his house is the going forth of Horus in embrace $(m \cdot shnw)$ of Osiris the king. 1539
- 19 King's going $(\xi m \cdot t)$ is like the going of Horus to his father Osiris, that thereby latter might become a spirit and a soul, receive obeisance, and gain control. 1730
- 20 King's goings are the goings of Horus in embrace (m shnw) of his father Osiris. 120 1860
- 21 Horus performed a crossing of the lake $(nm \cdot t^{-\frac{3}{2}})^{100}$ for his father Osiris the king. 1550
- 22 King's 'equipment' (*pd) is upon him (*tpf), which Horus gave to Osiris.

 1559
- 23 'Priest' (1st per.) brings (yny) to and puts on ((w)d(y) n) king the green cosmetic (w^3dw) which Horus put on his father Osiris. 1681-82
- 24 Horus embraced (shn) his father Osiris, (when) he found him upon his side in Ghŝty. 1799
- 25 Horus gave life (rdy f ^nb) to his father, [presented] satisfaction ([3w·f] w36) to Osiris, before (m hnt) the Western gods. 1980
- 26 Osiris. See also 742(F 39), 956(E 28), 970(E 162), 971(D 251), 974-75(D 252), 1215(G 3), 1558(E 24), 1824(E 105), 2115(E 163)
- 27 The \$\delta^3 w\$ of the Southern Palace (pr wr) runs for the Great One (Horus, cf. 853b); the Northern Palace flees before him (rw n \cdot k pr nsr). 852
- 28 Earth is bidden to hear what Geb said (when) he was glorifying Osiris (here the king, cf. 1012a) as a god, (when) the watchers (wrš w) of Pemade offering (wdn) to him and the watchers of Hieraconpolis honored (s'h) him like (ys) Sokar, 'Horus, H3, and Hmn'. 1013
- 29 Watchers. See also 795(G 39)
- 30 The Two Truths $(m^{3c} \cdot ty)$. 317(G 54)
- 31 Horus bound (mr) himself to his offspring $(msyy \cdot t \text{ etc.})$. 647
- 32 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is entreated to give to king his two fingers which he gave to the Beautiful One $(nfr \cdot t)$, daughter of the great god (ntr^{-3}) at separating $(wp \cdot t)$ of sky from earth, even at ascending $(pr \cdot t)$ of the gods to the sky, he being a soul (b^3) and dawning in the bow of his ship (described under D 282). 1208-9
- 33 Nhy-serpent. 663(D 292)
- 34 The great god (ntr c3), some solar deity. 1208(G 32)
- 35 Eastern gods $(n!r \cdot w \ y \cdot b!ty \cdot w)$. 1209(D 282)
- 36 Western gods (ntr·w ymnty·w). 1980(G 25)
- 37 Gods of Pe. 1209(D 282)
 - 192 Cf. with the foregoing 768, etc. (D 8–9).
 - 193 Cf. 1153(G 6). Ferryman is called nm [83] in 1224.

G. Other Mythological References to Horus-

- 38 The gods in general. 795(G 39), 957(G 44), 1217(E 91), 1658(G 57)
- 39 Earth is bidden to hear what the gods said and Re said (when) he was glorifying king that latter might receive his spirithood before the gods like (ys) Horus, son of Osiris, when he (Re) was giving him (Horus) his spirithood which is among the watchers of Pe and was honoring him as a god among the watchers of Hieraconpolis (N repeats 'Pe' instead). 795
- 40 Horus expelled ($h \acute{s} r$) Re from the south $(r \acute{s} \cdot t)$ of the sky. 2158
- 41 Nile (H^cpy). 2047(C 79)
- 42 Horus crushed (tbb) with his foot (tbw) the mouth of the hf3w-serpent, trapper of the phallus (hb-hnn). 681
- 43 Orion (\$\hat{S}\h). 261(\text{E 21})
- 44 Set is bidden to remember and take to heart $((w)d(y) \ yr \ yb \ k)$ the speech of Geb and the threat (f^3w) which the gods made against him in the Prince-house in Heliopolis because of his felling (ndy) Osiris to earth, when Set said: "I did not do this against him," that he might prevail (bm) thereby over (n for m) Horus. 957-58
- 45 Horus took $(y\underline{t}y)$ estate (pr) of his father from his father's brother Set before $(m\ b^3h)$ Geb. 1219
- 46 The first body (h·t) of the 'company' (ydr·wt) of the triumphant (m³-hrw) was born before the attack (dnd) took place, before the voice arose, before the reviling (šnt·t) occurred, before the conflict (hnnw) began (verb in each of these four phrases is hpr), before the eye of Horus was plucked out (hny), before the testicles of Set were wrenched off (sid). 1462-63
- 47 Set. See also 850(D 160), 971(D 251)
- 48 Shu. 317(G 54)
- 49 Šn<u>t</u>-serpent. 681(C 80)
- 50 King is Horus who came forth from acacia (šnd) upon being commanded: "Guard thyself, O lion (s³w tw rw)!"65 436
- 51 Horus followed and loved Geb, while latter dawned as King of Upper and Lower Egypt controlling all the gods and their kas. 1625–26
- 52 Geb. See also 317(G 54), 957(G 44), 1219(G 45)
- 53 The Two Lands (13·wy) bowed before Horus and feared before Set. 57 (F 265)
- 54 King as Horus, the heir of his father, triumphs (m³c hrw·f) through that which he did. Tfn and Tfn·t have judged (wd̄c) him; the Two Truths have held the (legal) hearing, with Shu for a witness, and have commanded that there revert to (phr n) him the thrones (nś·wt) of Geb. 316-17
- 55 The great cavern $(\underline{tph} \cdot t \ wr \cdot t)$ of Heliopolis was opened (wn) for Horus of Letopolis $(\underline{hnty} \ \underline{Hm})$. 810
- 56 Db·t-nhh·wt. 522(D 235)
- 57 Thoth put ((w)d(y)) the gods beneath Horus ... in the audience-hall $(d^3d(w))$ and the 'court of justice' $('(w)d(y)-m^{3^c})$. 1658
- 58 'Horus made a sitting' — —, that the judgment might take place (hpr wd'-mdw). 2088
- 59 Miscellaneous. See also 378(D 156), 551(D 289), 854(D 55), 905(E 90), 2094(E 174)

H. Miscellaneous-

I. USED IN TITULARY

- 1 "Horus" a designation used in royal titulary. [6], 7a, 8, 786
- 2 "Harakhte" thus used. 7b
- 3 "Hr 'shm m' Nbty" thus used. 6-8 and 786(A 85)

II. DOUBLE HORUS

- 4 Two green Horuses $(Hr \cdot wy \ w^3d \cdot wy)$, in obscure connection. 457
- 5 Double Horus $(Hr \cdot wy)$, presider over estates $(hnty \cdot wy \ pr \cdot w)$, lord of food $(nb-df^3 \cdot w)$, great one (dwelling) in Heliopolis $(wr \ (y)m(y) \ Ywnw)$, is asked to give bread and beer to king and to make flourish $(i \cdot w^3d)$ the king, his offering-table (wdhw), and his butchering-block. 695-96

III. FEASTS, ETC.

- 6 King celebrates his year(ly feast)s $(rnp \cdot wt)^{194}$ in Field of Rushes¹ like (my) Horus, son of Atum. 874
- 7 King is to rejoice (h^3by) at every feast (hb) of Horus. 1672
- 8 Seasons $(y \cdot tr \cdot w)$ of Harakhte. 1693(C 57)

IV. BROKEN PASSAGES UNRESTORED

- 11 Horus has put for himself ——. 1857

is shown by comparison with 1950, where $yr \cdot n \cdot v \cdot k$ appears. This again is paralleled by $yr \cdot n \cdot (y)$ $tp(y) \cdot w \cdot y \cdot k \cdot k$ ($tmd \cdot wt \cdot k$ resp.) in 657.

134 This phrase does not appear in 347, whence part of the context is restored.

SUPPLEMENT

Offspring of Horus

NAMES

* Not expressly called "children" or "offspring" of Horus.

H³py, Dw³-mw·t·f, Yméty, and Kbh-én·w·f. *149, *552N, *1092, *1097, *1228N, 1333, 1339, *2101

 H^3py , Dw^3 - $mw \cdot t \cdot f$, Kbh- $\epsilon n \cdot w \cdot f$, and $Ym\epsilon ty$. *552TM

H3py, Ymsty, Dw3-mw·t·f, and Kbh-sn·w·f. *1228PM, 1548, *1983

Ymsty, H^3py , $Dw^3-mw \cdot t \cdot f$, and $Kbh-sn \cdot w \cdot f$. *601, *1483, 2078

OCCURRENCES

See C 23-26,196 also individual names in Appendix.

CLASSIFIED REFERENCES

A. Epithets-

- 1 fdw ypw $y^3h \cdot w$, "these four spirits." 1092(C 8)
- 2 fdw ypw ntr·w ms·w-Hr mr·f, "these four gods, the children of Horus, his beloved." 1548(Ε δ)
- 3 fdw ypw rh·w ny-św·t ... mśw·t-Ḥr Ḥm(y), "these four royal intimates, ... offspring of Horus of Letopolis." 2078

B. Magical or Mystic Name-

1 $[t(w)t \cdot w,$ "the assembled ones."] 1983

C. Relationships-

I. GENEALOGICAL

- 1 Filial relation to Horus is summarized in C 23-26.
- 2 Are grandchildren of king. 1983(E7)

II. Position Occupied in Relation to Other Divinities

- 3 Are souls $(b \cdot w)$ of Horus. 2101(D 208)
- 4 Are king's right side, which is in Horus; while H(w)-dndrw, $Hnty-w^3d \cdot wy \cdot fy$, Nephthys, and $Hnty-'n-yr \cdot ty$ are king's left side, which is in Set. 601
- 5 Are with king as he is ferried over to Field of Rushes. 1092(C8)
- 6 Are royal intimates. 2078(A S)

III. RELATIONS ON PART OF OTHER DIVINITIES

a) Actions

- 7 Horus uses his children to aid king. 24(E 137), 619(E 101), 637(E 102, E 10), 766(E 137), [1828](E 138), [1829](E 102, E 10)
- 8 Hr·f-h3·f is bidden to ferry these four spirits over to Field of Rushes as comrades of king, two on each side. 1092
- ¹⁸⁸ This and similar citations in Roman type refer to the treatment of Horus proper; italics indicate citations from this Supplement.

C. Relationships—

b) Position Occupied

- 9 King is called their father. 1333(E 3), 1340(E 11)
- 10 King controls them (shm ym · śn). 1828(E 138)
- 11 King has joined himself with them. 647(C 24)
- 12 King is identified with each of them individually. 1097
- 13 King is one of these four gods. 1483

c) Attitude

14 Horus loves them. 1548(E5)

D. Nature-

I. ATTRIBUTES AND POWERS

- 1 Are gods. $1483(C\ 13)$, $1548(E\ 5)$
- 2 Are spirits $(y^3h \cdot w)$. 1092(C 8)
- 3 Live on truth $(m^{3c} \cdot t)$. 1483

II. HABITAT

- 4 Are bidden to bring (for king's ascent) the barque "Eye of Khnum" which is in the Lily Lake (mr n h³ in P; but MN have mr pw n htm, 'this lake of the htm-bird'). 1228
- 5 Are ferried over with king to Field of Rushes $(\$h \cdot t y^3r \cdot w)$. 1092(C 8)
- 6 Guard land of Upper Egypt (t3 8m°). 1483

III. ATTITUDE TOWARD OTHER DIVINITIES

7 Have loved king. 647

IV. PARTS OF BODY

8 $db^c \cdot w$, fingers. 1983(E ?)

V. EQUIPMENT

9 Lean (tw3) upon their dcm-staves. 1483197

E. Activities (All in Behalf of King)-

- 1 Count (yp) for him. 24 and 766(E 137)
- 2 Have smitten his enemy and made red his blow, have punished him and suppressed him of the evil odor (the enemy). 643
- 3 Are to protect life of (\$tp s³-cnh hr) their father Osiris the king from him who would cause that he suffer (\$\delta b\$) in presence of the gods. 1333
- 4 Are to smite Set and avenge Osiris the king on him. 1334
- 5 That which is in slayer of the king in the hinder parts is for these four gods, the children of Horus, his beloved. 1548
- 6 Bear $(w\underline{t}s)$ king. 619(E 101)
- 7 King's assembled grandchildren have raised (ts) him, [washed his face], 'checked' (y^ch) his weeping, and opened his mouth with their wondrous (by^cw) fingers. 1983

197 Cf. 339 (note 97).

E. Activities (All in Behalf of King)-

- 8 Expel hunger from belly and thirst from lips of king. 552
- 9 Bring to king his name of "Imperishable (y·hm-sk)." 2102(D 208)
- 10 Betake themselves under king, without any of them escaping, and carry (f3) him (in ascent?). 637, 1338, 1823, 1829
- 11 Are to carry and lead (\$\delta m) their father Osiris the king (in ascent?). 1340
- 12 H³py and Dw³-mw·t·f are the king's arms, enabling him to ascend at will to the sky; and Ymŝty and Kbḥ-ŝn·w·f are his legs, enabling him to descend at will to the underworld (nn·t). 149
- 13 Bring to king the barque "Eye of Khnum" (for ascent). 1228(D4)
- 14 Rise before ('h̄^c n) king and bind for him a rope-ladder whereon he ascends to Kheprer in east side of sky. 2078–79
- 15 Are to recite "chapter of the king $(r^2 n yt(y))$ " for him. 1334

F. Mythological-

- 1 Cf. references under E above, in most of which the king is clearly identified with Osiris.
- 2 Possibly cf. 258d: "The gods of East and West are satisfied with the great thing which came to pass in the embrace of the offspring of the god (m\u00e9w tntr)." This may refer to the m\u00e9w \u00edt-Hr, for epithet ntr stands independently for Horus (A 41).

APPENDIX

INDEX OF OCCURRENCES OF DIVINE NAMES IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

 $Y^3mw \cdot t$: 131

 Y^3h é (= R^3h é and Yhé): 994

Y'h: 732, 1001, 1104 Yw·é-' 3·é (Saosis): 1210

Ywn-mw t f: 1593(F 291), 1603 Cf. 571 Ymn (Amon): '1540' Cf. 446, 1095, 1712N

Ymsty: 149(D 180, E 12), 552(E 8), 601(C 4), 1092(C 8), 1097(C 12), 1228(D 4), 1333(E 5), 1339(E 11), 1483(C 15, D 5, D 9, D θ), 1548(E 5, D 136), 1983(E 7, B 1), 2078(A 5, E 14), 2101(D 208)

Ynpw (Anubis): 57, 135, 157, 220, 468, 574 (cf. C 101), 592, 727, 745, 793, 796–97, 804, 806–08, 896–97, 1014, 1015(C 85–86), 1019, 1122, 1162, 1180, 1257, 1282, 1287, 1295(D 88), 1335(E 59), 1364, 1380, 1523, 1537, 1549, 1552, 1564, 1672, 1676, 1713, 1723, 1833, 1867, 1995, 2001 (cf. D 50), 2012, 2026, 2069, 2150, 2178, [2184], 2198

Yhá (= Yhá and Rhá): 1476

Yb.t: 179, 188-91, 198(C 1), 1147, 119921, 120301

Yh·t-wt·t: 198(C 1), 791, 1503, 1729, 2068, 2110

Y8·t** (Isis): 3, 32, '123', 155(E 121), 164, 172(G 11), 205, 210, 371, 379, 489(G 1), 556, 577, 584(C 52, E 62), 592, 606, 610, 628, 630, 632(C19), 707, 734, 741(G 2), 744, 755, 872, 898(C 102), 939, 960, 996, 1004, 1089, 1140 (C 96), 1154, 1199(G 17), 1214(E 3, G 3), 1255 (cf. C 51), 1263, 1265(E 180), 1272(E 181), '1278', 1280-81, 1292, 1302(D 151), 1347, 1358, 1362, 1375, 1464, 1472, [1521], 1547, 1630, 1634, 1635(C 19), 1640(G 4), 1655, 1703, 1750, 1873, 1886, 1951, 1964, 1973, 1981, 1997, 2009, 2089, 2098, 2144, 2188, 2192

Yéyr (Osiris, name used independently): 13(E 86), 16, 17(D 191), 22(G 10), 29 (king's name omitted by error), 31, 39, 57, 62, 63, 105, 117-18, 134, 144 (C 4, D 22), 145(C 59, E 178), 146(E 179), 155(E 121), 161, 167-78(G 11), 179(G 8), 186, 215, 218 and 222(D 78), 234(G 12), 251, 308 and 312(F 144), 313, 350 (n. 145), 364, 443, 464(G 13), 466(C 89), 467(D 224), 472(E 112), 493(E4), 517, 520(D201), 523, 549, 573(C101), 574, 622, 625, 658, 684(D14), 691, 722, 740(G 16), 742(F 39), 749, 752, 754, 757, 758(G 14), 759, 778, 788, 790, 793, 795(G 39), 819, 826, 832, 848, 865, 872, 882-84, 895(C 99), 898 (C 102), 899, 925, 956(E 28), 957(G 44), 960, 963, 964 and 966-68 (n. 57), 970(E 162), 971(D 251-52), 972, 984(D 48), 988(D 65), 1004-5 (cf. C 27), 1012, 1013(G 28), 1033, 1035, 1044, 1068, 1090, 1122(D 89), 1128(E 5), 1157, 1194-95, 1199(G 17), 1201-2, 1215(G 3), 1232, 1236, 1256, 1258-59, 1264(E 180), 1267(E 181), 1280, 1282, 1291, 1297-98, 1328, 1330(G 9, C 90), 1354, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1368, 1392-93, 1395, 1406(C 5), 1419, 1428, 1448, 1450(F 142), 1486-87, 1500, 1502, 1505(C 83), 1516, 1520-21, 1523, 1525, 1549 (n. 72), 1551, 1556, 1558(E 24), 1559(G 22), 1567, 1643(F 56), 1655,

1657, 1658(C 5), 1665–66, 1672, 1681–82(G 23), 1683, 1730(G 19), 1748, 1761, 1799(D 261), 1800, 1803, 1804(E 146), 1833, 1860(G 20), 1882, 1978 (C 54), 1980(C 5), 2000, 2007, 2010, 2016, 2021–22, 2031, 2051, 2054, 2055 (n. 117), 2068, 2076, 2092, 2097, 2103(C 103), 2105, 2108, 2111, 2115(E 163), 2144, 2201 Cf. 8, 1142, 1256

Ybyr (Osiris, in apposition with name of king¹⁸⁸): 8, 12, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24, 25, 30, 35–37, [43–44], [46–48], 50, 51, 54, 55, 59–61, 64–68, 72–103, 106–7, 110, 111, 113–15, 117, [249], 575, 582–83, 586, 590, 609, 612, 618–19, 626, 634, 636, 640, 645, 648, 651, 737, 765, 775–78, 786, 825, 831, 847, 849, 939, 960, 966aN (name of king added by error), [1002], 1003, [1004], 1012, 1046, 1069, 1142 and 1256 (name of king added by error), 1258–59, 1262, 1333–35, 1337–43, 1379–80, 1382, [1383–84], 1385, [1386], 1523, 1531, 1539, 1544, 1550, 1607, 1609–10, 1615–16, 1619–20, 1622, [1623], 1683, 1685–86, 1696–1700, [1708], 1753–56, 1787–88, 1794–95, 1798, 1805–10, 1812–14, 1817, 1819, 1822, 1824, [1826], 1828, 1830–31, 1838–40, 1870, 1872, 1894, [1899], 1973, 1975, 1986, 2033

Ytm (Atum): 124, 135, 140, 145(C 59), 147, 148-49(D 180), 151-52, 154, 156, 158, 160, 167(G 11), [199], 207, 211(C 22), 212-13, 229, 241, 258(D 138), 261, 301(D 263), 304, 305(D 210), 380, 395, 425, 447, 479, 492, 518, 603-5, 701, 840, 843, 874(H 6), 879, 881(D 56), 942-43, 961(D 86), 992, 997, 1173, 1237, 1241, 1248, 1277, 1297-98, 1302(D 151), 1347, 1376, 1447, 1451, 1466, 1473, 1475(D 87), 1489(D 25), 1521, 1525, [1546], 1587, 1617, 1645-47, 1652-56, 1660, 1686(E 145), 1694-95, 1742, 1778, 1818, 1870-71, 1982, 1984, 2009, 2024, 2057, 2065, 2081-82, 2098, 2146, 2163

'ndty: 220, 614, 1833 Cf. 182

W3d·t (Buto): 702, '792', 1671, 1875 (n. 50)

Wp-w³·wt: 126, 455, 463, 769, 953(D 232), 1009, 1011, 1066, 1090, 1287, 1304, 1374, 1379, 1438, 1638, 1979(E 173), 2032(C 98) Cf. 57, 643, 1215, 1239, 1806¹⁹⁹

Wng: 607, 952(C 110)

Wnt (error for Swntw): 1094M

Wár · t: 12701

B3by: 419, 502, 515-16, 1310, 1349 (n. 84)

B3ty · t (Bast): 892, 1111, 1310

Pth (Ptah): 560 and 566(D 207), 1482

Ftk-t3: 120, 123, 545

 M^3-h^3 f: 383, 597, 599, 925, 1222, 1227(F 97), 1769

M^{3c}·t: 319, 323, 1580, 1768, 1774 Cf. 265, 1306, 1429, 1483, 1775, also duals in 317, 1315, 1785

M3fd·t: 230, 438, 440, 442, 677, 685, 1212(D 255)

Mw·t: 1231, 17341

Mnw (Min): 256, 424, 953(D 232), 1712 (cf. 1013), 1928(D 76), 1948, 1993 (C 105), 1998

Mntw: '724', 1081, 1378

 $Mbnty^{-1}yr \cdot ty^{-1} (= Hnty^{-1}yr \cdot ty^{-1}): 601, 826, 1265 (E 180), 1431, 1864$

100 For citations in thesis, see Horus-treatment passim, especially §§ E and F.

¹⁹⁹ Wolf erect on standard is found also as determinative of wpyw in 1913, of nw^3 in 13, of s^3b in 804 and 1015, and of $\delta m\delta \cdot w$ -Hr in 921 and 1245.

Mhnty-'n-yr · $ty^1 (= Hnty-'yr \cdot ty^1)$: 771

 $N(y) \cdot t$ (Neit, orig. $Nr \cdot t$): 489(G 1), 510, 606, 1314, 1375, 1521, 1547

Nyw: 207, 446 Cf. nyw, "ostrich," in 469

Nw·t: 1-5, 7, 8, 25, 171(G 11), 208, 250(C 72), 275, 299, 383, 441, 459, 519, 530, 541, 543, 580, 597, 603, 616, 623, 626, 638, 698, 741, 756, 765, 777-80, 786, 802(E 108), 823(C 56 and n. 91), 824-25, 827, 834, 838, 842, 883, 902, 933, 941, 990, 1016, 1021, 1030, 1036, 1048 (n. 77), 1049, 1082, 1090, 1101, 1145, 1149, 1169, 1173-74, 1184, 1188, 1213(C 8), 1247, 1291, 1300, 1311, 1321, 1328, 1332, 1341, 1344, 1361, 1405, 1416-17, 1422, 1426, 1428, 1430, 1454, 1471, 1479, 1516, 1521, 1546, 1596(n. 167), 1607, 1629, 1655, 1664, 1688, 1702-3, 1720, 1758, [1833], 1835, 1895, 1960, 2028, 2034, 2037(D 62), 2041, 2052, 2057, 2091, 2107, 2150, 2171, 2178, [2206]

Nunu (Nun): 132, 237, 268, 310, 314, 318-19, 392, '426-27', 551, 593, 603-4, 606, 871-72, 1034, 1040, 1057, 1078, 1166, 1174, 1304, 1446, '1460'(n. 84), 1486, 1517, 1525, 1678, 1691, 1701, 1778, 1780, 1964, 2037, 2147

Nfr-tm: 266, 483

Nny and Nnw: 310, 314, 445, ¹⁶70¹ Cf. verbs in 138, 163, 428, 541, 1595–96, 1605

 $(Nn \cdot t)$: 207, 446, 1691

Nhb-k3·w: 229, 340(n. 97), 346(C 35), 356, 361, 489(G 1), 1146, 1708 Cf. 161, 311, 315, 512, 2040

Nbb·t: 696, 1229, 1451 Cf. 4, 123

 R^3h é (= Y^3h é and Yhé): 1476

R^c (Re): 6-8, 34, 37, 120-24, 128, 130, 132, 136, 145(C 59), 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, [199], 200 and 209(cf. D 28), 226, 227, 231, 263, 266-69, 273-75, 285, 310, 313-14, 328(C 112), 336, 337(D 31, D 36), 340(n. 97), 346(C 35), 348 (C 58), 351(D 32, D 36), 356-57, 358(D 32, D 36), 362(D 45), 366-68, 370, 372(E 94), 390(E 111), 392, 442, 449(D 162, cf. E 41), 452(B 4), 460-61, 470, 472(E 112), 473(E 166), 482-83, 490, 495, 517, 519(E 95), 531, 534, 542-43, 546, 560 and 566(D 207), 585, 597, 598(D 82), 599, 602, 607, 621, 636, 673(D 249), 698(F 280), 702(C 113), 703, 706, 709-11, 713, 721, 726, 730, 732-33, 741(G 2), 743, 750, 756-57, 760, 762, 787, 792, 795(G 39), 800(C 82), 804(C 85), 812-13, 819, 855-56(D 223), 886-89, 891, 893, 906, 915, 918-19, 922-23, 926(D 32), 927(D 37), 932(D 32), 933(D 37), 948, 950, 951(C 118, cf. A 48), 952(C 110), 953(D 232), 955, 971(D 251), 974-75(D 252), 990, 999-1000(D 39), 1016(E 160), 1029, 1044-45, 1049(D 60), 1063, 1084-86 (D 34), 1087(C 127, cf. E 169 and D 266), 1091, 1103(D 33), 1107-8, 1141-42, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1178-80, 1204, 1206, 1231, 1238, 1244(E 170), 1246, 1247(E 96), 1261, 1263, 1299, 1316-18, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1359, 1372, 1405, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1430(D 67), 1437, 1440, 1442, 1449, 1461, 1464, 1465 (E 118), 1469-70, 1471(n. 61), 1479, 1481, 1492-95(E 119), 1496-98, 1500, 1503, 1508(C 84), 1517, 1518(D 12), 1531-32, 1540, 1542, 1568, 15721, [1574], 1582, 1669, 1679, 1686(E 145), 1687–88, 1692, 1694–95, 1705, 1709, 1719(C 86), 1720, 1734, 1739, 1759, 1773–74, 1785, 1802, 1808, 1835, 1862 (D 200), 1863(C 104), 1877, [1887], 1906, 1991, '2005', 2019, 2025, 2028, 2035 (cf. D 29_and D 62), 2045 (cf. D 40), 2047(C 79), 2048, 2062, 2077, 2090(F 319), 2095, 2158(G 40), 2169, 2172, 2174, [2175], 2183, 2206, 2208, 2212²⁰⁰ Cf. 137a, 1212, 1355 Cf. D 221

Rnn-wt·t: 302, 454(C 121) Cf. 1755, 1794

H³: 1013(G 28), 1712 H³·f-m-h³·f: 517

 H^3py : same occurrences as Ymsty, q.v. Cf. also 279

H³py (Apis): 286, 1313, 1998

Hyhy: 1390

Hmn: 235, 1013(G 28)

Hrw (Horus): 4-8, 10-14, 17-22, 24-29, 31-33, 35, 36, 38-40, 42, [43], 44, 45, [46-47], 48, 51, 52, 54-61, 63-74, 76-89, 91-101, 103-111, 113-18, 133, 135, 138-39, 141-46, 148, 159, 176, 179, 192, 195, 198, 206, 211, 216, 218, 222, 234, 244-45, [249], 250, 253, 257-58, 261, 295-96, 301, 304, 308, 312, 316, 330-31, 337, 342, 346, 348, 351, 353, 358, 360, 362, 372, 378, 390, 418, 436, 444, 449-50, 457, 465-67, 472-73, 480, 487, 489, 493, '502', 503, 518-20, 522, 525-28, 534-35, 551, 555, 560, 566, 573, 575, 577-87, 589-92, 594-96, 598, 600-601, 607, 609-15, 617-20, 632-37, 640-51, 653, 659, 663-64, 670, 673, 678-79, 681, 683-85, 695, 698, 702, 723, 734, 737, 740-42, 746, 758, 765-68, 770, 786, 793, 795, 798, 800-801, 804, 810, 815, 823, 830-31, 841, 844, 846, 850, 853, 855-56, 874, 877, 881, 888, 891, 895, 897-98, 900-901, 903, 905, 921, 926-28, 932-34, 943, 946-48, 951, 953, 956, 958, 961, 969-71, 973, 976-77, 981-83, 986-87, 994, 999, 1007, 1010-11, 1013, 1015-16, 1025-27, 1030, 1036, 1040, 1048-49, 1067-68, 1084-89, 1103, 1113, 1122, 1129, 1131-32, 1134, 1136, 1140, 1147-48, 1153, 1176, 1199, 1202, 1207, 1214, 1219, 1227, 1231-35, 1237, 1239-45, 1247, 1254, 1257-59, 1264, 1268, 1277, 1285, 1293-95, 1301-2, 1320, 1327, 1330-31, 1333-35, 1338-39, 1354-55, 1373, 1375, 1384, 1406-15, 1429-30, 1436, 1449-50, 1458, 1460, 1463, 1465, 1471, 1475, 1478, 1489, 1492, 1505, 1507-8, 1518, 1539, 1548, 1550, 1558-59, 1570, 1588-89, 1594, 1596, 1609, 1612, 1614, 1622, 1625, 1627, 1632-33, 1636-37, 1640, 1642-43, 1657-59, 1668, 1672, 1681-83, 1685, 16861, 16901, 1693, 1702, 1710, 1712, 1715, 1719, 1728, 1730, 1733-35, 1742, 1753-56, 1794-95, 1798-1800, 1803-8, 1813, 1823-25, [1826-28], 1831-32, 1838-40, 1843, 1857-58, 1860, 1863, 1881, 1915, 1923, 1928, 1945, 1951, 1959, [1976], 1978-80, 1988, 1993-94, 2011, 2019, 2032-33, 2036-37, 2046-47, 2050, 2056, 2062, 2071-72, 2074-76, 2078, 2087-91, 2094, 2099-2101, 2103, 2106, 2115, 2147, 2158, 2166, 2185, 2190-91, 2202, 2213²⁰¹ Cf. 917a, also \(\vec{H}t\cdot t - \vec{H}r\)

 $Hr \cdot f \cdot h^3 \cdot f$: 383, 999, 1091(C 8), 1201, 1227(F 97), 1441, '1585' Cf. 493

*Ḥ*s³·t: 1029, 2080

Hk t: 1312

 200 R^c occurs also passim in the royal names $Mryy-R^c$ (later throne-name of Pepi I), $Mr \cdot n-R^c$, and $Nf-k^2-R^c$ (throne-name of Pepi II).

²⁰Hr occurs also in the name Nfr-s2-Hr, early throne-name of Pepi I, which stood originally in 868c, etc. See Sethe, Pyramidentezte, I, xii, and Möller in Zeitschrift für ag. Sprache, XLIV, 129.

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Hkn-wt t: 288
Ht·t-Hr (Hathor): 466(C 89), 546, 705, 1278 Cf. 1025-27(D 58), 1327(D 59)
Hd \cdot t \cdot wt \cdot t: 900
H^{c}y-t^{3}w: 242, 423, 518
Hprr: 199, 305(n. 110), 888, 918, 1210, 1445, 1546, 1587, 1652, 1695, 1757,
    1874, 2079(E 14), 2083, [2206] Cf. noun "beetle" in 366, 561, 570, 697,
    1301(D 3), 1633, 2107, also dbh hpr in 1771 and 1777
Hnsw: '402' Cf. verb in 130, 456, 748, 798, 881, 1049, '1306', 1510, 1984
Hnty-Ymnty·w: 57, 133(C 61), 139(F 161), 220, 474, 592, 650, 745, 759, 811,
    818, 869, 1145, 1393, 1746, 1748, 1833, [1851], 1942, 1996, 1999, 2021, 2198
    Cf. 1666
Hnty-yr\cdot ty'(=Mbnty-yr\cdot ty') etc.): 17(D 191), 148(D 180), 771, 826, 832, 1211,
    1270(E 181), 1367, 1547, 1670, 2015, 2086
Hnty^{-1}n^{-1}y^{-1}ty^{-1} (=Hnty^{-1}y^{-1}ty^{-1}): 601(C4), 771
Hnmw (Khnum): 445, 524, 1227(F 96), 1228, 1238, 1769
Hrty: 350(n. 145), 445, 545, 1264(E 180), 1308, 1547, 1557, 1905<sup>202</sup>
Swntw: 1019, 1094, 1152, 1250
Sp3: 17(D 191), 27-28(D 267), 244, 254, 425, 444, 663, 669, 1613(D 284) Cf.
    1098, 1452, 1470, 2069
Skr (Sokar): 241, 445, 620, 990, 1013(G 28), 1256, 1289, 1356, 1429, 1712,
    [1824], 1826, 1968, 1998, 2042, 2069 Cf. B 2, B 5, C 97
S^{3}h (Orion): 151, 186, 261(E 21), 408, 723, 802(E 108), 819–21, 882–83, 925, 959,
    1436, 1561, 1717, 2116, 2172, 2180 Cf. 1763
Sbk: 456(D 155, D 275, n. 67), 489(G 1), '507', 510, 1564
Spdw: 148(D 180), '270', 480, 994, 1476, 1863(C 104) Cf. 201, 1159, 1534
Spd·t (Sothis): 151, '270', 341, 357, 363, 458(n. 49), 459, 632(B 6, C 19), 723,
    822, 929, 935, 965, 1082, 1123, 1152, 1428, 1437, 1482(n. 49), 1561, 1636
    (B 6, C 19), 1707
Srk \cdot t (Selkis): 183, '227', '234', 489(G 1), 1061, 1273, 1314, 1375PM, 1427,
    1435, 1469, 1547 Cf. Srk·t-htw in 606, 673(D 249), 1375N
Shm·t: 262(n. 83), 1547
S83w: 426
S83·t: 616
Skén: '498', 1440, 1734(C 93), '2186'
St (Set): 14(E 86), 17(D 191), 20(F 288), 26(E 88), 27–28(D 267), 36 and
    39(F 111), 48(F 115, F 276), 57(F 265), 61(F 110), 65(F 90), 73(F 117),
    84(F 246), 88(F 110), 95(F 83), 128, 135(D 75), 141(A 6), 142(D 168,
    C 21), 144(C 4, D 22), 153(E 121), 163, 173(G 11), 204(D 23), 205(D 274),
    211(C 22), 218 and 222(D 78), 261(E 49), 294, 390(E 111), 418(F 66),
    473(E 166), 480(D 79), 487(D 81), 489(G 1), 518(D 129), 535(D 198),
    575-76(E 56), 580, 581(E 50, cf. E 78), 587(E 73), 591(F 51), 592(E 70),
    594(F 30, F 278), 595-96(F 100), 598(D 82), 601(C 4), 678(E 14), 679(F 67),
    683(D 17), 685(C 77), 734(D 108), 746(E 97), 770(D 83), 777, 793(C 67),
    798(D 9), 801, 823(C 56, n. 91), 826, 832, 850(D 160), 865, 915-16, 943
    (D 84), 946(F 98), 948(D 85), 957-58(G 44), 959-60, 961 (D 86), 971(D 251),
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**202 \underline{H} rty appears later in proper names also, e.g., S^3 - \underline{H} rty and S^3 -t- \underline{H} rty on Brit. Mus. stela No. 224 and \underline{H} rty-m- s^3 -f on No. 308 (Hierogl. \underline{T} exts..., II, Plates 28 and 29, XII. and XIII. Dyn. respectively, both from "Sams Collection, 1834").

972, 974–75(D 252), 979, 994(D 80), 1016(E 160), 1033, 1035, 1067, 1145, 1148(E 104, C 69), 1150, 1219(G 45), 1233(F 107), 1236, 1242(F 204), 1256, 1258, 1259(C 67), 1264(E 180), 1269(E 181), 1285(C 66), 1309, 1334(E 4), 1407(F 259), 1453, 1459, 1463(G 46), 1465(E 118), 1467, 1475(D 87), 1487, 1493(E 119), 1500, 1521, 1556, 1594(F 291), 1595(F 85), 1612(D 284), 1628, 1632(E 55), 1655, 1667, 1699, 1710(C 68), 1715(D 9), [1735](D 75), 1742(F 226), $^{1}1756^{\circ}(F 316)$, 1839(F 218), 1904, 1906, 1928 (D 76), 1993, 1999, 2038, 2047(C 79), 2071(D 258, F 35), 2099(D 77), 2100(E 175), 2162, [2213](F 107) Cf. A 85; F 106, 109, 113–14, 116, 179–80, 183–84; n. 65

Sty t (Satis): 812, 1116

Šw.: 5, '123', 125, 168(G 11), 208, 275, 288, 294, 299, 313, 317(G 54), 324-25, '427', 447, 519, 531, 552-53, 593, 603-4, 677, '692', 784, 842, 1022, 1039, 1066, 1090, 1101, 1121, 1151, 1247-48, 1353, 1421-22, 1425, 1430, 1443, 1454, 1471, 1521, 1546, 1553, 1569, 1615, 1652, 1654-55, 1661, 1691, 1739, 1817, 1870-72, 1953, 1985, 1992, 2053, 2065, 2091(F 119-20), 2099

Šsmw: 403, 545, 1552(n. 72)

Š63: 1329, 2080 Cf. 127, 2154

Kbh- $\pm n \cdot w \cdot f$: same occurrences as $Ym \pm ty$, q.v.

Kbhw·t: 687, '792', 1180, 1285, 1348, 1564, 1749, 1995, 2103

 $G^3swt(y)$: 2080

Gbb (Geb): 1-3, 7-9, 80, 101-2, 138, 139(F 121), 144(C 4, D 22), 162, 170(G 11), 218, 231, 255, 258, 277, 301(D 263), 308, 312, 316, 317(G 54), 324, 398, 439, 466(C 89), 477, 480(D 79), 483, 541, 576-78, 583(F 426), 590 and 612(C 62), 626, 634(C 62), 639, 640(C 63), 649, 655, 657, 675, 698, 779, 783, 787, 793, 796, 840, 843, 895(C 99), 942-43, 957(G 44), 961, 967, 973(D 234, C 91), 977 (F 59), 993, 1012, 1013(G 28), 1014, 1018, 1030, 1032-33, 1039, 1045, 1115, 1120, 1142, 1149, 1163, 1175, 1195, 1204, 1210, 1219(G 45), 1235, 1259, 1264, 1277-78, 1296, 1300, 1321, 1327, 1343, 1353(D 269), 1367, 1395, 1448, 1465, 1475(D 87), 1489(D 25), 1494(E 119), 1510, 1513, 1521, 1538, 1540, 1546, 1596, 1615, 1616(n. 61), 1620(cf. C 76, G 51), 1627, 1643(F 48), 1645, 1649, 1655, 1663, 1672, 1689, 1710, 1713, 1727, 1810-11, 1814, 1830, 1833-34, [1868], 1883, 1971, 1986, 1992, 2014, 2087(F 122), 2096, 2103(C 103), 2111, 2113, 2132, [2141], 2145, 2169 Cf. E 11 and n. 54

T³y t: 56(F 264), 738, 741 Cf. 737(F 149), '816', 1642(F 150), 1794 and 2074 (F 249)

Tby: 290, 13941

Tfn: 317(G 54)

Tfn·t: 5, 169(G 11), 288, 317(G 54), 447, 552–53, 779, 842, 990, 1066, 1248, 1353, 1405, 1443, 1521, 1546, 1652, 1654–55, 1662, 1691, 1739, 1985, 2053, 2065, 2099

Dw3w: 480, 994, 1155, 114801

Dw3-wr: 1329, 1428, 2042

 Dw^3 - $mw \cdot t \cdot f$: same occurrences as $Ym \dot{s}ty$, q.v.

Dw³-ntr (Morning-star): 132, 357, 631, 732, 805, 929, 935, 1001, 1104, 1123, 1207(D 61; cf. G 32, D 282, D 255, D 181, E 3, E 91-92, E 167, E 142), 1295(D 88), 1366, 1372, 1707, 1719, 2005, 2014 Cf. \$b³-dw³w in 871

Ddy: 673(D 249, cf. E 14), '1070'

Ddwn: 803, 994, 1017, 1476, 1718

Dnn-wt·t: 321 Drt: 486, 700

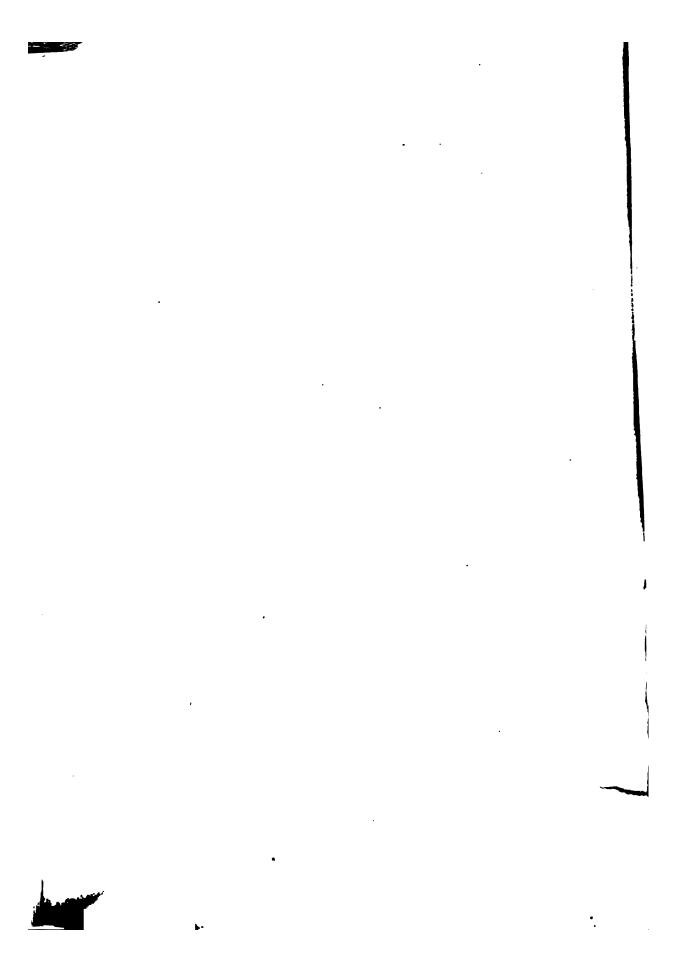
Dhwty (Thoth): 10, 16, 17(D 191), 27–28(D 267), [43](F 294), 58(F 124, 126, 128), 126, 128, 130, 157(E 121), 163, 175(G 11), 329(C 112), 387, 420, 468, 519(E 95), 535(D 198), 575(E 56), 594(F 278), 595–96(F 100), 635, 639, 651(E 57), 709, 796, 830(F 125), 956(E 28), 962, 976(F 258), 1089(D 285), 1153(G 6), 1176(D 175), 1233, 1235, 1237, 1247(E 96), 1254, 1265(E 180), 1271(E 181), 1305, 1336(E 59), 1377, 1429(E 117, D 119), 1465, 1507(D 287), 1523, 1570(D 152, cf. E 144), 1613(D 284), 1658(G 57), 1713, 1725, 1979 (E 60), 1999, 2118, 2150, 2213(F 127)

타 : 118

905P(E 90)

: 2080

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